

ETHANOL CO<sub>2</sub> REFORMING OVER Ce AND  
La PROMOTED Cu/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> CATALYSTS FOR  
SYNGAS PRODUCTION

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MASTER OF SCIENCE

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## **SUPERVISOR'S DECLARATION**

We hereby declare that we have checked this thesis and in our opinion, this thesis is adequate in terms of scope and quality for the award of the degree of Master of Science.



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I hereby declare that the work in this thesis is based on my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously or concurrently submitted for any other degree at Universiti Malaysia Pahang or any other institutions.

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CATALYSTS FOR SYNGAS PRODUCTION

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## ABSTRAK

Pembaharuan semula karbon dioksida etanol (ECR) adalah merupakan satu cara yang mesra alam dan baru untuk penghasilan gas sintetik kerana bukan hanya menggunakan bioethanol tetapi menawarkan manfaat tambahan dengan menggunakan gas rumah hijau ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) yang tidak diingini. Walaubagaimanapun, penghasilan karbon semasa proses ECR menyebabkan penyahaktifan pemangkin. Oleh itu, matlamat tesis ini adalah untuk mengkaji kesan  $\text{CeO}_2$  dan  $\text{La}_2\text{O}_3$  sebagai penggalak dan kadar kuantiti penggalak terhadap sifat-sifat fizikokimia bagi pemangkin  $10\% \text{Cu}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ . Pemangkin  $10\% \text{Cu}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  dengan penggalak  $3\% \text{Ce}$ - dan  $3\% \text{La}$ -pemangkin disediakan melalui kaedah pengisitepuan basah baru berturutan manakala, pemangkin tanpa penggalak disediakan melalui teknik pengisitepuan basah baru. Pemangkin dicirikan menggunakan penjerapan fizik  $\text{N}_2$  (BET), penurunan suhu berprogram (TPR), pengoksidaan suhu berprogram (TPO), analisis pembelauan sinar-X (XRD), spektroskopi elektron sinar (XPS), mikroskop elektron pengimbasan (SEM), mikroskop elektron transmisi resolusi tinggi (HRTEM) dan spektroskopi Raman. Proses tersebut dikaji di dalam reaktor keluli tahan karat dengan perbezaan suhu dari 948 hingga 1023 K dan nisbah  $\text{CO}_2:\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$  ratios of 2.5:1 to 1:2.5 di bawah tekanan atmosfera. Luas permukaan BET pemangkin adalah diantara 93.4 to 98.5  $\text{m}^2 \text{g}^{-1}$  manakala purata saiz kristal  $\text{CuO}$  berkurangan dari 32.4 hingga 27.4 nm dengan penambahan  $\text{La}_2\text{O}_3$  dan  $\text{CeO}_2$  disebabkan oleh kesan pencairan. Penambahan penggalak menguatkan interaksi diantara metal dan sokongan, dibuktikan melalui analisis  $\text{H}_2$ -TPR. Peningkatan pengambilan  $\text{H}_2$  dengan penggalak semasa  $\text{H}_2$ -TPR menunjukkan peningkatan tahap pengurangan  $\text{CuO} \rightarrow \text{Cu}^0$ . Kedua-dua penukaran reaktan meningkat dengan peningkatan suhu dari 948-1023 K untuk semua sampel disebabkan oleh sifat endoterma ECR. Peningkatan tekanan separa  $\text{CO}_2$  dari 20 to 50 kPa menambah baik penukaran reaktan untuk semua pemangkin manakala tekanan separa  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$  yang optimum diperhatikan pada 40 kPa. Kehadiran endotermik serentak dehidrogenasi etanol di dalam ECR meningkatkan nisbah  $\text{H}_2/\text{CO}$  dari 1.46-1.91 sesuai dengan sintesis Fischer-Tropsch. Pengukuran XRD oleh pemangkin yang telah digunakan membuktikan fasa aktif  $\text{Cu}^0$  dikekalkan semasa ECR dan pemangkin menentang pengoksidaan semula di dalam bahan mentah yang mengandungi  $\text{CO}_2$ . Walaupun pembentukan karbon dikesan di atas pemangkin yg telah digunakan melalui ukuran XRD, TPO dan HRTEM, penurunan yang besar dalam jumlah pembentukan karbon dari 40.04% hingga 27.55% telah dicapai dengan penambahan penggalak dengan turutan  $\text{La}$ -penggalak <  $\text{Ce}$ - penggalak < pemangkin tanpa penggalak  $\text{Cu}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ .  $3\% \text{La}$ - $\text{Cu}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  adalah pemangkin terbaik untuk kajian dengan penukaran  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$  (94.64%), penukaran  $\text{CO}_2$  (73.21%), hasil  $\text{H}_2$  (68.32%) dan hasil  $\text{CO}$  (32.06%) disebabkan oleh kebolehan kitaran redox, ciri asas dan mempunyai pengambilan  $\text{H}_2$  yang tertinggi dan saiz kristal yang paling kecil.

