

## UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA PAHANG

### DECLARATION OF THESIS AND COPYRIGHT

Author's full name : AQEEL SAKHY JABER  
Date of birth : 20-04-1977  
Title : HYBRID INTELLIGENT METHODS FOR  
PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION AND LOAD  
FREQUENCY CONTROL IN POWER SYSTEM  
Academic Session : Sep 2011- Nov 2014

I declare that this thesis is classified as:

- CONFIDENTIAL** (Contains confidential information under the official secret Act 1972)  
 **RESTRICTED** (Contains restricted information as specified by the organization where research was done)  
 **OPEN ACCESS** I agree that my thesis to be published as online open access (Full text)

I acknowledge that Universiti Malaysia Pahang reserves the right as follows:

1. The Thesis is the Property of Universiti Malaysia Pahang
2. The Library of Universiti Malaysia Pahang has the right to make copies for the purpose of research only.
3. The library has the right to make copies of the thesis for academic exchange.

Certified By:

Student's Signature

G2009346

New IC / Passport Number

Date:

Signature of Supervisor

Dr. ABU ZAHARIN BIN AHMAD

Name of Supervisor

Date:

HYBRID INTELLIGENT METHODS FOR PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION AND  
LOAD FREQUENCY CONTROL IN POWER SYSTEM

AQEEL SAKHY JABER

Thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements  
for the award of the degree of  
Doctor of Philosophy in Electrical Engineering

Faculty of Electrical and Electronic Engineering  
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA PAHANG

NOVEMBER 2014

### **Supervisor's Declaration**

I hereby declare that I have read this thesis and in my opinion this thesis is sufficient in terms of scope and quality for the award of Doctor of Philosophy of Engineering (Electrical).

Signature:

Name of Supervisor: Dr. Abu Zaharin Bin Ahmad.

Position: Senior Lecturer

Date :

Signature:

Name of Co-supervisor: Dr. Ahmed N. Abdulla.

Position: Associate Professor

Date :

### **Student's Declaration**

All the trademarks and copy rights used herein are property of their respective owners. References of information from the sources are quoted accordingly; otherwise the information presented in this report is solely work of the author.

Signature:

Name: Aqeel Sakhy Jaber

ID No: PEE11004

Date: 2014

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<b>Page</b>
<b>SUPERVISOR’S DECLARATION</b>	ii
<b>STUDENT’S DECLARATION</b>	iii
<b>DEDICATION</b>	iv
<b>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS</b>	v
<b>ABSTRACT</b>	vi
<b>ABSTRAK</b>	vii
<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS</b>	xv
<b>LIST OF TABLES</b>	xiii
<b>LIST OF FIGURES</b>	xv
<b>LIST OF NOMENCLATURES</b>	xix
<b>LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS</b>	xxi
<b>CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION</b>	
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Problem Statement	3
1.3 Thesis Objectives	5
1.4 Thesis Scope	5
1.5 Contribution	6
1.6 Thesis Organization	6
<b>CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW</b>	
2.1 Introduction	8
2.2 Load Frequency Control	8
2.2.1 Instability Concept in Power System	8
2.2.2 General Types of power system Instability	10
2.2.3 Controls at Different Operating States	11
2.2.4 Fundamental Frequency Control Loops	12
2.2.5 Levels of frequency control	13

2.2.6	Power system LFC models	15
2.2.7	Control Technique	16
2.2.8	LFC Scheme with DC Links	25
2.3	Parameter Estimation	26
2.3.1	Definition of Parameter Estimation	26
2.3.2	Practical Parameter Identification	28
2.3.3	Estimation Methods	29
2.3.4	Power System Identification	32
2.3.5	Previous Studies on Parameter Estimation	33
2.3.5.1	Conventional Parameter estimation for the linear-in-the-parameters models	34
2.3.5.2	Parameter estimation for the nonlinear- in-the-parameters models	36
2.3.5	Methods to Validate Models	37
2.4	Particles Swarm Optimization	37
2.4.1	Particle Swarm Optimization Algorithm Features	38
2.4.2	PSO Mathematical Model	39
2.4.3	The particle swarm Applications	41
2.4.4	The pseudo code for the normal Particle Swarm Optimization in its standard	42
2.4.5	Enhancement of PSO	42
2.5	Fuzzy Logic Controllers	46
2.5.1	Fuzzy PD/ PID/PI controller	47
2.5.2	Fuzzy control techniques	48
2.6	Summary	51

### **CHAPTER 3 MODEL PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION USING PSO SEGMENTATION (SePSO) METHOD**

3.1	Introduction	52
3.2	Model of Interconnected Power System Areas	52
3.2.1	Governor Turbine Model	53

3.2.2	Tie Line Model	54
3.2.3	Control Area Modeling	55
3.3	Proposed SePSO Method	57
3.4	Summary	60

## **CHAPTER 4 LOAD FREQUENCY CONTROLLERS**

4.1	Introduction	62
4.2	Scaled Fuzzy Controller	62
4.3	PSO Scaled Fuzzy Controller	64
4.4	Hybrid of Conventional with Scaled Fuzzy Controllers	67
4.4.1	Hybrid of Fuzzy PI with PD Controllers	67
4.4.2	Hybrid of Fuzzy PD With PI Controllers	68
4.5	Mirror Fuzzy Controller	69
4.6	Summary	76

## **CHAPTER 5 RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS**

5.1	Introduction	78
5.2	Identification Method	78
5.2.1	System Description of Single Area Power System	78
5.2.2	Single Area Identification Result	80
5.2.3	Validation of SePSO in Single Area	84
5.2.3.1	Disturbance Changing	84
5.2.3.2	PID Changing	85
5.2.4	System Description of Four Area System Power	86

5.2.5	Four Areas Identification Result	88
5.2.6	Validation of SePSO in Four Area	89
5.3	Results of Load Frequency Control	91
5.3.1	Two Areas Load Frequency Control System Description	91
5.3.2	Results of Scaled Fuzzy Controller	91
5.3.2.1	Parameter Gain of Two Areas LFC	92
5.3.2.2	Results of Two Area Scaled Fuzzy-PI Controller	92
5.3.2.3	Parameter Gain of Four Areas LFC	98
5.3.2.4	Results of Four Areas Scaled Fuzzy-PI Controller	97
5.3.2.5	Results of Tie Line Deviation	98
5.3.2.6	Results of Two Area Scaled Fuzzy-PD Controller	100
5.3.2.7	Results of Four Areas Scaled Fuzzy-PD Controller	101
5.3.2.8	Results of Tie Line Deviation	102
5.3.3	Second LFC Method (Hybrid of Conventional with Scaled Fuzzy Controllers)	103
5.3.3.1	Hybrid of PI with Fuzzy PD Controllers	104
5.3.3.2	Results of Frequency Deviation of Hybrid PI with Fuzzy-PD Controllers in Two Area Power System	105
5.3.3.3	Results of Frequency Deviation of Hybrid PI with Fuzzy-PD Controllers in Four Area Power System	107
5.3.3.3	Hybrid of PD with Fuzzy-PI Controllers	108
5.3.3.4	Results of the Frequency Deviation of Hybrid PD with Fuzzy-PI Controllers in Two Area Power System	109
5.3.3.5	Results of Frequency Deviation of PI with Fuzzy-PD Controllers in Four	112



