

SETNC 2013



The Direction and Future Challenges of Engineering Technology in Malaysia

by
BADHRULHISHAM BIN ABDUL AZIZ

Presentation Outlines



- Background
- National Agenda
- MBOT & Engineering Technology
- Initiatives at MTUN
- Initiatives at UMP
- Challenges
- Wayforward



Learning Objectives



At the end of presentation, participants will be able to:

- Understand the Engineering Technology issues in Malaysia.
- Value the benefits of Engineering Technology to the country.
- Appreciate initiatives in Engineering Technology.
- Experience the challenges faced during the whole process.
- Visualize the Future Direction.



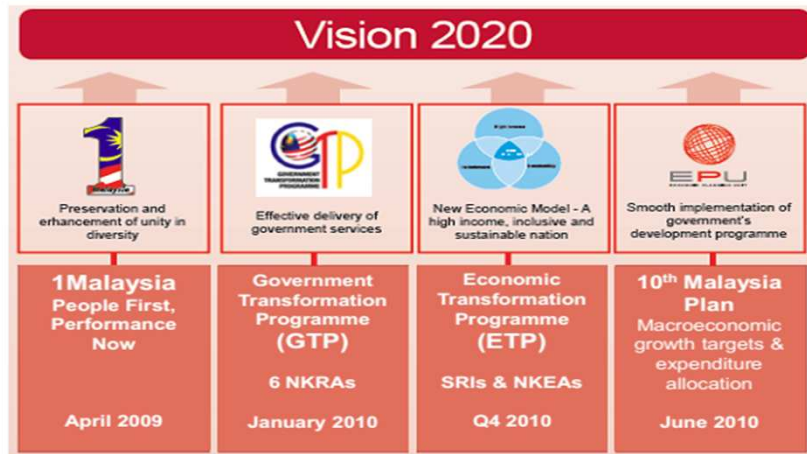
MALAYSIAN SCENARIO ...



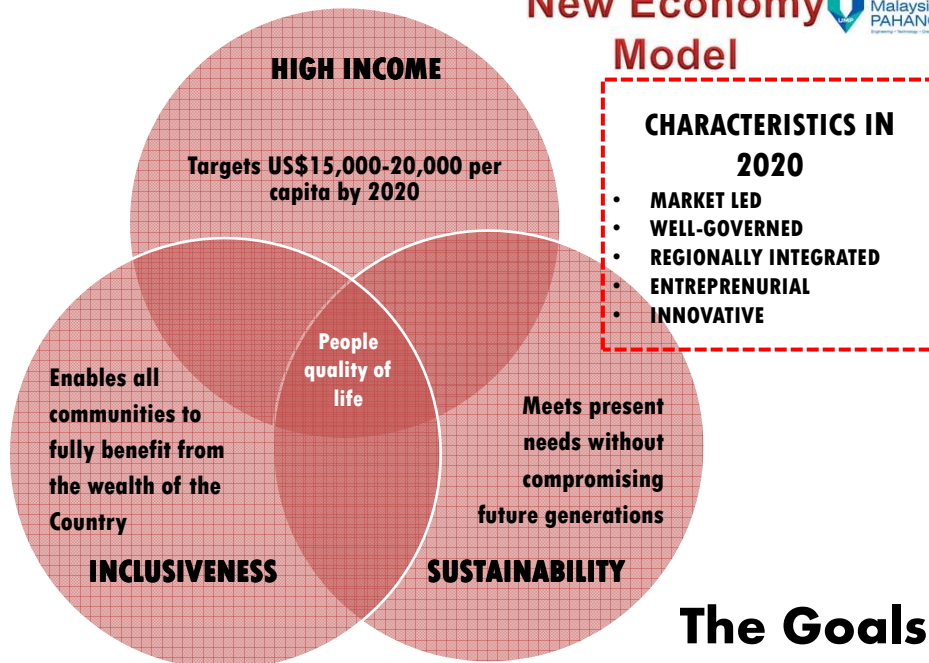
VISION 2020
NEW ECONOMIC MODEL

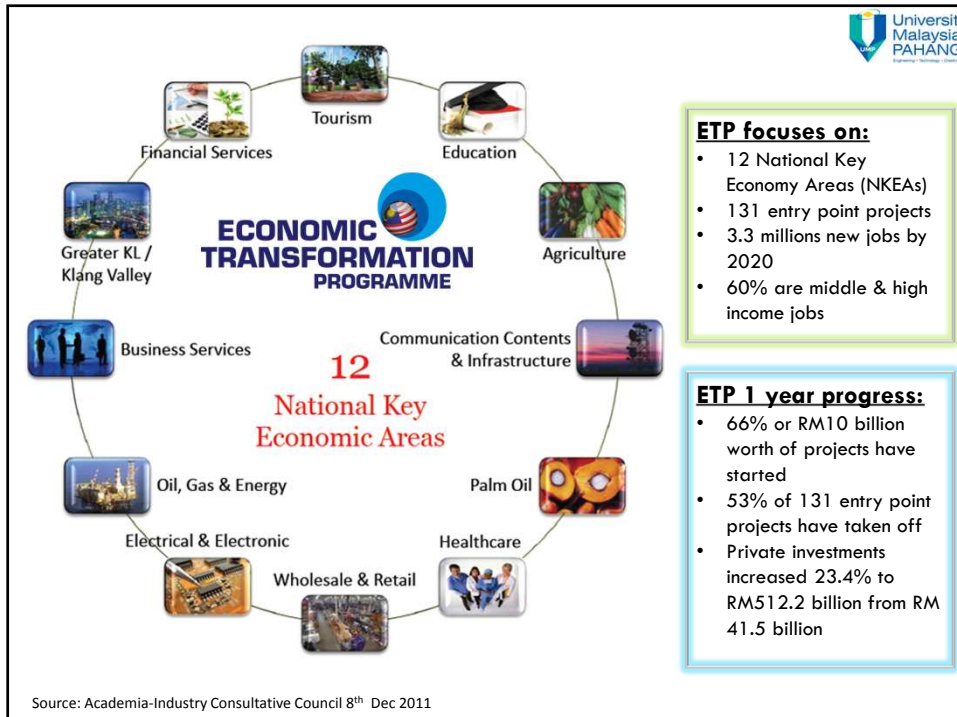
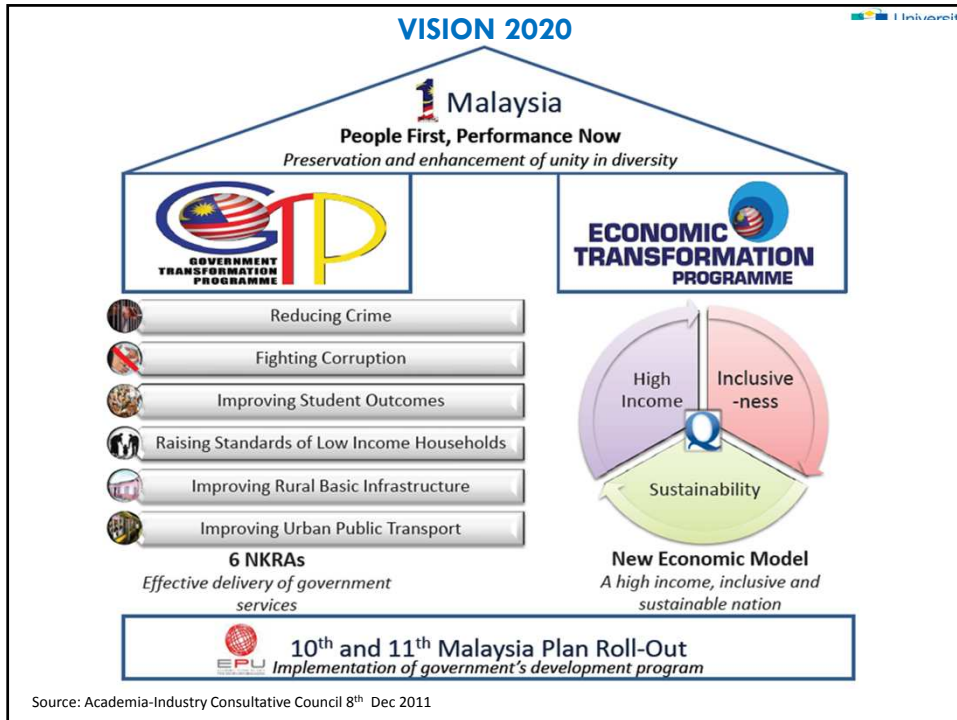
ROAD TO 2020

