

PERFORMANCE OF MICRO GAS TURBINE TRI-
GENERATION SYSTEM AND PHOTOVOLTAIC
HYBRID BASED SYSTEM IN REMOTE
AREA APPLICATIONS

MOHAMAD RIZDWAN BIN RASHID CHAND

MASTER OF SCIENCE

UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA PAHANG



SUPERVISOR'S DECLARATION

We hereby declare that we have checked this thesis and, in our opinion, this thesis is adequate in terms of scope and quality for the award of the degree of Master of Science.

(Supervisor's Signature)

Full Name : DR MOHAMAD FIRDAUS BIN BASRAWI
Position : SENIOR LECTURER
Date : 24 JULY 2020

(Co-supervisor's Signature)

Full Name : PROFESSOR IR DR HASSAN BIN IBRAHIM
Position : PROFESSOR
Date : 24 JULY 2020



STUDENT'S DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work in this thesis is based on my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously or concurrently submitted for any other degree at Universiti Malaysia Pahang or any other institutions.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Mohamad Rizdwan Bin Rashid Chand', is written above a horizontal line.

(Student's Signature)

Full Name : MOHAMAD RIZDWAN BIN RASHID CHAND

ID Number : MMM14019

Date : 24 JULY 2020

PERFORMANCE OF MICRO GAS TURBINE TRIGENERATION
SYSTEM AND PHOTOVOLTAIC HYBRID BASED SYSTEM IN
REMOTE AREA APPLICATIONS

MOHAMAD RIZDWAN BIN RASHID CHAND

Thesis submitted in fulfillment of the requirements
for the award of the degree of
Master of Science

Faculty of Mechanical And Automative Engineering Technology
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA PAHANG

JULY 2020

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In the name of Allah, the Most Gracious and the Most Merciful.

Alhamdulillah, all praises to Allah for the strengths and His blessing in completing this thesis. Special appreciation goes to my supervisor, Dr Mohamad Firdaus Bin Basrawi, for his supervision and constant support. His invaluable help of constructive comments and suggestions throughout the data collection, experimental and thesis works have contributed to the success of this research. Not forgotten, my appreciation to my co-supervisor Professor Ir. Dr. Hassan Bin Ibrahim for his support and invaluable insights in completing this thesis. I would also like to extend my gratitude towards Malaysia Ministry of Education and University Malaysia Pahang for the research grant provided upon the funding provided for the research under grant RDU130133 (FGRS/2/2013/TK06/UMP/02/1) and RDU14011(FGRS/1/2014/TK06/UMP/01/1) respectively. My acknowledgement also goes to Dr. Daing Mohamad Nafiz bin Daing Idris, Dr. Azri bin Alias, Dr. Mohd Azri Hizami Bin Rasid, Dr. Ahmmad Shukrie Bin Md Yudin, Dr. Ahmed Nurye Oumer and Dr. Mohd Yusof bin Taib, Prof Dr. Shahrani Bin Anuar, Mr. Junaedi Irwan Bin Wan Abdul Halim, Mr. Aziha Bin Abdul Aziz , Mr. Mohd Fauzi Bin Mustafa ,Mr. Lee Giok Chui, Dr.Amir Bin Abdul Razak, Dr. Azim Bin Mohd Arshad, Dr. Luqman Hakim bin Ahmad Shah, Dr. Zulkifli bin Ahmad@Manap, Mrs.Norshalawati binti Mat Yusof , Mr. Mohamad Faizal bin Mohamed Zahri , Mrs. Nur Sufiah binti Jamaludin, Mrs. Suhaida binti Mohamad Salleh and to those who indirectly contributed in my research and postgraduate affairs.

All praises to Allah for the strengths and His blessing and mercy showered upon my parents. My deepest gratitude goes to my beloved parents Mr. Rashid Chand bin Abdullah and Mrs. Khadijah Bibi Binti Md Meerasa as well as my siblings Ms. Noor Jahan Binti Rashid Chand, Mr. Mohamad Nowfal Bin Rashid Chand, Mr. Mohamad Riyaz Bin Rashid Chand and Mr. Mohamad Fazil bin Rashid Chand. I express my sincere appreciation to them as encountering various obstacles, and challenges during this research is impossible without their endless love, prayers and encouragement, patients and sacrifices.