	Area Power System	
	5.3.4 Last LFC Method (Mirror Fuzzy Controller)	113
	5.3.4.1 Results of LFC Mirror Fuzzy Controller in Tow Area Power System	114
	5.3.4.2 Results of LFC Mirror Fuzzy Controller in Four Area Power System	118
5.4	Summary	122
<b>CHAPTER 6 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS</b>		
6.1	Conclusion	123
6.3	Future Recommendations	124
<b>REFERENCES</b>		126
<b>APPENDICES</b>		140
A	PSO Algorithm	140
B	Fundamentals Of Fuzzy Logic Control	143
C	GA Algorithm	158
D	Publications	162

## LIST OF TABLES

Table No.	Title	Page
2.1	Advantage and disadvantage of the methods	51
4.1	Fuzzy controller rules	65
4.2	Five fuzzy controller rules	75
4.3	Seven fuzzy controller rules	75
5.1	Parameter initial values	79
5.2	Parameter segments	79
5.3	Comparison performances	81
5.4	Parameter values	81
5.5	Optimal segment parameters	82
5.6	Execution time	84
5.7	PID parameter values	85
5.8	Parameter values	89
5.9	System data	91
5.10	PID Controller value	92
5.11	Values $G_{in1}$ , $G_{in2}$ and $G_{out}$ for Scaled Fuzzy controller	92
5.12	Comparison of Scaled Fuzzy-PI ,classical fuzzy,and conventional PID controller in two area power system	96
5.13	PI Controller values	96
5.14	Scaled Fuzzy-PI parameter values	97
5.15	Frequency response comparison in four areas	98
5.16	Power transfer response comparison of Scaled Fuzzy-PI controller and conventional PI controller in four areas	100
5.17	Effectiveness of adding PI controller	105
5.18	Comparison of fuzzy-PD+PI, Scaled Fuzzy-PI and PID controllers	107
5.19	Effectiveness of adding PD controller	109
5.20	Comparison of PD+fuzzy-PI, Scaled Fuzzy, and PID controllers	112
5.21	Scaled Fuzzy gain value	114
5.22	Optimal mirror gains	114

5.23	LFC Fuzzy Mirror response	118
5.24	Undershoot value in two areas	120
5.25	Settling time value in two areas	120
5.26	Undershoot value in four areas	121
5.27	Settling time value in four areas	121

## LIST OF FIGURES

<b>Figure No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Page</b>
2.1	General structure for power system controls	9
2.2	Progressive power system response to a serious disturbance	10
2.3	Schematic block diagram of a synchronous generator with basic frequency control loops	12
2.4	Parameter Estimation	27
2.5	Illustration of Hierarchical operation	28
2.6	RTO and advanced control Structure	29
2.7	Adaptive System Identification	30
2.8	Adaptive Noise Cancellations	31
2.9	Adaptive Inverse System	32
2.10	Basic Steps of System Identification	34
2.11	New steps for position and speed	40
2.12	GA-PSO optimization method	44
2.13	Parallel implementation of PSO algorithm	45
2.14	Fuzzy system block diagram	46
2.15	Step response	48
3.1	Governor Turbine Model	53
3.2	Model Of Tie-Line Power System Area	55
3.3	Multi area power system	57

3.4	Global and local optimal points	58
3.5	SePSO method	59
4.1	Scaled fuzzy controller	63
4.2	Scaled Fuzzy-PI controller diagram	64
4.3	Scaled Fuzzy-PD controller diagram	65
4.4	Membership function for input & output of fuzzy controller	66
4.5	scaled fuzzy parameter using PSO	66
4.6	Fuzzy PI / conventional PD controller	67
4.7	Fuzzy PD / conventional PI controller	68
4.8	Memberships (a) Ideal memberships (b) Controller memberships	69
4.9	Mirror light vector	70
4.10	Different angle cases (a) zero angle (b) negative angle	71
4.11	Mirror reflections for two memberships (a) Real controller model (b) Supposed Ideal model	72
4.12	Member ship functions a) Controller memberships b)Supposed ideal memberships	73
4.13	Mirror controller for five memberships	74
4.14	Mirror gine optimazation by PSO	76
5.1	Comparison the real frequency response with the other identification methods	80
5.2	$T_g$ at first segment of B and second segment of R	82
5.3	$T_g$ behavior at 3rd segment	83
5.4	$T_g$ behavior at optimal segment Figure	83
5.5	Frequency response comparison at 0.7 p.u step signal	84
5.6	Frequency response comparison at 0.3 p.u step signal	85

5.7	Case 1	86
5.8	Case 2	86
5.9	Four-area interconnection power system	87
5.10	Frequency response comparison of multi area system at 10% step signal	88
5.11	Frequency response comparison of multi area system at 50% step signal	90
5.12	Frequency response comparison of multi area system at 0.5 p.u step signal	90
5.13	Frequency deviations of 15% load change in 2 areas	93
5.14	Frequency deviations of 25% load change in 2 areas	93
5.15	Frequency deviations of 35% load change in 2 areas	94
5.16	Frequency deviations of 45% load change in 2 areas	95
5.17	Frequency deviations of 10% load change in 4 areas	97
5.18	Frequency deviations of 50 % load change in 4 areas	98
5.19	Tie power transfer of 10% load change in 4 areas	99
5.20	Tie power transfer of 50% load change in 4 areas	99
5.21	Frequency deviations of 20% load change in 2 areas	100
5.22	Frequency deviations of 40% load change in 2 areas	101
5.23	Frequency deviations of 20 % load change in 4 areas	102
5.24	Frequency deviations of 50 % load change in 4 areas	102
5.25	Tie power transfer of 20% load change in 4 areas	103
5.26	Tie power transfer of 40% load change in 4 areas	103
5.27	The effectiveness of adding PI controller	104
5.28	Frequency deviations of 10% load change in 2 areas	105
5.29	Frequency deviations of 30% load change in 2 areas	106

5.30	Frequency deviations of 50% load change in 2 areas	116
5.31	Frequency deviations of 10% load change in 4 areas	108
5.32	Frequency deviations of 30% load change in 4 areas	108
5.33	The effectiveness of adding PD controller	109
5.34	Frequency deviations of 15% load change in 2 areas	110
5.35	Frequency deviations of 25% load change in 2 areas	111
3.36	Frequency deviations of 45% load change in 2 areas	111
5.37	Frequency deviations of 10% load change in 4 areas	113
5.38	Frequency deviations of 40% load change in 4 areas	113
5.39	Frequency deviations of 10 % load change in 2 areas	115
5.40	Frequency deviations of 20% load change in 2 areas	116
5.41	Frequency deviations of 30% load change in 2 areas	116
5.42	Frequency deviations of 5% load change in 2 areas	117
5.43	Frequency deviations of 2.5% load change in 2 areas	117
5.44	Frequency deviations of 10% load change in 4 areas	119
5.45	Frequency deviations of 40% load change in 4 areas	119