Malaysia's has introduced 4 pillars to achieve Vision 2020



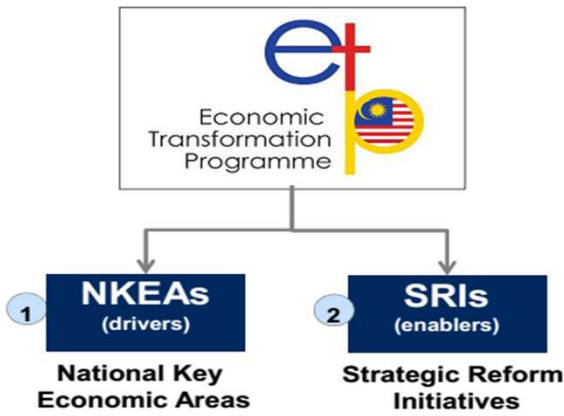

New Economy Model





Universiti Malaysia PAHANG

We cannot continue at the current pace unless we transform...




1 NKEAs (drivers)
National Key Economic Areas

2 SRIs (enablers)
Strategic Reform Initiatives

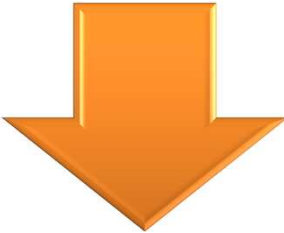
PEMANDU 6

Universiti Malaysia PAHANG


INDUSTRY SCENARIO IN MALAYSIA 1970 - 2000



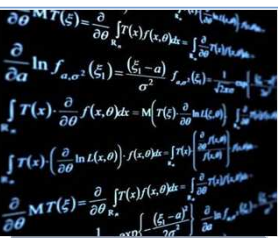

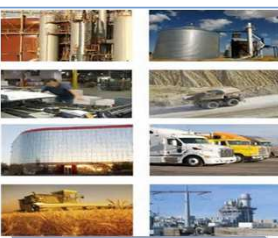
FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT – set up manufacturing plants.




RESEARCH AND DESIGN COMPANIES – very few.




MALAYSIAN ENGINEERING EDUCATION SCENARIO

1970 and 80s	1990s	2000 onward
		
THEORY-ORIENTED; DESIGN AND RESEARCH-based	TRANSITION	PRACTICE-ORIENTED
	Paper to Cabinet on setting up technical University colleges	Technical universities established



TEVT is critical in the 10th Malaysia Plan

Target	Policy guidelines from the 10th Malaysian Plan
40% ² skilled workforce ¹ by 2020	Improving the Perception of TVET and Attracting More Trainees <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ ...a national media campaign will be developed and rolled-out... ▪ 69 out of 88 technical schools will be converted into vocational schools ... six new vocational schools will be established by 2015 ...
1,031,000 more managers & professionals	Upgrading and Harmonising TVET Curriculum Quality in Line with Industry Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ ...standardize TVET curriculum... ▪ Recognizing and equating various levels of Malaysian Skills Certificate with certifications issued by TVET providers ▪ ...a Board of Technologists Malaysia will be established ▪ Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology will be established as an independent institute
1,434,000 more skilled workers	Developing Highly Effective Instructors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Highly experienced industry personnel...to become instructors ... ▪ part-time working arrangements will be expanded ▪ ...Centre for Instructor and Advanced Skills Training (CIAST) will be expanded.. ▪ A new centre for instructor skills training will be developed to add a further training capacity of 800 instructors each year
483,000 more semi-skilled workers	Streamlining Delivery of TVET <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The current funding approach of TVET will be reviewed...provide financial assistance to students to study at Malaysian Skills Certificate Level 3 ▪ The performance rating of TVET institutions will be utilized when making decisions for buying places...in private TVET institutions ▪ A total of RM 150 million will be set aside to train 20,000 school dropouts during the Plan period



¹ Skilled workforce defined as those with at least SKM 3 certificate, diploma, or degree certification semi-skilled defined as those with at least SKM 1 or 2 certification, while unskilled workers have only SPM certification. A 40% target is projected by Ministry of Human Resource, and a 50% target committed to in the 10th Malaysian Plan ² Target based on MOHR estimates, different from 10th Malaysia Plan published targets of 50%

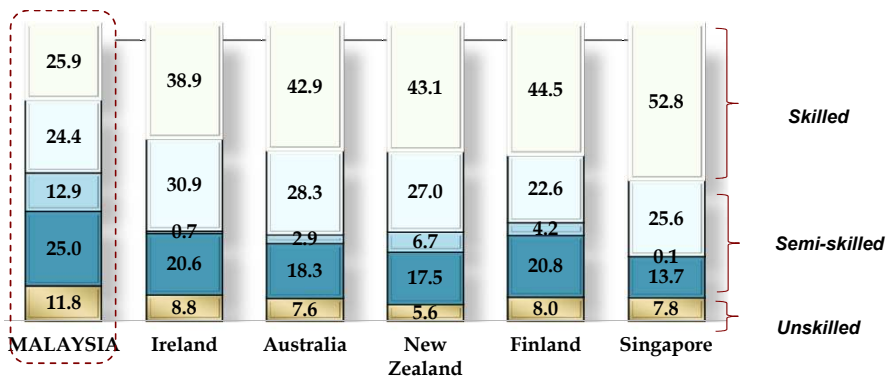
SOURCE: 10th Malaysia Plan

On the supply side, there is also a significant pool of students for expansion of TVET

Segment	Size Today Thousands	Segment description	Projected capture rate in 2020
Basic education dropouts	30 ¹	Basic education dropouts, i.e. students leaving school prior to taking SPM	50%
SPM leavers directly entering workforce	100	Unskilled workers entering workforce without further qualifications, out of which 40k have no SPM credits	30%
Foreign students	0.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Foreign students coming to Malaysia for Skills Training Malaysian Skills training curriculum exported abroad 	16,000
Lifelong learning for unskilled and semi-skilled workforce	8,400	Upskilling of those already in workforce	20%
Higher level SKIM 3 and 4	40	SKM 1 and 2 holders who do not currently go on to pursue SKM 3 and 4	50%

¹ Number of students leaving the national education system could be higher, up to 80k
SOURCE: MOHR

MALAYSIA vs. DEVELOPED COUNTRIES IN TERM OF SKILL WORKERS



Ref: Presentation Malaysian Society of Engineering Technologist (MSET) by Prof. Dr. Mazilham Mohd Su'ud, UniKL.