## ABSTRACT

Ethanol CO<sub>2</sub> reforming (ECR) is an eco-friendly and novel way for syngas production as it not only consumes bio-ethanol but also offers an additional benefit by utilizing the unwanted greenhouse gas (CO<sub>2</sub>). Nevertheless, the carbonaceous deposition during ECR process leads to deactivation of the catalyst. Hence, the aim of this thesis was to investigate the effect of CeO<sub>2</sub> and La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> as promoters and promoter loading on the physicochemical properties of 10% Cu/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. 3% Ce- and 3% La-promoted 10% Cu/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> catalysts were synthesized via sequential incipient wetness impregnation approach meanwhile, unpromoted catalysts were prepared by incipient wetness impregnation technique. The catalysts were characterized using N<sub>2</sub> physisorption (BET), temperature-programmed reduction (TPR), temperature programmed oxidation (TPO), X-ray diffraction (XRD) analysis, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS), scanning electron microscopy (SEM), high-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM) and Raman spectroscopy. The processes were evaluated in stainless steel fixed-bed reactor at varying temperature from 948 to 1023 K and CO<sub>2</sub>:C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH ratios of 2.5:1 to 1:2.5 under atmospheric pressure. The BET surface area of these catalysts was about 93.4 to 98.5 m<sup>2</sup> g<sup>-1</sup> whereas the calculated average CuO crystallite size declined from 32.4 to 27.4 nm with La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and CeO<sub>2</sub> additions because of the diluting effect. Promoter addition enhanced metal-support interaction as evidenced in H<sub>2</sub>-TPR analyses. The increasing H<sub>2</sub> uptake with promoters during H<sub>2</sub>-TPR was indicative of enhancing degree for CuO → Cu<sup>0</sup> reduction. Both reactant conversions increased substantially with rising temperature from 948-1023 K for all samples due to ECR endothermic nature. The increase in CO<sub>2</sub> partial pressure from 20 to 50 kPa improved reactant conversions for all catalysts whilst the optimal C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH partial pressure was observed at 40 kPa. The existence of concurrent endothermic ethanol dehydrogenation in ECR increased H<sub>2</sub>/CO ratio from 1.46 to 1.91 suitable for Fischer-Tropsch synthesis. XRD measurements of spent catalysts proved that Cu<sup>0</sup> active phase was maintained during ECR and catalysts resisted to re-oxidation in CO<sub>2</sub>-containing feedstock. Although carbonaceous formation was detected on spent catalysts by XRD, TPO and HRTEM measurements, the significant decline in total carbon deposition from 40.04% to 27.55% was achieved by promoter addition in this order; La-doped < Ce-doped < unpromoted Cu/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. 3% La-Cu/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> is the best catalyst for this research with C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH conversion (94.64%), CO<sub>2</sub> conversion (73.21%), H<sub>2</sub> yield (68.32%) and CO yield (32.06%) due to redox cycle ability, basic properties, possessed highest H<sub>2</sub> consumption and smallest crystallite size.