## LIST OF SYMBOLS

$a$	Participation factors
$B$	big
$B$	Frequency bias
$c_1, c_2$	acceleration coefficients
$D$	damping coefficient
$d(n)$	desired result
$\epsilon$	errors
$G$	length gain
$G_{incr}$	social acceleration coefficient
$G_1, G_2, \dots, G_{incr}$	random number uniformly distributed in $[0, G_{incr}]$ .
$G_{in1}, G_{in2}$	input gain
$G_{out}$	output gain
$G_{tg}$	turbine governor transfer function
$H$	equivalent inertia constant
$K(s)$	dynamic controller
$L1, L2 \quad L, L'$	horizontal distances
$LN$	large negative
$LP$	large positive.
$M(p)$	parametric model
$M(s)$	governor–turbine dynamic model
$MN$	medium negative
$MP$	medium positive
$n(t)$	input noise
$pg$	global best positions
$p_i$	local best positions
$p_{incr}$	cognitive acceleration coefficient
$p_{i1}, p_{i2}, p_{incr}$	random number uniformly distributed in $[0, p_{incr}]$
$R$	droop characteristic
$r_1, r_2$	random numbers between 0 and 1.
$S$	small



SN	small negative
SP	small positive
$T_{ij}$	tie-line synchronizing coefficient with area j
$u(n)$	desired output
$u(t)$	input signal
VB	very big
$v_{i1}, v_{i2}, \dots, v_{id}$	velocity of the $i^{\text{th}}$ particle
$V_{\max}$	maximum velocity value
VS	small
VVB	very very big
$w(n)$	adaptive transfer function configuration
$X_{ij}$	reactance
$x(n)$	input of in the implementation
$x_i, x_{i1}, x_{i2}, \dots, x_{id}$	position of the particle
$y(n)$	actual output
$y(t)$	system output
$y_m(t)$	output from the parametric model
Z	zero
$\beta, \alpha, \delta$	triangular angles
$\Delta e$	change of error
$\Delta f$	frequency change
$\Delta P_C$	supplementary control action
$\Delta P_L$	power load change
$\Delta P_m$	governor valve position
$\Delta P_P$	primary control action
$\Delta P_{\text{tie}}$	net tie-line power flow
$\Psi$	class for models
$\omega$	inertia weight parameter

**LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS**

ACE	Area Control Error
AFRC	Automatic Frequency Ratio Control
AGC	Automatic Generation Control
AGPM	Augmented Generation Participation Matrix
AI	Artificial Intelligence
ANN	Artificial Neural Network
BES	Battery Energy Storage
CES	Capacitive Energy Storage
FD	Figure Of Demerit
GAs	Genetic Algorithms
GRC	Generation Rate Constraint
$H_{\infty}$	Robust Controller
HVDC	High Voltage Direct Current
IGBT	Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor
ISE	Integral Square Error
ITAE	Integral Of Time Of Absolute Error
LFC	Load Frequency Control
LMI	Linear Matrix Inequality
LQG	Linear Quadratic Gaussian
LSE	Least Square Estimator
MLE	Maximum Likelihood Estimator
MOO	Multi-Objective Optimization
MSF	Multi-Stage Fuzzy
PD	Proportional Plus Derivative
PI	Proportional Plus Integral
PID	Proportional, Integral And Derivative
PSO	Particle Swarm Optimization
PV	Photovoltaic
RBF	Radial Biased Function
RTO	Real-Time Optimization

SA	Simulated Annealing
SePSO	Segmentation of Particle Swarm Optimization
SMES	Super Conducting Magnetic Energy Storage
SOFLC	Self Organizing Fuzzy Logic Control
SVC	Static Var Compensator
WLS	Weighted Least Squares

## ABSTRACT

The accuracy of the parameter identification of power system model and efficiency of frequency control are part of the challenging work in power system operation and control area. Whereas, the complexity and high non-linearity of the power system model have led to the continuing research for improvement that still extensively active, especially for load frequency control (LFC). Generally, LFC is responsible to maintain the zero steady-state errors in the frequency changing and restoring the natural frequency to its normal position. Many methods have been proposed and implemented in identification of power system and LFC, however, they may not be appropriate. For example, the classical methods for parameter identification (LSE and MLE), the classical methods for LFC (PI, PD and PID) and the intelligent methods (fuzzy logic, neural network, genetic algorithm, and PSO). Thus, motivated from the topics, this Thesis is brought to present the improvement of the parameter identification of power system model and the response of the LFC in power system. The Thesis is divided into two parts in accordance to the topic. Where, in the first part, the coherent identification algorithm for single and multi-area power systems with disturbances is proposed. A new method from the improvement of Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO) is developed in order to find the best global optimal value. Meanwhile, part two presents three developed control methods for FLC from the improvement of fuzzy control (named as scaled fuzzy using PSO, parallel conventional PI/PD with Scaled Fuzzy PI/PD and Mirror Fuzzy controller) by adapting the utilization of PSO to optimize the scaled gain of fuzzy controllers. These proposed control methods in LFC will be examined and verified in two and four areas power system. The outcomes of the proposed parameters identification and LFC control methods are presented the results through simulation using Matlab by making a comparison on the frequency transient response. Various analyses are shown and the discussions on the results are done appropriately. Lastly, the Thesis is given the concluding remarks and the contributions which can be specified into two, a modification of PSO for parameters identification named as PSO segmentation and a new fuzzy control named as a Mirror Fuzzy controller for LFC.