FACTS AND FIGURES

40,000 skilled workers needed by 2015 in oil and gas [KSM 2013];

RM 3.7 billion budget 2013 technical and vocational [KPM];

Australia ~ AUD 2 billion annually to provide skilled workers;

FACTS AND FIGURES

40% or 1.3 millions skilled worker needed by 2020 for Malaysia to be high income nation.

In Malaysia, 10% joined vocational and technical after high school whereas in German, Finland and Austria 50 – 80%.

By 2020, 1.3 million workers TVET; ~ 700,000 diploma holders from polytechnic and other institutions

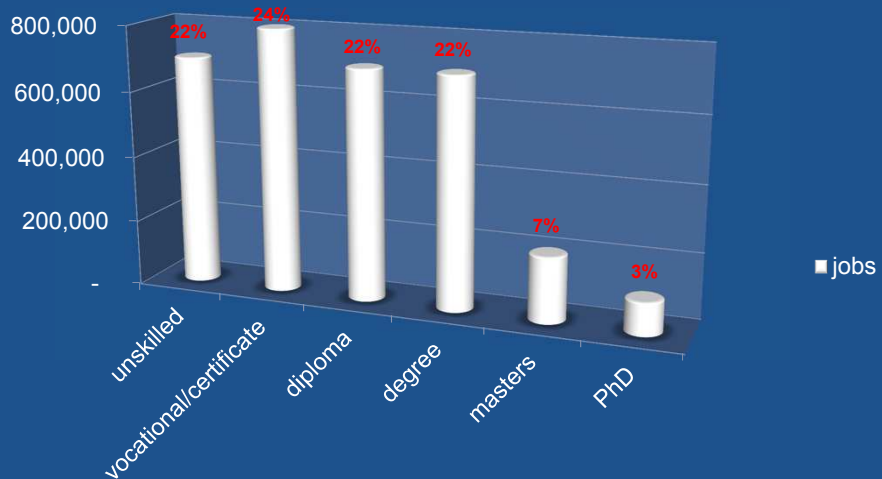
FACTS AND FIGURES

**33% skilled workers in industrial sector by 2015
[KSU KKR]**

Development of 12 industry sectors in NKEA

**SCORE (Sarawak) : by 2030 requires 435,000
manpower; 52.2% skilled and semi-skilled; 70,000
engineering-related**

3.3 millions NEW JOBS



New Issue in Engineering Technology

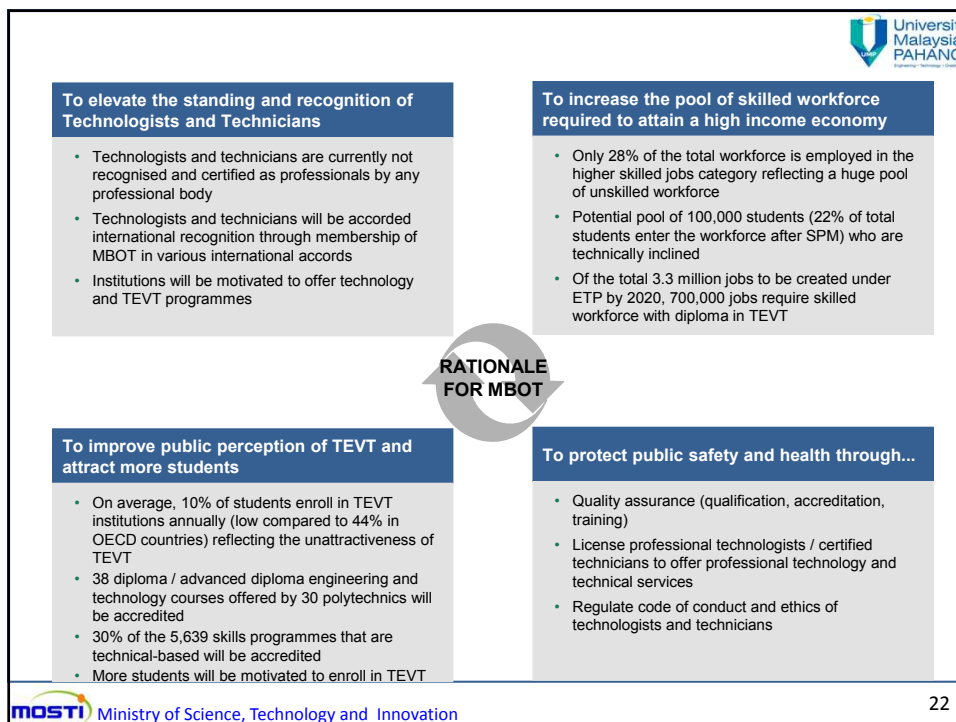
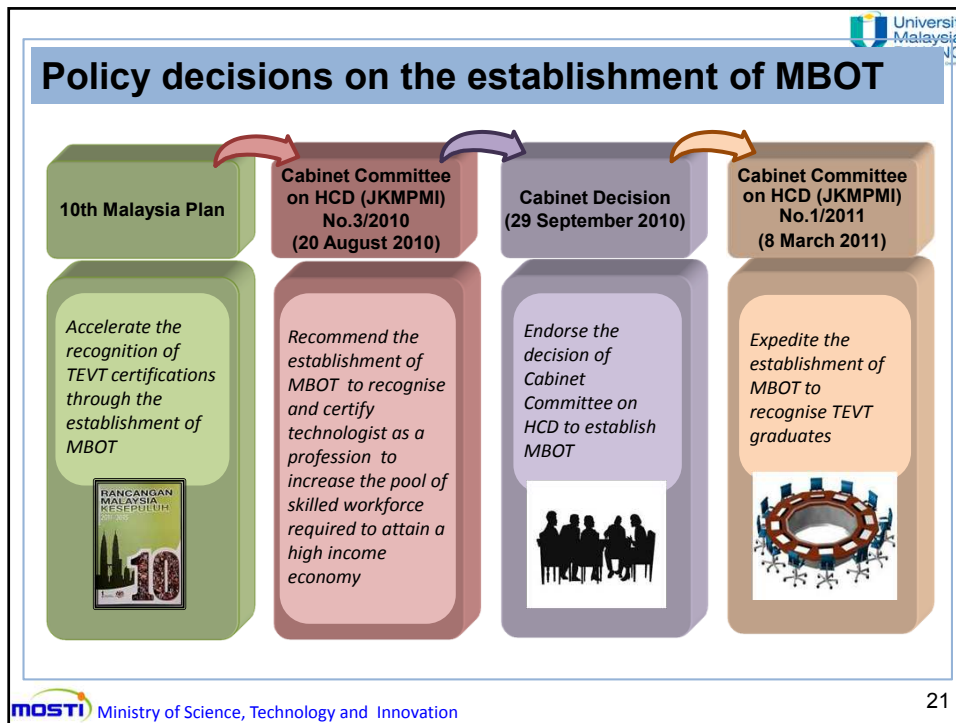