Last but not least, I would like to thanks all my friends especially Mr. Mohd Afzam, Mr. Nazani Nazri, Mr. Davindra Brabu Mathivanan, Ms. Siti Aisyah Safi, Mr. Muhamad Ridzuan Bin Hamdan, Mr. Hasrul Hanafi, Mr, Ali Elghool, Mr. Abdullah Al-Anati, Mr. Mohd Fahmi Othman, Md Mahmudul Hassan Roni, Mr. Mehedi Hassan, Dr. Mohd Yusri, Mr. Che Ku Ihsan, Mr. Hazwan Marzuki, Mr. Mohd Kamal, Mr. Ahmad Syazwan , Mr. Luqman, Ms. Nasrin Zafirah and Ms. Nur Munira Anwar and to those who assisted me indirectly in completion of my thesis.

“It’s not about how hard you can hit, it’s about how hard you can get hit and keep moving forward”

Mohamad Rizdwan Bin Rashid Chand
(Wan Chand)

ABSTRAK

Antara tunjang utama bagi perkembangan teknologi di dalam bidang penjanaan kuasa (*Power Generation*) ialah untuk menambahbaikkan sistem penjanaan kuasa konvensional sedia-ada dari segi prestasi penggunaan bahan bakar serta mengurangkan pembebasan gas berbahaya. Di samping itu, ia jugak bertujuan untuk mempelbagaikan sumber tenaga untuk memastikan kemandirian tenaga di dalam bidang penjanaan kuasa di masa hadapan. Antara alternatif yang telah dicadangkan adalah dengan membangunkan teknologi sistem hibrid yang mengintegrasikan sistem tri-generasi turbin gas mikro dan sistem fotovoltaik, PV- MGT(TGS). Sistem hibrid berikut berkemampuan untuk menghasilkan tenaga elektrik, air panas bagi tenaga haba serta udara sejuk bagi sistem penyaman udara dengan serentak. Sistem PV- MGT(TGS) berkemampuan untuk menghasilkan tenaga-tenaga berikut dengan mengabungkan komponen – komponen seperti turbin gas mikro, fotovoltaik, tangki simpanan air panas, tangki simpanan air sejuk, penukar haba, menara pendinginan, penghawa dingin penyerapan, dandang dan bateri. Terdapat banyak kajian telah dijalankan bagi menganalisa keupayaan sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) untuk digunakan sebagai sistem penjanaan kuasa teragih (*Distributed Generation*). Namun, kajian-kajian yang telah dijalankan lebih bertumpu kepada aplikasi penjanaan kuasa di kawasan rumah kediaman, pejabat, pengilangan serta kawasan komersial yang hanya terletak di kawasan bandar. Walaupun, beberapa kajian telah menggambarkan prestasi yang positif, masih terdapat kekurangan di dalam kajian bagi aplikasi di luar bandar seperti perkampungan pedalaman dan pulau – pulau terperinci. Oleh yang demikian, kajian ini telah dijalankan untuk mengkaji potensi sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) untuk diaplikasikan di kawasan – kawasan terperinci. Objektif utama penyelidikan ini ialah untuk menganalisis prestasi teknikal sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) bagi aplikasi di kawasan terperinci untuk operasi tahunan dengan menjalankan simulasi. Penyelidikan ini jugak bertujuan untuk menilai sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) dari segi faktor penggunaan tenaga, ekonomi dan kesan terhadap persekitaran berdasarkan operasi di kawasan terperinci. Sebuah kawasan yang terletak di Pulau Tioman telah dipilih sebagai tapak kajian. Data - data penggunaan tenaga elektrik, bilangan pelancong dan data cuaca di kawasan tersebut telah diperolehi melalui tinjauan tapak, kaedah anggaran dan sistem pemantauan. Bagi tujuan simulasi, komponen – komponen sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) telah dimodelkan dengan menggunakan data -data pengilang, penerbitan dan model termodinamik sediaada. Simulasi tersebut dijalankan menggunakan perisian Simulink® di mana model matematik bagi komponen sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) dan data-data penggunaan tenaga telah disusun (compiled) bagi tujuan simulasi. Untuk mereplikasikan operasi sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS), algoritma bagi strategi operasi telah dinyahkodkan di dalam perisian tersebut. Simulasi operasi sistem hibrid PV- MGT(TGS) untuk penjanaan kuasa di resort tersebut dijalankan bagi operasi selama 8760 jam (1 Tahun). Seterusnya, berdasarkan prestasi sistem hibrid tersebut dinilai dari segi faktor penggunaan bahan tenaga mentah, kos Kitaran Hidup serta dan kadar perlepasan gas- gas berbahaya. Melalui penyelidikan ini, ia didapati bahawa sistem hibrid PV- MGT (TGS) dapat mencapai 21.08% penjimatan dalam penggunaan tenaga bahan mentah jika dibandingkan dengan sistem konvensional. Sistem hibrid berkemampuan untuk pengurangan pelepasan gas oksida Nitrogen (NO_x) sebanyak 81.00%, karbon monoksida (CO) sebanyak 57.00% dan karbon dioksida (CO₂) sebanyak 75.60% jika dibandingkan dengan sistem konvensional. Walau bagaimanapun, sistem hibrid PV- MGT (TGS) gagal mencapai keuntungan bersih (Net Profit) melalui analisis kos kitaran hidup.