## ABSTRAK

Ketepatan pengenalan sistem kuasa dan kawalan adalah salah satu cabaran utama untuk dunia terutamanya yang sangat kompleks atau sistem tak lurus seperti Kawalan Beban Frekuensi ( LFC ). LFC bertanggungjawab untuk mengekalkan sifar ralat keadaan mantap dalam kekerapan berubah dan mengembalikan frekuensi semula jadi untuk kedudukan asal . Sebagai contoh, kaedah klasik untuk mengenal pasti parameter (LSE dan MLE), kaedah klasik untuk LFC (PI, PD dan PID) dan kaedah pintar (logik kabur, rangkaian neural, algoritma genetik, dan PSO). Tesis ini dibahagikan kepada dua bahagian mengikut topik . Dalam Bahagian 1, kita hadir koherensi berasaskan algoritma pengenalan untuk membina kawasan tunggal , dan pelbagai sistem kuasa , dengan menggunakan ayunan frekuensi antara kawasan dominan berikutan gangguan dalam sistem. Salah satu masalah utama dalam analisis dinamik dan kawalan sistem kuasa adalah analisis sistem fenomena fana daripada data pengukuran terhad. Dalam tesis ini semula kaedah yang membangunkan untuk mengenal pasti model menggunakan segmentasi PSO .Dalam Bahagian 2, tiga kaedah membangunkan untuk mengawal kekerapan , salah seorang daripada mereka adalah dengan menggunakan gabungan PSO dan kawalan logik kabur teknik (FLC ), yang dipanggil PSO- Skala Kawalan Fuzzy . PSO kaedah pengoptimuman digunakan untuk memperhalusi kabur input pengawal dan output keuntungan untuk memberikan sempadan optimum had keahlian kabur. Kaedah ini dikaji pada dua dan empat bidang sistem kuasa.Kaedah pertama dibangunkan untuk mendapatkan kaedah yang kedua, yang mewakili gabungan antara Fuzzy PSO- Skala dan pengawal konvensional. Dua jenis parallelization dalam kaedah ini ; satu adalah sambungan antara PI Fuzzy dan PD konvensional. Dua adalah sambungan antara PD Fuzzy dan PI konvensional.Kaedah ketiga juga sedang membangunkan kaedah penumbuk , PSO kaedah pengoptimuman digunakan untuk memperhalusi kabur input pengawal dan output keuntungan sebagai partition untuk memberikan sempadan had optimum dan bentuk segi tiga daripada keahlian kabur. Dua bidang sistem kuasa digunakan untuk membangunkan, dan menyiasat kaedah ini. Kaedah ini Dinamakan Mirror Fuzzy kawalan

## REFERENCES

- Abd-Alla, A., & Cheng, S. (2006). Model parameter identification of excitation system based on a genetic algorithm techniques. In *Power System Technology* (pp. 1–5). Chongqing.
- Abedinia, O., & Amjady, N. (2012). Fuzzy pid based on firefly algorithm: Load frequency control in deregulated environment. *International Conference on Artificial Intelligence, 1*, 1–7.
- Aceves-López, A., & Aguilar-Martin, J. (2006). A simplified version of mamdani's fuzzy controller: the natural logic controller. *Fuzzy Systems, IEEE Transactions*, *14*(1), 16–30.
- ADITYA. (2003). Design of load frequency controllers using genetic algorithm for two area interconnected hydro power system. *Electric Power Components and Systems*, *31*(1), 81–94.
- Aggarwal, R., & Bergseth, F. (1968). Large signal dynamics of load-frequency control systems and their optimization using nonlinear programming: I. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, *87*(2), 527–538.
- Ahamed, T. I. (2002). A reinforcement learning approach to automatic generation control. *Electric power system research*, *63*, 9–26.
- Alazawi, O. K. (2006). *Development instructional model on automatic load frequency control of power system*. University of technology. university of technology, Baghdad.
- Aldeen, M., & Trinh, H. (1994). Load-frequency control of interconnected power systems via constrained feedback control schemes. *Computers & electrical engineering*, *20*(1), 71–88.
- Al-Hamouz, Z., & Al-Duwaish, H. (2000). A new load frequency variable structure controller using genetic algorithms. *Electric Power Systems Research*, *55*(1), 1–6.
- Alwadie, A. (2012). Stabilizing Load Frequency of a Single Area Power System With Uncertain Parameters Through a Genetically Tuned PID Controller. *International Journal of Engineering & Computer Science*, *12*(6), 51–57.
- Ganapathy, S., & Velusami, S. (2010). Decentralized Load-Frequency Control for Interconnected Power Systems with AC-DC Tie Lines. *The IUP Journal of Electrical & Electronics Engineering*, *3*(1), 54–65.
- Anower, M., & Sheikh, M. (2006). Fuzzy gain scheduling of an AGC in a single area power system. *2006. ICECE'06*, (pp. 9–12).
- Arjona, M. (2004). Parameter calculation of a turbogenerator during an open-circuit transient excitation. *Energy Conversion, IEEE Transactions*, *19*(1), 46–52.

- Azzam, M. (1999). Robust automatic generation control. *Energy conversion and management*, 40(13), 1413–1421.
- Azzam, M., & Mohamed, Y. (2002). Robust controller design for automatic generation control based on Q-parameterization. *Energy conversion and management*, 43(13), 1663–1673.
- Beaufays, F., Abdel-Magid, Y., & Widrow, B. (1994). Application of neural networks to load-frequency control in power systems. *Neural Networks*, 7(1), 183–194.
- Bechert, T., & Chen, N. (1977). Area automatic generation control by multi-pass dynamic programming. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 96(5), 1460–1468.
- Bernard, M. Z., Hassan, T., Soliman, Y., & Mitani, Y. (2014). Electrical Power and Energy Systems Decentralized load frequency control in an interconnected power system using Coefficient Diagram Method. *International Journal of Electrical Power and Energy Systems*, 63, 165–172.
- Bevrani, H., & Daneshmand, P. (2012). Fuzzy logic-based load-frequency control concerning high penetration of wind turbines. *Systems Journal, IEEE*, 6(1), 173–180.
- Bevrani, H., Mitani, Y., & Tsuji, K. (2004). Sequential design of decentralized load frequency controllers using  $\mu$  synthesis and analysis. *Energy conversion and management*, 45(6), 865–881.
- Bevrani, Hassan. (2009). *Robust Power System Frequency Control*. (M. A. Pai, Ed.). New York: Springer.
- Bin, R., & Zhenping, F. (2002). Improved genetic algorithm and particle swarm optimization as well as comparison between them. *Journal of Nanjing Normal University (Engineering and Technology 2(2)*, 106–114.
- Bohn, E., & Miniesy, S. (1972). Optimum load-frequency sampled-data control with randomly varying system disturbances. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 91(5), 1916–1923.
- Broujeni, S., Hemmati, S., & Fayazi, H. (2011). Load frequency control in multi area electric power system using genetic scaled fuzzy logic. *Int. J. Phys. Sci*, 6(3), 377–385.
- Burks, A. (1970). *Essays on cellular automata*. University of Illinois Press. University of Illinois Press, Urbana, Illinois.
- Çam, E., & Kocaarslan, I. (2005). Load frequency control in two area power systems using fuzzy logic controller. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 45, 233–245.