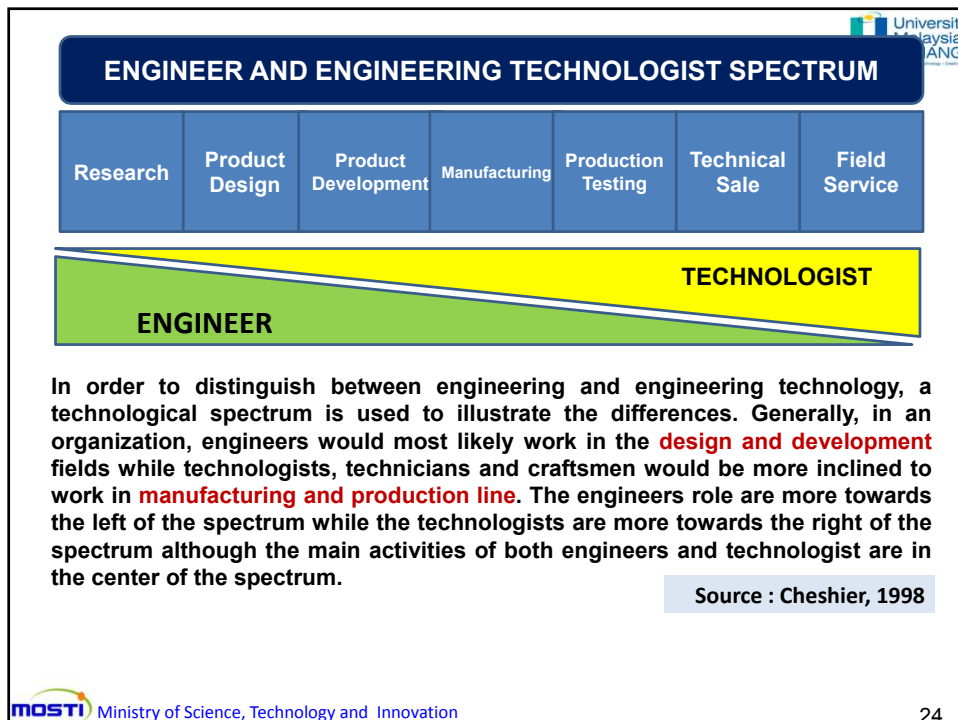
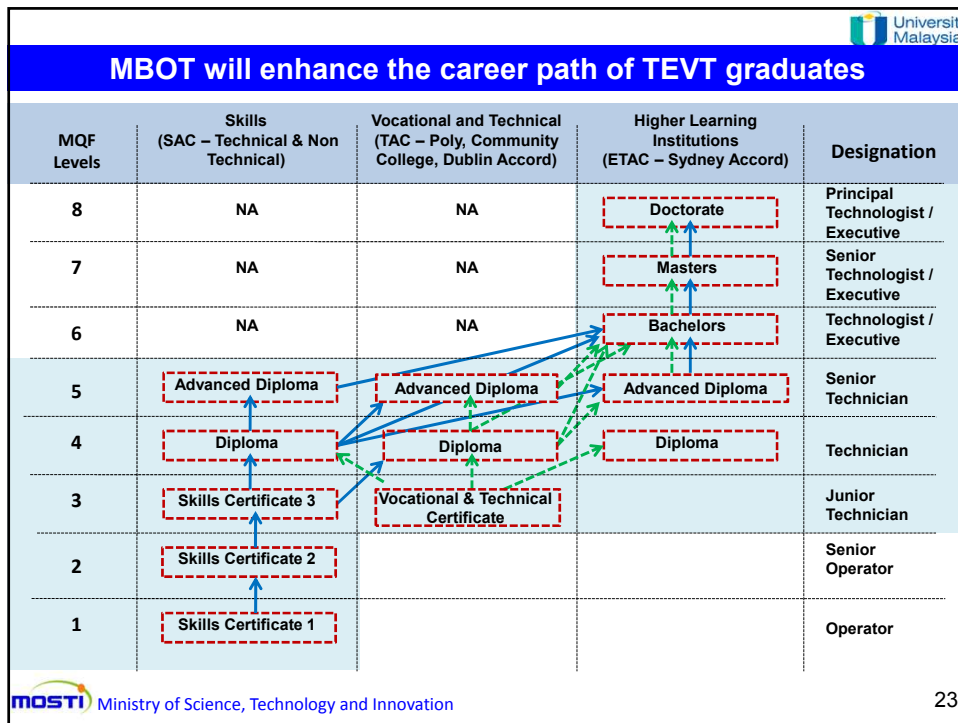
- About 80% of working field in engineering needs engineering technologist
- Out of 100,000 engineers, 80,000 doing engineering technologist work
- Government aims to produce 60,000 Technologists by 2020
- MTUN is responsible to produce Technologists