ABSTRACT

The technological advancements in power generation are primarily undertaken to overcome the drawbacks of conventional energy system while diversifying energy sources to ensure sustainability in future power generation. One of the alternatives proposed is to implement a hybrid system combining both photovoltaic and micro gas turbine in a trigeneration scheme, the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system. Basically, it is a distributed energy system that is capable of producing electricity, hot water and cooling air simultaneously. The system integrates various components including micro gas turbine, photovoltaic, heat exchanger, hot and chilled water storage, absorption chiller and auxiliaries' components such as boiler and batteries. Although there were several studies conducted on analyzing the performances of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system for urban residential and office application, however, there is lack of existing studies describing performances of the respective system for remote area application. Thus, this research intended to analyze the performance of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system for remote area applications to ensure its feasibility for such applications. The main objectives of the research are to investigate the technical performances of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system for annual operation in remote area through simulations, as well as to analyze the energetic, economic and environmental performances of the hybrid system in a remote area application. The system is analyzed based on the performances obtained from an application-based simulation. Whereby, a resort located on Tioman Island is selected as the demand site. The energy data and weather data of the demand site are acquired through site visit survey, estimation tool and real-time monitoring system respectively. The mathematical model of each component in the hybrid system is derived from manufacturer's data sheets, published experimental data and thermodynamic modeling. The simulations are performed in the Simulink® environment where the mathematical models, operation algorithms of the proposed dispatch strategy and collected data are integrated. The simulations are carried out on an hourly basis for 8760-hour period (1 Year). Subsequently, based on the simulation result, the energetic, economic and environmental performances of the hybrid system are evaluated through primary energy analysis, life cycle cost analysis and emission reduction index. The outcome of the research demonstrates that the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system are able to achieve 21.08% of primary energy saving than the conventional system throughout the year. It can be observed that the hybrid system achieved 81%, 57%, 75.6% of emission reduction of oxide of Nitrogen (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO₂), as compared to the conventional system. However, the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system failed to achieve positive net profit under Life Cycle Cost Analysis.