- Cao, Y., & Liu, Z. (2010). Signal frequency and parameter estimation for power systems using the hierarchical identification principle. *Mathematical and Computer Modelling*, 52, 854–861.
- Cari, E., Alberto, L., & Bretas, N. (2006). A methodology for parameter estimation of synchronous generators based on trajectory sensitivity and synchronization technique. *Power Engineering Society General Meeting*.
- Chang, C., & Fu, W. (1997). Area load frequency control using fuzzy gain scheduling of PI controllers. *Electric Power Systems Research*, 47, 145–152.
- Chang, C., Fu, W., & Wen, F. (1998). Load frequency control using genetic-algorithm based fuzzy gain scheduling of PI controllers. *Electric machines and power systems*, 26(1), 39–52.
- Chang-Chien, L.-R., Wu, Y.-S., & Cheng, J.-S. (2011). Online estimation of system parameters for artificial intelligence applications to load frequency control. *IET Generation, Transmission & Distribution*, 5(8), 895. doi:10.1049/iet-gtd.2010.0654
- Chaturvedi, D., & Malik, O. (2008). Neurofuzzy power system stabilizer. *Energy Conversion, IEEE Transactions*, 23(3), 887 – 894.
- Chaturvedi, D., Satsangi, P., & Kalra, P. (1999). Load frequency control: a generalised neural network approach. *International Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems*, 21(4), 405–415.
- Chen, C., & Chen, W. (1994). Fuzzy controller design by using neural network techniques. *Fuzzy Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 2(3), 235–244.
- Choi, S., Sim, H., & Tan, K. (1981). Load frequency control via constant limited-state feedback. *Electric Power Systems Research*, 4(4), 265–269.
- Christie, R., & Bose, A. (1996). Load frequency control issues in power system operations after deregulation. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 11(3), 1191–1200.
- Chu, S.-C., Roddick, J. F., & Pan2, J.-S. (2003). A parallel particle swarm optimization algorithm with communication strategies. In *Congress on Evolutionary Computation* (pp. 45–51).
- Ciabattini, L., & Ippoliti, G. (2013). Online tuned neural networks for fuzzy supervisory control of pv-battery systems. In *Innovative Smart Grid* (pp. 1–6).
- Cohn, N. (1967). Considerations in the regulation of interconnected areas. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 86, 1527–1538.
- Cohn, N. (1971). Techniques for improving the control of bulk power transfers on interconnected systems. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 90(6), 2409–2419.



- Committee, I. (1973). Dynamic models for steam and hydro turbines in power system studies. *IEEE Trans on Power Apparatus and Systems, PAS-92(6)*, 1904–1915.
- Das, D., & Nanda, J. (1990). Automatic generation control of a hydrothermal system with new area control error considering generation rate constraint. *Electric Machines and & Power Systems, 18(6)*, 461–471.
- Demello, F. (1992). Hydraulic-turbine and turbine control-models for system dynamic studies. *IEEE Transactions on Power Systems, 7(1)*, 167–179.
- Deng, X. (2009). System identification based on particle swarm optimization algorithm. In *2009 International Conference on Computational Intelligence and Security* (pp. 259–263). Ieee. doi:10.1109/CIS.2009.167
- Derrick, J., Thompson, C., & Short, T. (1998). The application of a modified proportional-derivative control algorithm to arterial pressure alarms in anesthesiology. *Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 14(1)*, 41–47.
- Douglas, L., Green, T. A., & Kramer, R. A. (1994). New approaches to the AGC nonconforming load problem. *IEEE Trans. Power Systems, 9(2)*, 619–628.
- Drumright, T. (1998). *Adaptive filtering* (pp. 1–35).
- Dubey, M., Pandey, R., & Gautam, S. (2013). Literature review on fuzzy expert system in agriculture. *International Journal of Soft Computing, 2(6)*, 289–291.
- Elgend, O., & Fosha, C. (1970). Optimum megawatt frequency control of multi area electric energy system. *IEEE Trans., PAS, 89(4)*, 556–563.
- Elgerd, O. (1982). *Electric energy systems theory: an introduction* (2nd ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Eykhoff P. (1974). *System identification*. London: John Wiley & Sons.
- Feliachi, A. (1987). Load frequency control using reduced order models and local observers. *International journal of energy systems, 7(2)*, 72–75.
- Fink, L., & Carlsen, K. (1978). Operating under stress and strain. *IEEE Spectrum;(United States), 15*, 48–53.
- Gegov, A. E., & Frank, P. M. (1995). Decomposition of multivariable systems for distributed fuzzy control [power system load frequency control]. *Fuzzy Sets Syst, 73(3)*, 329–340.
- Ganesh, V., Vasu, K., & Bhavana, P. (2012). LQR based load frequency controller for two area power system. *International Journal of Advanced Research in Electrical, Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering, 1(4)*, 262–269.

- Gholampour, E. (2013). Load frequency control based on optimized type-1 fuzzy controller, (Lxiii).
- Ghoshal, S. (2004a). Application of GA/GA-SA based fuzzy automatic generation control of a multi-area thermal generating system. *Electric Power Systems Research*, 70(2), 115–127.
- Ghoshal, S. (2004b). Optimizations of PID gains by particle swarm optimizations in fuzzy based automatic generation control. *Electric Power Systems Research*, 73(3), 203–212.
- Green, R. (1996). Transformed automatic generation control. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 11(4), 1799–1804.
- Guo, T., Liu, C., & Huang, C. (1993). Identification of excitation system model parameters via finalization field tests. In *Advances in Power System Control*, (6) T. Y., pp. 833–838).
- H. W. Weber, Skokljek, I., Obradovic, N., Jankovic, G., & Golubovic, M. (2004). Development of a reality oriented simulation model of the hydro power plant. In *Bajina Bata 4th Balkan Power conference* (pp. 1–6).
- Hari, L., Kothari, M., & Nanda, J. (1991). Optimum selection of speed regulation parameters for automatic generation control in discrete mode considering generation rate constraints. *IEE Proceedings C (Generation, Transmission and Distribution)*, 138(5), 401–406.
- Heppner, F., & Grenander, U. (1990). A stochastic nonlinear model for coordinated bird flocks. In J. Kennedy (Ed.), *washington, DC(USA). 1990.* (pp. 233–238).
- Hiyama, T. (1982). Optimisation of discrete-type load-frequency regulators considering generation-rate constraints. *Generation, Transmission and Distribution, IEE Proceedings C*, 129(9), 285–289.
- Homaifar, A., & McCormick, E. (1995). Simultaneous design of membership functions and rule sets for fuzzy controllers using genetic algorithms. *Fuzzy Systems, IEEE Transactions power system*, 3(2), 129–138.
- Hoseinzadeh, B., Silva, F., & Bak, C. (2014). Coordination of voltage and frequency feedback in load-frequency control capability of wind turbine. In *Power Systems Conference PSC* (pp. 15–21). Denmark.
- IEEE Committee Report. (1970). Standard definitions of terms for automatic generation control on electric power systems, 89.
- IEEE PES Committee Report. (1979). Current operating problems associated with automatic generation control. *IEEE Trans Power Appl Syst*, PAS-98(1), 88 – 96.