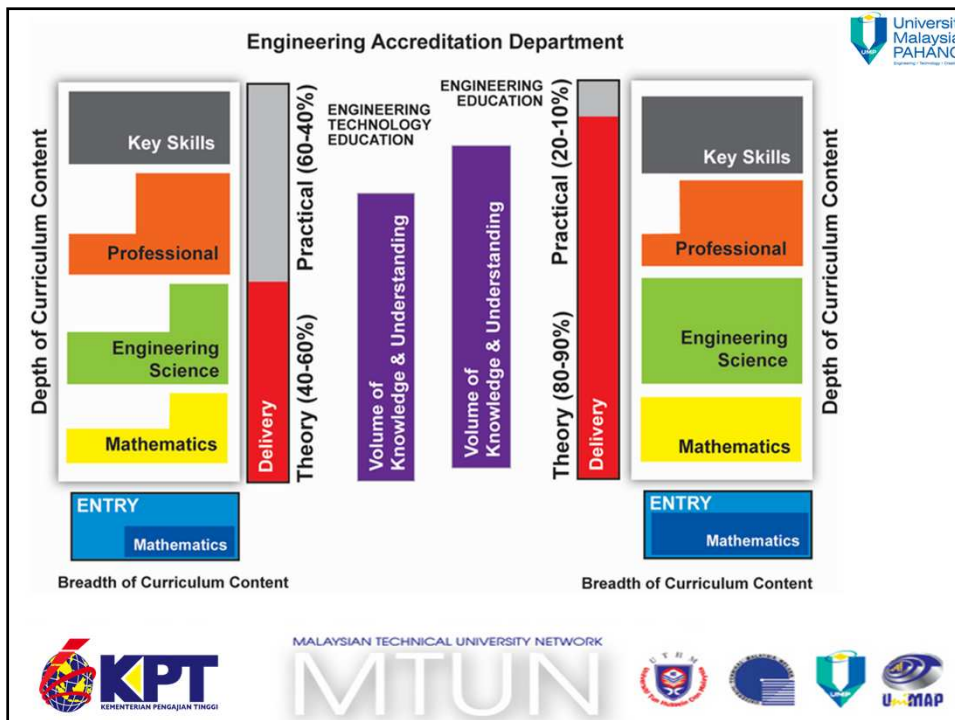
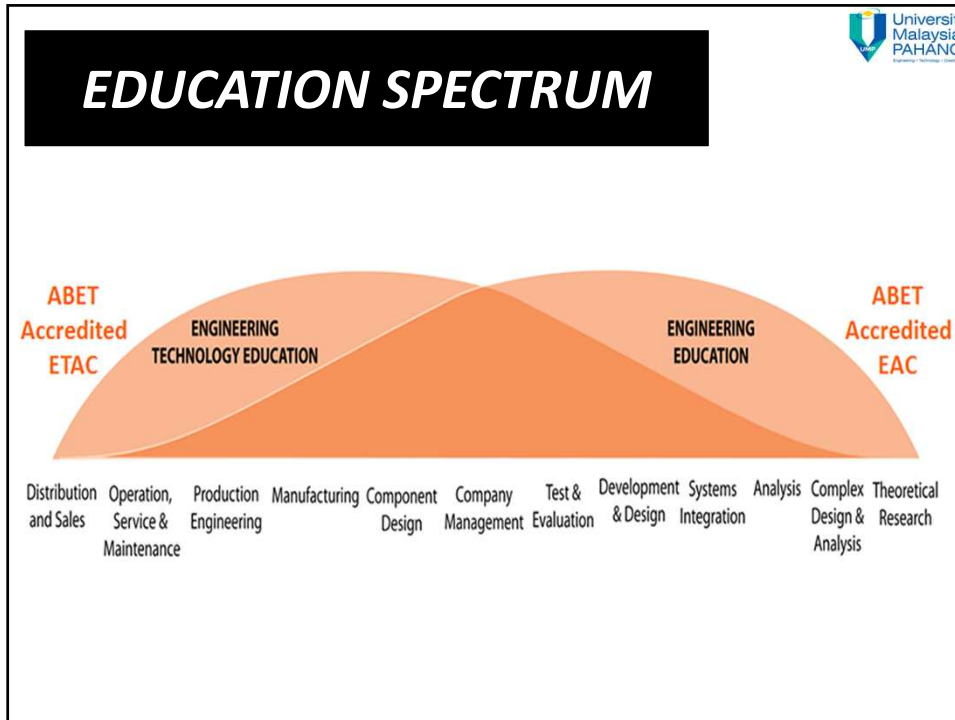


The Establishment of Malaysia Board of Technologists (MBOT)