TABLE OF CONTENT

DECLARATION	
TITLE PAGE	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	ii
ABSTRAK	iii
ABSTRACT	iv
TABLE OF CONTENT	v
LIST OF TABLES	x
LIST OF FIGURES	xi
LIST OF SYMBOLS	xiv
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xx
LIST OF APPENDICES	xxii
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background of Study	1
1.2 Overview of PV-MGT (TGS) Hybrid Based System	5
1.3 Problem Statement	7
1.4 Research Objectives	8
1.5 Scope of Research	9
1.6 Significance of Research	10
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	12
2.1 Introduction	12
2.2 Overview of Trigeration System (TGS) in DG system	13

2.3	Typical Prime Movers Technologies in TGS based DG system	15
2.3.1	Natural Gas and Internal Combustion Engine	16
2.3.2	Fuel Cell	17
2.3.3	Stirling Engine	18
2.3.4	Micro Gas Turbine (MGT)	18
2.4	Why MGT? Technical Comparison for TGS based DG System	19
2.5	Thermal Energy Utilisation for Heating and Heat Exchanger	21
2.6	Thermally Activated Cooling Technology and Absorption Chiller	24
2.7	Overview of Photovoltaic (PV) Technologies	28
2.8	Previous Study on PV-CGS or PV-TGS Hybrid Based System	28
2.9	Research Gap in PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid Based System	32
CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY		34
3.1	Introduction	34
3.2	Methodology Flowchart	35
3.3	Targeted Building for Application	36
3.4	Data Collection on Weather Conditions	41
3.4.1	Ambient Temperature (T_{amb})	41
3.4.2	Global Solar Irradiance (I_G)	42
3.5	Data Collection and Estimation of Energy Demand	44
3.5.1	Electrical Energy Demand for Electrical Appliances (E_{demand})	45
3.5.2	Heating Energy Demand for Water Heating (Q_{DHW})	48
3.5.3	Cooling Energy Demand for Air-Conditioning system (Q_{AC})	50
3.5.4	Estimation of Piping Heat Gain and Loses	53
3.5.5	Total Thermal Energy Demand (Q_{demand})	56
3.6	Sizing of PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System Component	57

3.6.1	Micro gas Turbine	57
3.6.2	Photovoltaic Modules	57
3.6.3	Battery	58
3.6.4	Chilled Water Storage and Absorption Chiller	59
3.6.5	Hot Water Storage (HWS)	60
3.7	Mathematical Modelling of PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System Components	60
3.7.1	Micro Gas Turbine (MGT)	60
3.7.2	Heat Exchanger	65
3.7.3	Hot Water Storage (HWS)	68
3.7.4	Chill Water Storage (CWS)	71
3.7.5	Absorption Chiller	73
3.7.6	Photovoltaic	76
3.7.7	Battery	78
3.7.8	Boiler	80
3.7.9	Parasitic Energy of the PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System	80
3.8	Proposed Dispatch Strategy to Satisfy E_{demand}	82
3.9	Proposed Dispatch Strategy to Satisfy Q_{demand}	87
3.10	Simulation Procedure in Simulink® Environment	89
3.11	Analysis on PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System	92
3.11.1	Reference Conventional Energy System	92
3.11.2	Energetic Analysis	93
3.11.3	Environmental Analysis	94
3.11.4	Economic Analysis	96
CHAPTER 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION		103
4.1	Introduction	103

4.2	Results of Meteorological Data Collection	103
4.2.1	Ambient Temperature (T_{amb})	103
4.2.2	Solar Irradiation ($\bar{I}G$)	105
4.3	Results on the Energy Demand Estimation	107
4.3.1	Electrical Energy Demand (E_{demand})	107
4.3.2	Cooling Energy Demand (Q_{AC}) for Air-Conditioning	108
4.3.3	Thermal Energy Demand (Q_{demand}) for Hot Water and Air-Conditioning	109
4.3.4	Peak Day Energy Demand and Validation	111
4.4	Sizing of PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System Equipment	113
4.4.1	MGT, PV and Battery Capacity	113
4.4.2	Absorption Chiller and CWS Capacity	115
4.4.3	Hot Water Storage (HWS) and Boiler Sizing	117
4.5	Validation of Mathematical Models	119
4.5.1	Micro Gas Turbine (MGT) Model	119
4.5.2	Photovoltaic (PV) Model	121
4.5.3	Heat Exchanger Model	122
4.5.4	Absorption Chiller Model	123
4.5.5	Energy Storage Model	124
4.6	Simulation Results	124
4.6.1	Electrical Energy Balance	125
4.6.2	Thermal Energy Balance	127
4.6.3	MGT Electrical Efficiency (η_{el})	129
4.6.4	MGT Overall Efficiency (η_{MGT})	130
4.6.5	COP of Absorption Chiller	131
4.6.6	Photovoltaic Module Efficiency	132

