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Integration of PI-Anti-windup and Fuzzy Logic Control with External Derivative Solution for Leg's Robot Angular Joint Precision

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Abstract. Various ideas have presented in designing and developing the bio-inspired robot legged robot. Researchers may confront numerous challenges in designing control architecture of the legged robot, especially in controlling leg position. As the leg and joints number increases, the complexity of the multi-limbed
system will increase. Thus, robust control is needed. For the case of motion precision in a legged robot, position control is essential to cater fast response of the
angular motion during locomotion. Thus, this paper presents a modification on
hybrid Proportional Integral with the antiwindup algorithm and Fuzzy Logic
Control (PIA-FLC) with an external derivative element named as PIA-FLC-D to
improve the speed of controller response for Hexaquad robot leg's joints. The
proposed PIA-FLC-D control is validated on the first leg of Hexaquad robot, and
the results were analyzed and compared with the previous PIA-FLC. The results
show that the proposed PIA-FLC-D control had enhanced the performance of
angular joint precision with fast response and minimal delay in each leg's joint
motion tracking compares to the previous PIA-FLC controller.

Keywords: Legged Robot, Angular Precision, Anti-windup, Fuzzy Logic Control

1 Introduction

Generally, to enable a manipulator or legged robot moving around the workspace, it require a number of actuators which allowed it to affect the environment surrounding it by applying forces through the workspace or upon workspace [1]. Prismatic (telescoping) and revolute (rotary) are the types of joints that used in connecting between the two or more links of the robotics leg or manipulator depends on its application of usage. For an actuation system that used a revolute type of joint, mostly equipped which electric motor such as dc motor, stepper motor or servo as a direct actuation on the joint between the two robotic leg or manipulator links in which the feedback of actual joint position measured by the sensor connected the joint is supply to control system to control the motors rotation based on desired position. Differ to robot that equipped with