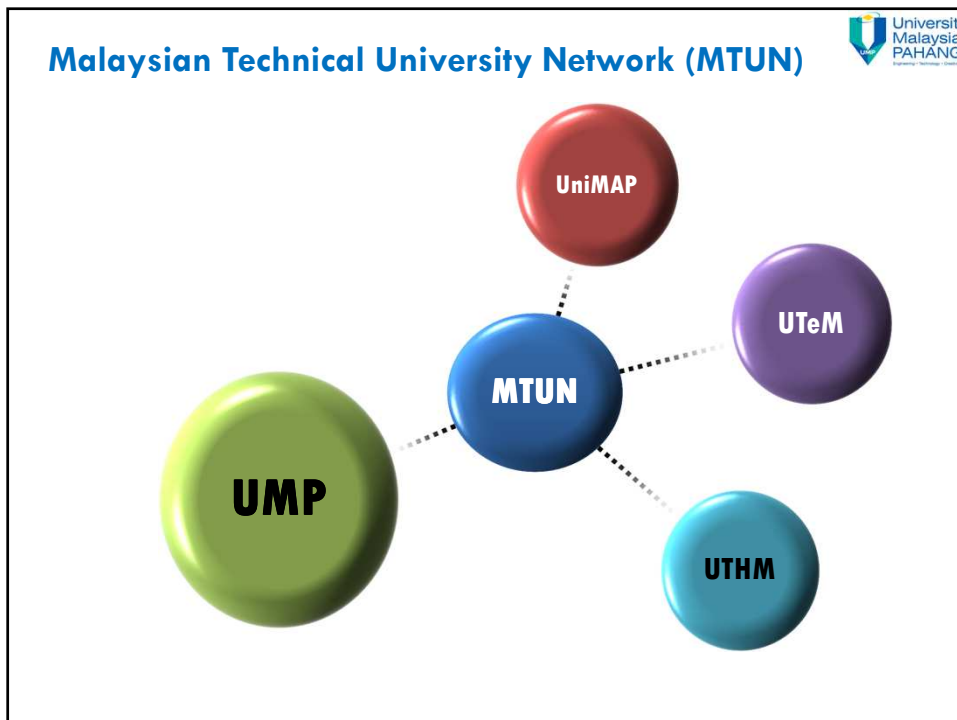


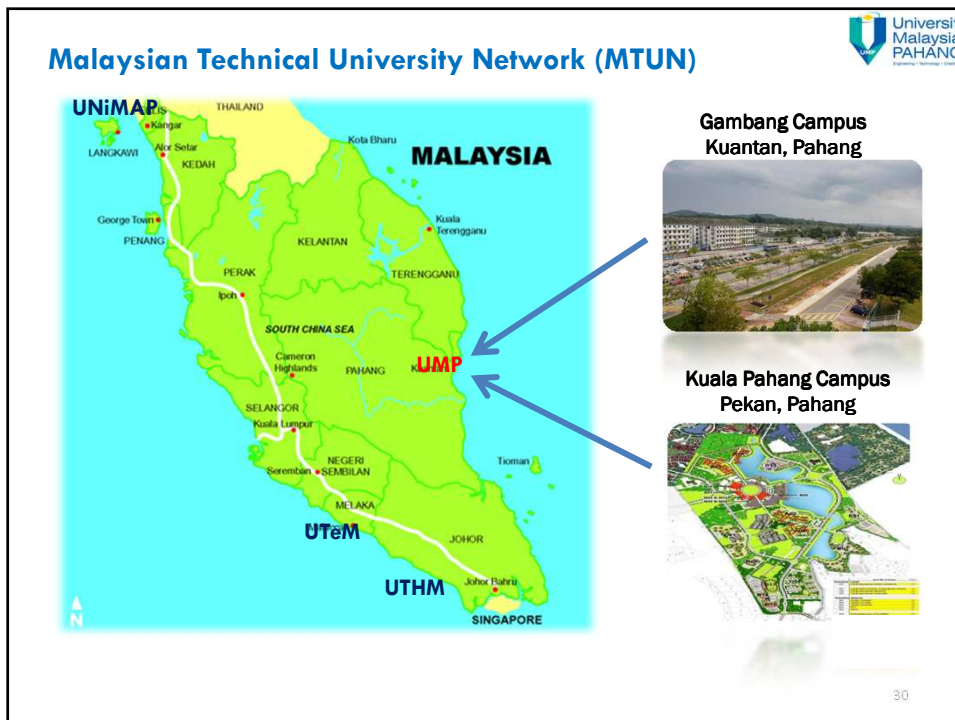
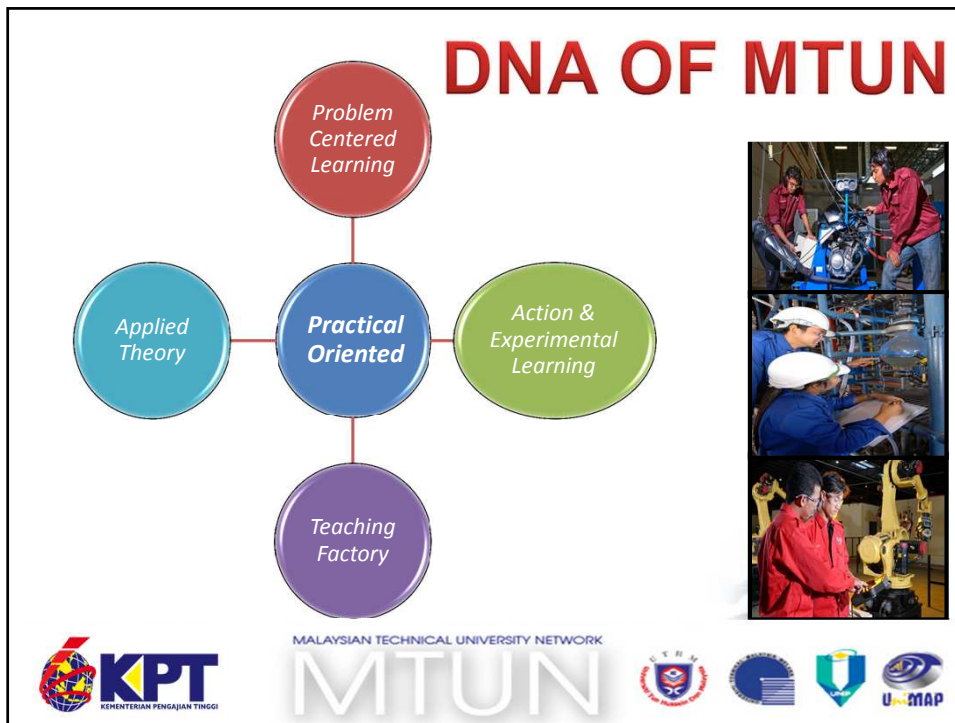


Universiti Malaysia PAHANG

CASE STUDY MTUN AND UMP

The collage features four distinct images. The top right image shows a group of five students in green uniforms walking along a paved path on a university campus. A directional signpost is visible in the background, listing various university departments. The bottom left image depicts a group of students in red uniforms gathered around a mechanical engine, possibly in a laboratory or workshop setting. The bottom right image shows a large, modern university building with a prominent glass facade and a blue sky in the background. The top left corner of the collage contains the logo of Universiti Malaysia PAHANG.





Implementation for Engineering Technology Program at MTUN



ESTIMATED BUDGET FOR ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM IN MTUN

2013-2015

YEAR	TOTAL [RM MILLIONS]
2013	272
2014	285
2015	365
TOTAL	922

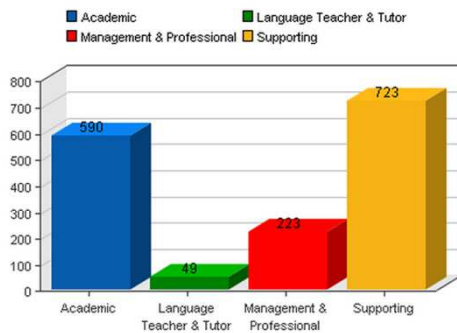
**45 PROGRAMS
&
~ 7000 STUDENTS**

IMPLEMENTATION OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY AT UMP



1998 STARTED AS UTM PAHANG BRANCH
 2002 ESTABLISHED AS KUKTEM
 2007 REBRANDED TO UMP

TOTAL STAFF



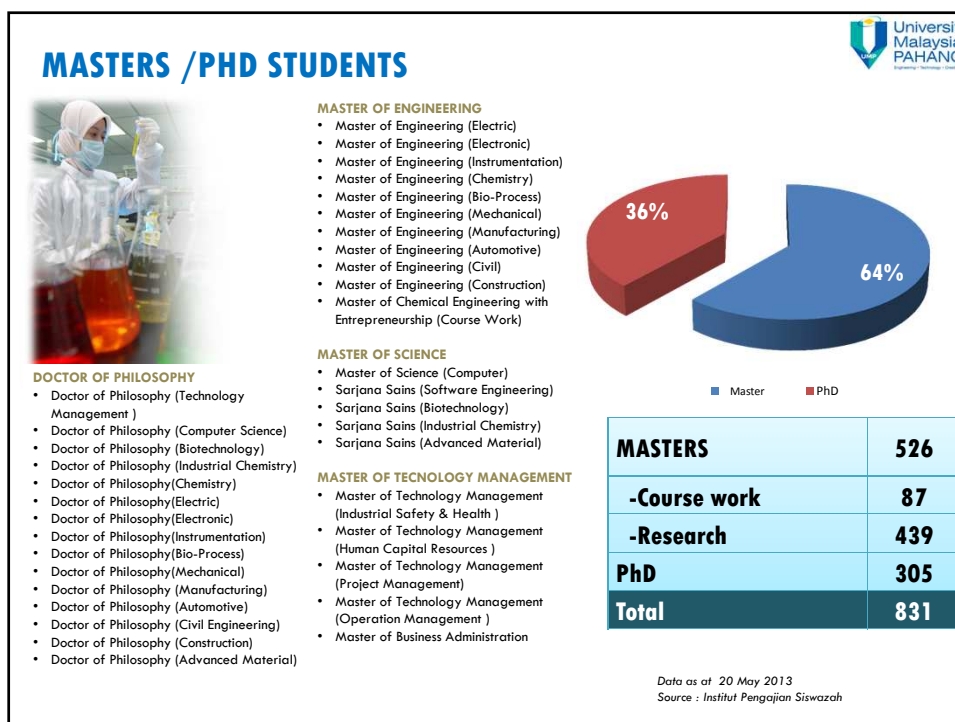
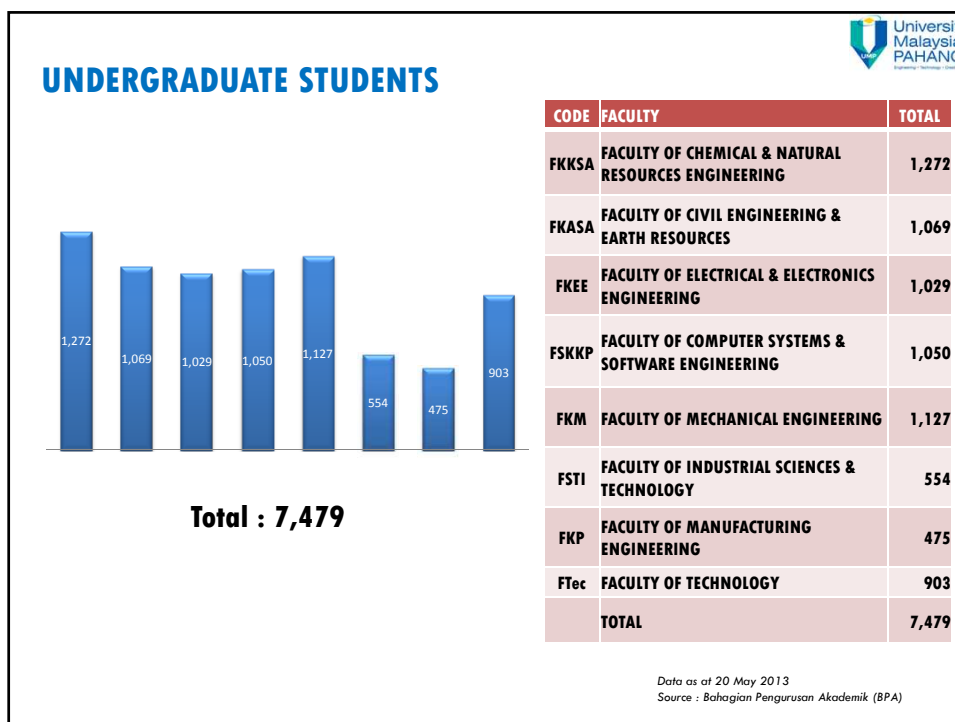
Total: 1,585