4.6.7	Chill Water Storage Performance	133
4.6.8	Hot Water Storage Performance	134
4.7	Primary Energy Analysis	135
4.7.1	Primary Energy Consumption (PEC)	135
4.7.2	Primary Energy Ratio (PER) and Primary Energy Saving (PES)	137
4.8	Environmental Analysis	139
4.8.1	NO _x Emission	139
4.8.2	CO Emission	140
4.8.3	CO ² Emission	142
4.8.4	Emission Reduction Index	143
4.9	Life Cycle Cost Analysis and Net Profit	144
CHAPTER 5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION		148
5.1	Conclusion	148
5.2	Recommendation	150
REFERENCES		152

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1	Performance characteristics of common prime mover technologies	20
Table 2.2	Recovered thermal energy opportunity in heating applications	23
Table 2.3	Characteristics of typical thermally activated cooling technology	25
Table 2.4	Previous research work conducted on PV and CGS (PV-CGS) and PV and TGS (PV-TGS) hybrid-based systems	31
Table 3.1	Monthly data of number of occupant and chalet in operation	40
Table 3.2	Type, quantity and wattage of appliance in both chalet and restaurant	45
Table 3.3	Parameter and survey result on hot water usage	48
Table 3.4	The parameters and design condition of the chalets utilised using RTSM	52
Table 3.5	Technical parameters of hot water and chill water pipings	53
Table 3.6	Specifications and performance of C-30 MGT unit	61
Table 3.7	Specifications and performance of MG1-C1 heat exchanger	66
Table 3.8	Specifications and performance of WC-SC10 absorption chiller	73
Table 3.9	Parameters of the reference 250W Monocrystalline PV Module	77
Table 3.10	Emission factor of the respective conventional power plant	95
Table 3.11	Costing of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system equipment	98
Table 3.12	Operation and maintainance cost of hybrid system equipment	99
Table 3.13	Lifetime of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system equipment	100
Table 3.14	Depreciation rate of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system equipment	101
Table 4.1	Monthly mean T_{amb} from February 2015 to January 2016	104
Table 4.2	Capacity of MGT, PV and battery in the hybrid system	114
Table 4.3	Characteristic and specifications of CWS	116
Table 4.4	Characteristic and specifications of HWS	118
Table 4.5	MPE and MAPE for the MGT model output parameters	119
Table 4.6	The LCC of the hybrid system under the proposed dispatch strategy	144

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. 1	Illustrations of centralised energy system and distributed generation	2
Figure 1.2	Type of DG system technologies and the respective technologies	3
Figure 1.3	Schematic diagram of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid based system	5
Figure 2.1	The block diagram of CGS and TGS general mechanism	14
Figure 2.2	Percentage of installed prime movers technologies in U.S CGS and TGS	17
Figure 2. 3	Exhaust heat temperature range of typical CGS/TGS prime movers	22
Figure 2.4	Type of thermal recovery technologies for exhaust heat recovery	24
Figure 2.5	Mechanism of LiBr- H ₂ O Single-Effect absorption chiller	27
Figure 2. 6	Conceptual generations of PV and CGS/TGS hybrid system	29
Figure 3.1	Research flow chart summarising the methodology implemented	35
Figure 3.2	Annual number of tourists visiting the island from 2010 to 2015	37
Figure 3. 3	Site location and orientation of chalets in the resort due to true north	38
Figure 3. 4	Layout of Type-A chalet in the Juara Mutiara Resort	39
Figure 3. 5	Layout of Type-B chalet in the Juara Mutiara Resort	39
Figure 3. 6	LM-35 temperature sensor and radiation shield in weather station facility	42
Figure 3. 7	The pyranometer that are utilised to monitor the solar irradiance	43
Figure 3.8	The daily hourly normalised electric consumption of a chalet	46
Figure 3.9	The daily hourly normalised electric consumption of the restaurant	47
Figure 3.10	The hourly hot water consumption for a day in a chalet	49
Figure 3. 11	Overview of cooling load calculation using RTSM	51
Figure 3.12	Piping layers and terminology of the technical parameters	54
Figure 3.13	Thermal resistance network of underground and aboveground piping	54
Figure 3. 14	MGT model block developed in Simulink®	61
Figure 3.15	Heat exchanger model block developed in Simulink®	66
Figure 3.16	Illustration of HWS mechanism in the hybrid system	68
Figure 3.17	HWS model block developed in Simulink®	69