- Ikhe, Atul, Kulkarni, A., & Dr.Veeresh3. (2012). Load Frequency Control Using Fuzzy Logic Controller of Two Area thermal-thermal Power System. *International Journal of Emerging Technology and Advanced Engineering*, 2(10), 425–428.
- Indulkar, C., & Raj, B. (1995). Application of fuzzy controller to automatic generation control. *Electric machines and power systems*, 23(2), 209–220.
- Ishii, T., Shirai, G., & Fujita, G. (2000). Decentralized load frequency control based on h. inf. control. *Transactions*, 136(2), 28–38.
- Ismail, M. M., & Hassan, M. A. M. (2012). Load Frequency Control Adaptation Using Artificial Intelligent Techniques for One and Two Different Areas Power System. *International Journal Of Control, Automation And Systems*, 1(1), 12–23.
- Jiaxiong Chen, & Liao, Y. (2012). State Estimation and Power Flow Analysis of Power Systems. *Global Journal of Researches in Engineering Electrical and Electronics Engineering*, 7(3), 685–691.
- John, N., & Ramesh, K. (2013). Enhancement of load frequency control concerning high penetration of wind turbine using pso-fuzzy technique. *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 69(14), 1–7.
- Joshi, A. (2009). *decentralized frequency control of a multi- machine power system using frequency measurements from FNET*. Tennessee Technological University. Tennessee Technological University.
- Karayaka, H., & Keyhani, A. (1999). Identification of armature circuit and field winding parameters of large utility generators. *Power Engineering Society 1999 Winter*, 1, 29 – 34.
- Karayaka, H., & Keyhani, A. (2000). Identification of armature, field, and saturated parameters of a large steam turbine-generator from operating data. *Energy Conversion*, 15(2), 181 – 187.
- Karnavas, Y., & Papadopoulos, D. (2002). AGC for autonomous power system using combined intelligent techniques. *Electric power systems research*, 62(3), 225–239.
- Karrari, M., Shayeghi, H., Abedi, M., & Menhaj, M. B. (1999). Design of  $H_{\infty}$  controller load frequency control in electrical power systems. *Amirkabir J Sci Technol*, 11(41), 79–88.
- Kazemi, A., & Andami, H. (2004). A decentralized fuzzy logic enhanced variable structure controller applied to load frequency control system. *Iranin Journal of sciences and Technology*, 82(B3), 295–303.
- Kennedy, J. (1995). Particle swarm optimization. In *International Conference on Neural Networks* (pp. 1942– 1948).

- Kennedy, J. (1997). The particle swarm. In *International Conference on Evolutionary Computation (Piscataway, NJ), IEEE Service Center* (pp. 303–308).
- Kennedy, J.F., Kennedy, J., & Eberhart, R. (2001). *Swarm intelligence*. Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc.
- Khan, L., Ahmed, N., & Lozano, C. (2003). GA neuro-fuzzy damping control system for UPFC to enhance power system transient stability. In *Multi Topic Conference, 2003*. (pp. 276–282).
- Khatami, S. (2010). Adaptive neuro-fuzzy damping controller design for a power system installed with UPFC. In *IPEC, 2010 Conference Proceed* (pp. 1046 – 1051).
- Kim, D., Abraham, A., & Hirota, K. (2007). Hybrid genetic: particle swarm optimization algorithm. *Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithms*, 75, 147–170. Kothari, D. (2003). *Modern power system analysis* (3rd ed.). Singapore: McGraw-Hill.
- Kothari, M., & Nanda, J. (1989). Discrete-mode automatic generation control of a two-area reheat thermal system with new area control error. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 4(4), 730–738.
- Kumar, A., Malik, O., & Hope, G. (1985). Variable-structure-system control applied to AGC of an interconnected power system. *IEE Proceedings C (Generation, Transmission and Distribution*, 132(1), 23–29.
- Kumar, P. (1998). Dynamic performance evaluation of 2-area interconnected power systems: A comparative study. *Journal of the Institution of Engineers. India. Electrical Engineering*, 78, 199–208.
- Kumar, P., & Ibraheem. (1998). Dynamic performance enhancement of hydropower systems with asynchronous tie-lines. *J Inst Eng*, 31(7), 605–626.
- Kumar, S., & Raj, P. (2010). Fuzzy logic based stability index power system voltage stability enhancement. *International journal of computer and electrical Engineering*, 2(1), February, 2010.
- Kundur, P. (1994). *Power system stability and control*. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Kwatny, H., Kalnitsky, K., & Bhatt, A. (1975). An optimal tracking approach to load-frequency control. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE*, 94(5), 1635–1643.
- Lee, K., Yee, H., & Teo, C. (1991). Self-tuning algorithm for automatic generation control in an interconnected power system. *Electric Power Systems Research*, 20(2), 157–165.
- Lee, J. P., & Kim, H. G. (2013). Design of Load Frequency Controller for Flywheel Energy Storage System, 381–384.

- Li, C., Zhou, J., Li, Q., An, X., & Xiang, X. (2010). A new T–S fuzzy-modeling approach to identify a boiler–turbine system. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 37(3), 221–2221.
- Liera, I., Liera, M., & Castro, M. (2011). Parallel particle swarm optimization using GPGPU. *posgrado.itlp.edu.mx*, 4, 1–6.
- Lim, K., Wang, Y., & Zhou, R. (1996). Robust decentralised load-frequency control of multi-area power systems. *Generation, Transmission and Distribution*, 143(5), 377–386.
- Lim, K. Y., Wang, Y., & Zhou, R. (1997). Decentralized robust load-frequency control in coordination with frequency-controllable HVDC links. *Electr Power Energy Syst*, 19(7), 423–431.
- Ljung, L. (1999). *System identification: theory for the user*. Prentice Hall Inf and System Sciencess Series, New York (2nd ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall PTR.
- Luyben, W., Tyreus, B., & Luyben, M. (1999). *Plantwide process control*. New York: McGraw- Hill.
- M. M .Ismail, M. A. M. H. (2012). Load frequency control adaptation using artificial intelligent techniques for one and two different areas power system. *International Journal Of Control, Automation And Systems*, 1(1), 12–23.
- Ma, M., Chen, H., Liu, X., & Allgöwer, F. (2014). Electrical Power and Energy Systems Distributed model predictive load frequency control of multi-area interconnected power system. *International Journal of Electrical Power and Energy Systems*, 62, 289–298.
- Magaji, N., & Mustafa, M. (2009). Power system damping using GA based fuzzy controlled SVC device. In *TENCON 2009-2009 IEEE Region* (pp. 1–7).
- Mann, G., Hu, B., & Gosine, R. (1999). Analysis of direct action fuzzy PID controller structures. *Systems, Man, and Cybernetics*, 29(3), 371–388.
- Margaliot, M., & Langholz, G. (1999). Fuzzy Lyapunov-based approach to the design of fuzzy controllers. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 106, 49–59.
- Marlin, T. (1995). *Process Control*. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Maurer, M., Gutekunst, F., & Scheffknecht, G. (2014). Dynamic Parameter Estimation of Inter-area Oscillations in a Power System by a Combination of Kalman-Filtering and Wavelet Transformation Techniques. In *The International Federation of Automatic Control* (pp. 8196–8201).