GROUP	TOTAL
ACADEMIC	590
LANGUAGE TEACHER & TUTOR	49
MANAGEMENT & PROFESSIONAL	223
SUPPORTING	723
TOTAL	1,585

ACADEMIC STAFF WITH PhD (not include Language Teacher & Tutor)

YEAR	ACADEMIC STAFF WITH PhD	TOTAL ACADEMIC STAFF	%
2006	19	250	8%
2007	26	306	9%
2008	38	350	11%
2009	70	434	16%
2010	104	495	21%
2011	148	530	28%
2012	199	573	34%
2013	210	590	36%

Data as at 20 May 2013
 Source: Jabatan Pendaftaran





VISION

To be a world-class Technological University.

MISSION

We provide high quality education, research and services in engineering and technology in a culture of creativity and innovation.

OBJECTIVE

1. **To produce outstanding graduates by providing competitive engineering and technological programmes.**
2. **To spearhead cutting edge industry-relevant research initiatives.**
3. **To be a leading service provider to industries and community based on our niche and areas of expertise.**
4. **To be recognized as an institution for excellent management and work culture.**






ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMS



2012

- MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY
- ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY
- MECHANICAL [energy & environment] ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY



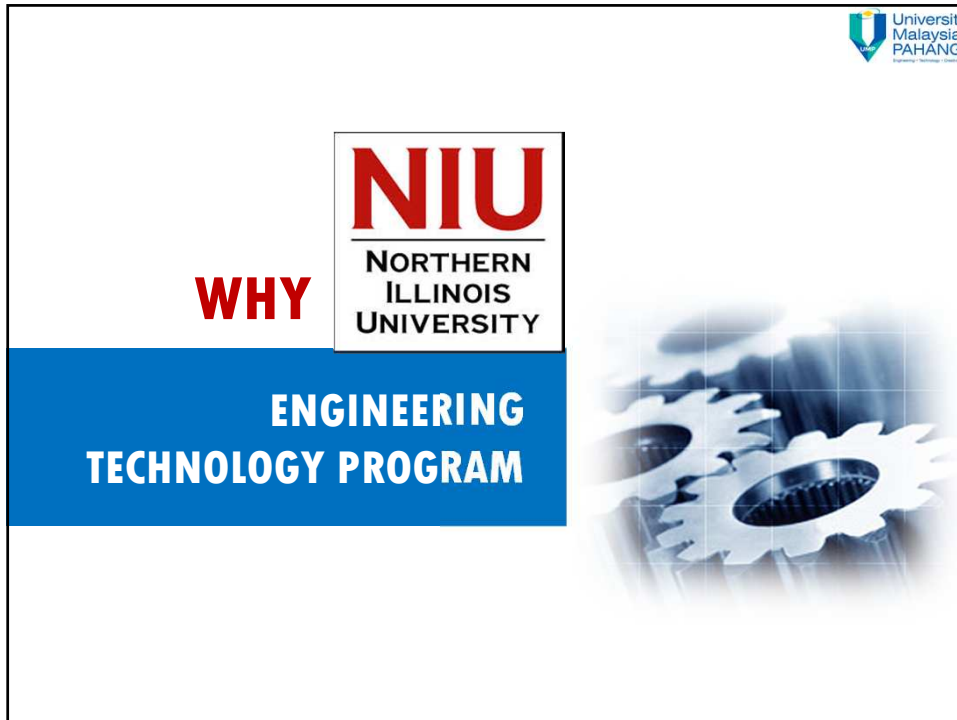
2013

- PHARMACEUTICAL ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY



2013

- INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY




Universiti Malaysia PAHANG

WHY

NIU
NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY

ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM



Universiti Malaysia PAHANG

Academic Quality

- National Recognition of academic excellence
- World-renowned faculty who teach undergraduates
- Undergraduate research opportunities
- Exceptional resources of a major comprehensive university, including top-level facilities
- Student / Faculty ratio (17 students to 1 Professor)

Abundant Academic Option

- 6 Business program, including Accounting
- 4 Engineering Programs
- 8 Health Science Programs, including Nursing
- More than 70 Graduates Programs

CFE THE CARNEGIE FOUNDATION for the ADVANCEMENT of TEACHING




COLLEGES

- College of Business
- College of Education
- **College of Engineering and Engineering Technology**
- College of Health and Human Sciences
- College of Law
- College of Liberal Arts and Sciences
- College of Visual and Performing Arts

Ref: <http://www.niu.edu/academics/departments.shtml>

RECOGNITIONS



Nationally recognized for community services



Ranked in top 100 universities




Academic Prestige



NIU

NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY

College of Engineering and Engineering Technology



- The undergraduate programs in electrical engineering, industrial and systems engineering, and mechanical engineering are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET).
- In the technology program, the emphases in **electrical engineering technology and manufacturing engineering technology** are accredited by the Technology Accreditation Commission of ABET, and the emphasis in industrial technology is accredited by the National Association of Industrial Technology




Opportunities

International ization	Recognition	Mobility	Fellowship
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Branding • Competitive 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Washington Accord • World Recognition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student Exchange • Staff Attachment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fellowship Program



Companies that employ NIU's Eng Tech graduates



High performance. Delivered.

