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## LIST OF SYMBOLS

$A$	Pre-exponential factor
$B$	The line broadening at half the maximum intensity (FWHM)
$B_{iw}$	Biot number
$c$	Constant characteristic of adsorbate
$C_{Ab}$	Bulk gas-phase concentration of component A
$C_{As}$	Concentration of ethanol on catalyst surface
$C_D$	Percentage of amorphous carbon
$C_{pg}$	Specific heat capacity of feed gas mixture at constant pressure
$C_\gamma$	Carbides
$C_v$	Vermicular carbon (whisker-like)
$D_{eff}$	Effective diffusivity
$D_g$	Diffusivity
$D_p$	Average pore diameter
$d_{CuO}$	Average crystallite size of CuO phase
$d_p$	Diameter of catalyst particle
$d_t$	Diameter of reactor tube
$E_a$	Activation energy
$E_l$	The excitation of laser energy
$F$	Molar flow rates
$h$	Heat transfer coefficient between gas mixture and catalyst
$h_w$	Heat transfer coefficient of reactor tube wall
$j_D$	Colbourn's mass transfer factor
$j_H$	J-factor for heat transfer
$k_c$	Mass transfer coefficient

$L_a$	Crystallite size
$M_{ad}$	Molecular weight of adsorbate
$n_m$	Number of molecules adsorbed
$n$	Reaction order
$P$	Partial pressure of gaseous species
$P_r$	Prandtl number
$P_s$	Saturation pressure of adsorbed gas
$R$	Ideal gas constant
$R_t$	Radius of reactor tube
$R_p$	Particle radius of catalyst
$r$	Production of formation rates
$(-r_{exp})$	Rate of reaction
$S_A$	Total surface area of sample
$S_C$	Schmidt number
$T_b$	Reactant gas bulk temperature
$T_s$	Reactant gas bulk temperature
$T_w$	Tube wall temperature
$t_{ads}$	Thickness of adsorbed layer
$U$	Superficial gas velocity
$V_a$	Volume of gas adsorbed
$V_p$	Total pore volume
$W_{cat}$	Catalyst weight
$X_i$	Reactant conversion
$Y_i$	Yield of product
$\lambda$	Wavelength

$\lambda_m$	Thermal of catalyst material
$\lambda_p$	Thermal conductivity of catalyst pellet
$\theta$	Bragg angle
$\varepsilon$	Void fraction in catalyst bed
$\tau$	Tortuosity
$\sigma_c$	Construction factor
$\omega_p$	Porosity of catalyst pellet
$\mu_g$	Viscosity of gas mixture
$\rho_b$	Bulk density of catalyst bed
$\rho_c$	Density of catalyst pellet
$\rho_g$	Density of gas mixture
$\Delta H$	Heat of reaction
$\Delta G$	Gibbs free energy
$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$	Aluminium oxide
Ce	Ceria
$\text{CeO}_2$	Cerium oxide
Cu	Copper
$\text{CuO}$	Copper oxide
$\text{CO}_2$	Carbon dioxide
Ni	Nickel
Pt	Platinum
Ru	Ruthenium
Rh	Rhodium
Ir	Iridium
Sm	Samarium
Pm	Promethium

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ATR	Autothermal reforming
BET	Brunauer-Emmett-Teller
CNF	Carbon nanofilament
DME	Dimethyl ether
DOE	Department of Energy
ECR	Ethanol CO <sub>2</sub> reforming
EDX	Energy dispersive X-ray
ESR	Ethanol steam reforming
FTS	Fischer-Tropsch synthesis
GC	Gas chromatography
GHSV	Gas hourly space velocity
GTL	Gas to liquid
HRTEM	High resolution transmission electron microscopy
H <sub>2</sub> -TPR	H <sub>2</sub> -temperature programmed reduction
I.D	Inner diameter
JCPDS	Joint committee on powder diffraction standards
MDR	Methane dry reforming
MT	Metric ton
MTBE	Methyl tert-butyl ether
O.D	Outer diameter
POX	Partial oxidation
SEM	Scanning electron microscopy
SR	Steam reforming
TCD	Thermal conductivity detector
TGA	Thermogravimetric analysis
TPO	Temperature-programmed oxidation
TPR	Temperature-programmed reduction
WGS	Water-gas shift
XPS	X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy
XRD	X-ray diffraction

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