- Millonas, M. (1994). *Swarms, phase transitions, and collective intelligence*. (T. F. M. Palaniswami, Y. Attikiouzel, R. Marks, D. Fogel, Ed.) *Artificial Life III* (C.G. Langton, ed.) (pp. 137–151). IEEE.
- Mills, R., & B'Rells, W. (1973). Automatic Generation Control Part I-Process Modeling. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 92, 710–715.
- Mohamed, T., & Bevrani, H. (2011). Decentralized model predictive based load frequency control in an interconnected power system. *Energy Conversion and Management, ScienceDirect*, 4(12), 141–149.
- Momoh, J., Zheng, W., & D'Arnaud, K. (2009). Fuzzy Logic Control Application to Enhance Voltage Stability of the Electric Power Systems. In *intiligt System Applications to ... System Applications to ...* (pp. 1 – 6).
- Nagoya, H., Komami, S., & Ogimoto, K. (2013). A Method for Load Frequency Control using Battery in Power System with Highly Penetrated Photovoltaic Generation. *Electrical Engineering in Japan*, 184(4), 22–31.
- Ness, J. Van. (1963). Root loci of load frequency control systems. *IEEE Trans. Power App. Syst*, 82(5), 712–726.
- Neumann, J. Von. (1951). *The general and logical theory of automata*. (L. A. Jeffress, Ed.) *Cerebral mechanisms in behavior*. New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- Neumann, J. Von, & Burks, A. (1966). *Theory of self-reproducing automata*. University of Illinois Press. University of Illinois Press, Champaign, IL, USA.
- Ozcan, E., & Mohan, C. (1998). Analysis of a simple particle swarm optimization system. *Intelligent engineering systems through artificial neural Networks*, 8, 253–258.
- Padhan, S., Sahu, R., & Panda, S. (2014). Application of Firefly Algorithm for Load Frequency Control of Multi-area Interconnected Power System. *Electric Power Components and Systems*, 42(13), 1419–1430.
- Pandey, S., Mohanty, S., & Kishor, N. (2013). A literature survey on load–frequency control for conventional and distribution generation power systems. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy ...*, 25, 318–334.
- Parmar, K., Majhi, S., & Kothari, D. (2012). Load frequency control of a realistic power system with multi-source power generation. *International Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems*, 42(1), 426–433.
- Prakash, S., & Sinha, S. (2011). Application of artificial intelligence in load frequency control of interconnected power system. *International Journal of Engineering, Science and Technology*, 3(4), 264–275.

- Rakpenthai, C., & Uatrongjit, S. Premrudeepreechacharn, S. (2011). State Estimation of Power System Considering Network Parameter Uncertainty Based on Parametric Interval Linear Systems. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 27(1), 305 – 313.
- Rani, L., & Kikan, S. (2013). Review of parameter estimation using adaptive filtering. *ijareeie.com*, 2(7), 2888–2892.
- Rao, T., & Ponnala, R. (2013). Frequency Error and Voltage Control by using PI and Fuzzy Logic Controllers for Multi Area Inter Connected Power System. *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 77(2), 15–23.
- Rashedi, E., Nezamabadi-Pour, H., & Saryazdi, S. (2009). GSA: a gravitational search algorithm. *Information sciences*, 179, 2232–2248.
- Rasouli, M., & Karrari, M. (2000). Analytical modeling of the brushless excitation systems in rajaee power plant gas units and validation of model for unit 2. *15th international power system conference*, 4, 53–66.
- Ray, G., Prasad, A., & Prasad, G. (1999). A new approach to the design of robust load-frequency controller for large scale power systems. *Electric power systems research*, 51, 13–22.
- Reeves, W. (1983). Particle systems—a technique for modeling a class of fuzzy objects. *ACM SIGGRAPH Computer Graphics*, 2(2), 91–108.
- Reddy, M. D. (2012). optimal placement of dg units in distribution networks using fuzzy and firefly algorithm, 2(3), 245–249.
- Rerkpreedapong, D. (2003). Robust load frequency control using genetic algorithms and linear matrix inequalities. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 18(2), 855–861.
- Reynolds, C. W., Flocks, & Herds. (1987). A distributed behavioral model in computer graphics. In *SIGGRAPH '87* (pp. 25–34).
- Reza H.; Sayed M.; Shirvani Boroujeni; Hamideh Delafkar; Amin Safarnezhad Boroujeni. (2011). Fuzzy load frequency control in multi area electric power system. *Indian Journal of Science and Technology*, 4(7), 796–800.
- Ronilaya, F., & Miyauchi, H. (2014). A Load Frequency Control in an Off-Grid Sustainable Power System Based on a Parameter Adaptive PID-Type Fuzzy Controller. *International Journal of Emerging Electric Power Systems*, 15(5), 429–441.
- Ross, C., & Green, T. (1972). Dynamic performance evaluation of a computer controlled electric power system. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 91, 1156–1165.
- Saadat, H. (1999). *Power system analysis*. USA: McGraw-Hill.

- Sahu, R., Rout, U., & Panda, S. (2014). Sensitivity analysis of load-frequency control of power system using gravitational search algorithm. *International Conference on Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications*, 274, 249–258.
- Sanpei, M., Kakehi, A., & Takeda, H. (1994). Application of multi-variable control for automatic frequency controller of HVDC transmission system. *Power Delivery, IEEE Transactions*, 9(2), 1036–1042.
- Sastry, K., Behera, L., & Nagrath, I. (1999). Differential evolution based fuzzy logic controller for nonlinear process control. *Fundamenta Informaticae*, 1, 29–44.
- Sauer, P., & Pai, M. (1998). *Power system dynamics and stability* (1st ed.). New York: McGraw- Hill.
- Schutte, J., & Reinbolt, J. (2004). Parallel global optimization with the particle swarm algorithm. *International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering*, 61(13), 2296–2315. Shayanfar, H., & Shayeghi, H. (2002). Application of ann technique for interconnected power system load frequency control. *Electr Power Syst Res*, 16(3), 247–254.
- Shayeghi, H., & Shayanfar, H. A. (2006). Application of ANN technique based on  $\mu$ -synthesis to load frequency control of interconnected power system. ... *Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems*, 28, 503–511.
- Shayeghi, H., Shayanfar, H., & Jalili, A. (2009). Load frequency control strategies: A state-of-the-art survey for the researcher. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 50(2), 344–353.
- Shen, M. (2000). A new framework for estimation of generator dynamic parameters. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 15(2), 756 – 763.
- Shirvani, M., & Abdollahi, M. (2012). Multi-area Load Frequency Control using IP controller tuned by Tabu Search. *PRZEGLAD ELEKTROTECHNICZNY*, 8, 244–248.
- SONMEZ, Y. (2013). Estimation of fuel cost curve parameters for thermal power plants using the ABC algorithm. *Turkish Journal of Electrical Engineering & Computer Sciences*, 21, 1827 – 1841.
- Srikanth, S., Sudha, K., & Raju, Y. (2013). load frequency control in deregulated power system using fuzzy C-means. *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 74(11), 34–41.
- Stankovic, A. (1998). On robust control analysis and design for load frequency regulation., *IEEE Transactions on*, 13(2), 449–454.