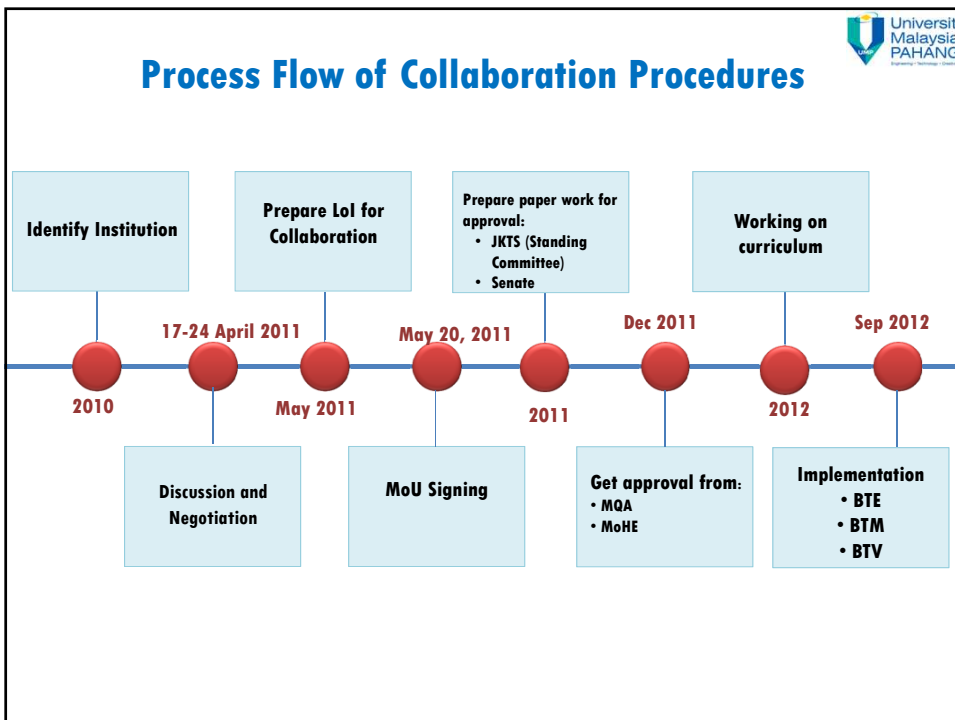












DISCUSSION AND NEGOTIATION



Northern Illinois University

+



Universiti Malaysia PAHANG
Engineering • Technology • Creativity



MoU Signing

Materializing Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with Northern Illinois University (NIU) on May 20, 2011

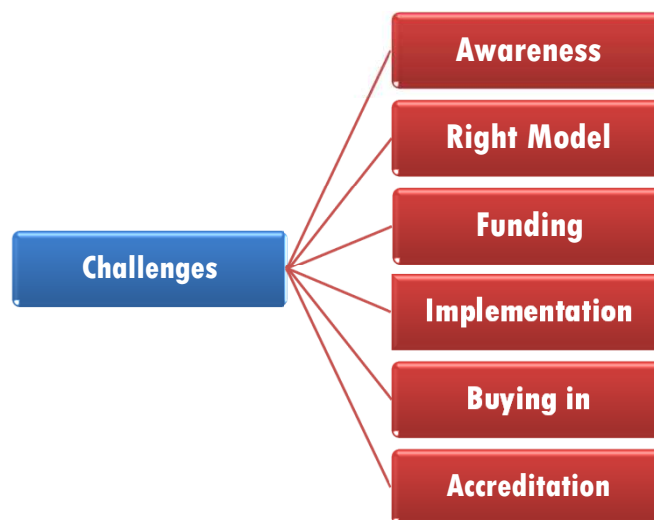


Implementation

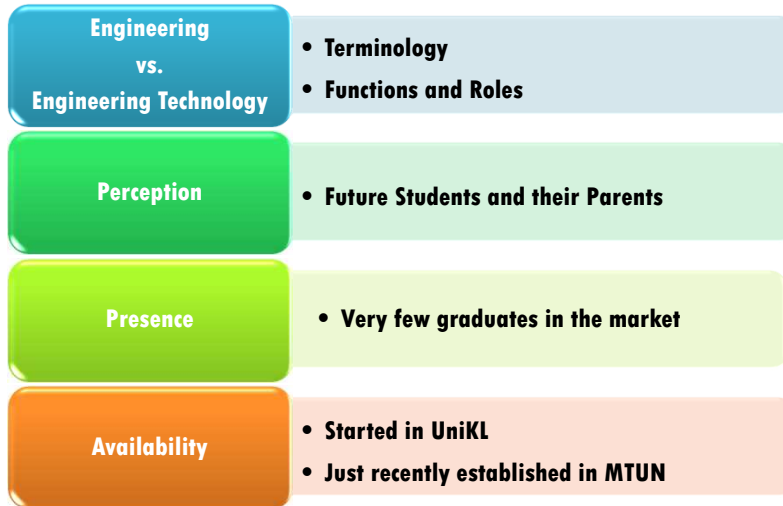
- **Bachelor of Engineering Technology (Electrical) with Honors.**
- **Bachelor of Engineering Technology (Manufacturing) with Honors.**
- **Bachelor of Engineering Technology (Energy & Environmental) with Honors.**









Engineering Technology Initiatives



1 Awareness



2 The Right Model

COUNTRY	BOARD	SCOPE	ACCORD
 Malaysia	Board of Engineers Malaysia (BEM)	Engineering Programme	Washington
 UK	Engineering Council (EC)	Engineering, Technology, Construction & Build Environment	Washington Sydney Dublin
 Canada	Canadian Council of Technicians & Technologists (CCTT)	Bioscience, Building, Chemical, Civil, Electrical, Electronic, Forestry, Geomatics, Instrumentation, Industrial, Information Technology, Mechanical, Petroleum & Geosciences	Sydney Dublin
	Engineers Canada	All Engineering fields	Washington
 USA	Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET)	Education in Applied Science, Computing, Engineering and Technology	Washington Sydney
 Australia	Institution of Engineers Australia (IEA)	All Engineering fields	Sydney Washington
 Ireland	Engineers Ireland	All Engineering fields and ICT	Washington Sydney Dublin

3 Funding



Univ has to bear the cost for

- Curriculum development
- Administrative works

Government Fund

- Limited funding
- Delay or uncertain

4 Implementation



Programs

- Searching for suitable programs
- Dealing with host institutions

Delivery

- Curriculum
- Teaching materials

Manpower

- Lecturers and Technicians
- Industrial Experience

Students

- Promotion, Application and Selection

5 Buying In



STAKEHOLDERS

SHAREHOLDERS

society

industry

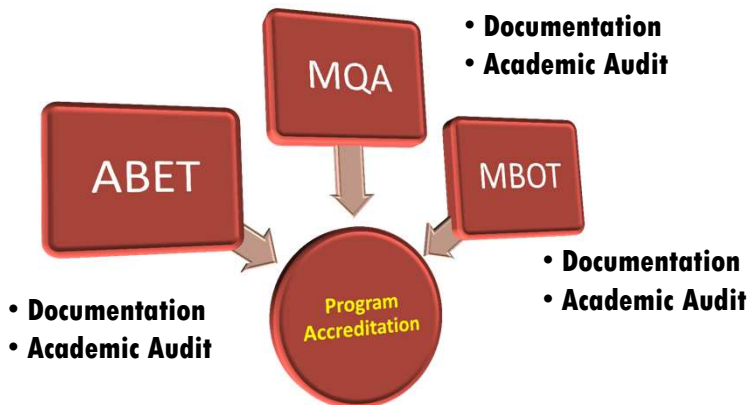
government



students

ministry

6 Accreditation



WAYFORWARD

MALAYSIA 2020

ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

**RECOGNITION
&
ACCEPTANCE**

**BENCH
MARKING**

FOCUS

QUALITY