- Subha, S. (2014). Load frequency control with fuzzy logic controller considering governor dead band and generation rate constraint non-linearities. *World Applied Sciences Journal*, 29(8), 1059–1066.
- Subramaniam, P., & Malik, O. (1973). Closed loop optimization of power systems with two-axis excitation control. *Power Apparatus and Systems*, PAS92(1), 167– 176.
- Sultan, A. (2014). Optimal Load Frequency Control in a Single Area Power System Based Genetic Algorithm. *International Journal of Scientific & Engineering Research*, 5(1), 2196.
- Tacker, E., & Lee, C. (1972). Optimal control of interconnected, electric energy systems—A new formulation. *Proceedings of IEEE*, 60(10), 1239–1241.
- Tanaka, K. (1995). Stability and stabilizability of fuzzy-neural-linear control systems. *Fuzzy Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 3(4), 438 – 447.
- Taylor, C., & Cresap, R. (1976). Real-time power system simulation for automatic generation control. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 95, 375–384.
- Tomoda, M., Matsukia, J., & Hayashi, Y. (2011). Parameter Estimation of Dynamic Load Model in Power System by using Measured Data. *Journal of International Council on Electrical Engineering*, 1(2), 233–241.
- Ul, A., Mandal, P., Meng, J., & Pineda, R. L. (2012). Performance Evaluation of Different Optimization Algorithms for Power Demand Forecasting Applications in a Smart Grid Environment, *I2(915)*, 320–325. doi:10.1016/j.procs.2012.09.078
- Vajk, I., Vajta, M., Keviczky, L., & Haber, R. (1985). Adaptive load-frequency control of the Hungarian power system. *Automatica*, 21(2), 129–137.
- Verma, Y., & Kumar, A. (2013). Load frequency control in deregulated power system with wind integrated system using fuzzy controller. *Frontiers in Energy*, 7(2), 245–254
- W, T. (2010). Unified tuning of PID load frequency controller for power systems via IMC. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 25(1), 341 – 350.
- Wamkeue, R., Kamwa, I., & Dai-Do, X. (1999). Short-circuit test based maximum likelihood estimation of stability model of large generators. *Energy Conversion, IEEE Transactions*, 14(2), 167 – 174.
- Wang, Y, Zhou, R., & Wen, C. (1993). Robust load-frequency controller design for power systems. *IEE Proceedings C (Generation, Transmission and Distribution)*, 140(1), 111–116.

- Wang, Y., Zhou, R., & Wen, C. (1994). New robust adaptive load-frequency control with system parametric uncertainties. *Generation, Transmission and Distribution*, 141(3), 184–190.
- Wang, YB, Peng, X., & Wei, B. (2008). A new particle swarm optimization based auto-tuning of PID controller. In *Machine Learning and Cybernetics* (pp. 1818–1823).
- Weber, H., & Prillwitz, F. (2003). Simulation models of the hydro power plants in Macedonia and Yugoslavia. In *Power Tech Conference Proceedings, ...* (p. 3). Bologna.
- Wen, T. (2011). Load frequency control: Problems and solutions. In *Control Conference (CCC), 2011 30th Chinese* (pp. 6281–6286).
- Wiley John, & Sons. (1996). *Power generation, control and operation* (2nd ed.).
- Wilson, E. O. (1975). The new synthesis. In *Belknap Press* (pp. 209–215). Cambridge, MA.
- Wood, A. J., & B.F. Wollenberg. (1996). *Power Generation*. New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- Xiao, Z., Wang, S., Zeng, H., & Yuan, X. (2006). Identifying of hydraulic turbine generating unit model based on neural network. In *Intelligent Systems Design and Applications*, (pp. 113 – 117). Jinan,China.
- Yamashita, K., & Taniguchi, T. (1986). Optimal observer design for load-frequency control. *International Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems*, 8(2), 93–100.
- Yang, X., Yuan, J., & Mao, H. (2007). A modified particle swarm optimizer with dynamic adaptation. *Applied Mathematics and Computation*, 189(2), 1205–1213.
- Yeşil, E., Güzelkaya, M., & Eksin, I. (2004). Self tuning fuzzy PID type load and frequency controller. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 45, 377–390.
- Yesil, E., Savran, A., & Guzey, C. (2014). Load frequency controller design using new Big Bang-Big Crunch 2 algorithm. In *Intelligent Systems and Applications* (pp. 7 – 13).
- Yoshida, Y., & Machida, T. (1969). Study of the effect of the DC link on frequency control in interconnected AC systems. *Power Apparatus and Systems, IEEE Transactions*, 88(7), 1036–1042.
- Zadeh, L. (1962). From circuit theory to system theory. *Proceedings of the IRE*, 50, 856–865.
- Zadeh, L. (1965). Fuzzy sets. *Information and control*, 8(3), 338–353.
- Zeynelgil, H., Demiroren, A., & Sengor, N. (2002). The application of ANN technique to

- automatic generation control for multi-area power system. *International Journal of electrical power & energy systems*, 24(5), 345–354.
- Zhu, J., Liu, F., Mei, S., & He, G. (2012). An assessment framework for branch parameter estimation of power systems. *Science China Technological Sciences*, 55(6), 1631–1643.

## Appendix D

### PUBLICATIONS

#### D.1 Publications in journals

- (i) ‘Advance Two-Area Load Frequency Control Using Particle Swarm Optimization Scaled Fuzzy Logic’; Aqeel S. Jaber, Abu Zaharin B. Ahmad, Ahmed N Abdalla; *Advanced Materials Research* Vols. 622-623 (2013) pp 80-85.
- (ii) ‘A New Load Frequency Controller based on Parallel Fuzzy PI With Conventional PD (FPI-PD)’; Aqeel S. Jaber, Abu Zaharin Ahmad, Ahmed N. Abdalla; *International Journal of Electronic Science and Engineering* vol:7 No: 2 2013.
- (iii) ‘An Investigation of Scaled-FLC Using PSO for Multi-area Power System Load Frequency Control’; A. S. Jaber, A. Ahmad, and A. Abdalla; *Energy Power Eng.*, vol. 5, pp. 458–462, 2013.
- (iv) ‘A New Load Frequency Controller based on Parallelization of Fuzzy PD with Conventional PI (FPD-PI)’; Aqeel S. Jaber, Abu Zaharin B. Ahmad, Ahmed N. Abdalla; *Australian Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences* vol. 8(4) pp. 373-379, 2014.

#### D.2 Publications in conferences

- (i) ‘Efficient Load frequency control based on intelligent PI Controller of Tow Area Power System’; Aqeel S. Jaber, Abu Zaharin B. Ahmad, Ahmed N Abdalla, Nadheer A. Shalash; *Electrical, Electronic and Control Technology (MCEECT 2012)*.
- (ii) ‘A New Parameters Identification of Single Area Power System Based LFC Using Segmentation Particle Swarm Optimization (SePSO) Algorithm’; Aqeel S. Jaber, Abu Zaharin Ahmad, Ahmed N. Abdalla; *IEEE PES Asia-Pacific Power and Energy Engineering Conference 2013*.
- (iii) ‘A Novel Load Frequency Controller based on Parallel Operation of Fuzzy PD with Conventional PI (FPD-PI)’; Aqeel S. Jaber, Abu Zaharin B. Ahmad, Ahmed N. Abdalla; *2nd power and energy conversion symposium (PECS) 2014*.