Figure 3. 18	Illustration of CWS mechanism in the hybrid system	71
Figure 3. 19	CWS model block developed in Simulink®	71
Figure 3.20	Absorption chiller model block developed in Simulink®	74
Figure 3.21	PV model block developed in Simulink®	76
Figure 3.22	Block diagram of PV Model in Simulink®	78
Figure 3. 23	Boiler model block developed in Simulink® environment.	80
Figure 3. 24	Operation algorithms of the proposed dispatch strategy to satisfy the E_{demand}	84
Figure 3. 25	The operation algorithms of the proposed dispatch to satisfy the Q_{demand}	87
Figure 3. 26	Finalised PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system simulation window developed in Simulink® environment	91
Figure 3.27	Conventional separate heat, cold and power production system	93
Figure 4.1	Hourly T_{amb} data collected from February 2015 to January 2016	104
Figure 4. 2	I_G profile on the day with highest and lowest of average daily \bar{I}_G	105
Figure 4.3	Monthly global solar insolation in kWh/m ² by month	106
Figure 4.4	Average daily irradiation scale to indicate site potential for PV system	106
Figure 4.5	Monthly electrical energy demand of Juara Mutiara Resort	107
Figure 4.6	Total Q_{AC} required by the chalets in each month	108
Figure 4.7	Monthly Q_{demand} required by the chalets facility.	110
Figure 4. 8	Hourly peak day energy demand profile of the resort	111
Figure 4.9	Comparison of estimated E_{demand} of restaurant to utility bills from TNB	113
Figure 4.10	Expected operation of PV and MGT unit on peak demand day	114
Figure 4. 11	Storage capacity of CWS, chiller output and cooling load on peak day	115
Figure 4.12	HWS capacity, boiler output and peak day thermal demand	117
Figure 4.13	Modeled and actual performances \dot{m}_{Ex} under Case 1 and Case 2	120
Figure 4.14	Model vs Measured Power Output (E_{PV}) of PV module	121
Figure 4.15	Actual and predicted performance characteristic of heat exchanger	122
Figure 4.16	Actual and predicted performance of the absorption chiller	123

Figure 4.17	Monthly electrical energy balance of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	125
Figure 4.18	Monthly breakdown of PV energy utilisation	126
Figure 4.19	Monthly thermal energy balance of the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	128
Figure 4.20	Exhaust heat utilisation from the HWS to satisfy the thermal demand	128
Figure 4.21	The hourly η_{el} of the MGT unit in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	129
Figure 4.22	The hourly η_{MGT} of the MGT unit in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	130
Figure 4.23	Hourly COP of the absorption chiller in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	131
Figure 4.24	COP of chiller at increasing T_g	131
Figure 4.25	Hourly η_{pv} of the PV system in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	132
Figure 4.26	The efficiency of PV and T_{amb} on a clear sky day	133
Figure 4.27	Hourly Q_{CWS} of the CWS in the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	133
Figure 4.28	Hourly cooling capacity of the HWS	134
Figure 4.29	Monthly primary energy consumption of MGT and boiler unit in the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	135
Figure 4.30	The monthly PER_{conv} and PER_{Hybrid}	137
Figure 4.31	The PES of PV-MGT(TGS) over the conventional system	138
Figure 4.32	Monthly NO_x emission of MGT and boiler unit in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	139
Figure 4.33	Monthly CO emissions of MGT and boiler unit in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	140
Figure 4.34	The LF of MGT against the CO emissions	141
Figure 4.35	Monthly CO_2 emission of MGT and boiler unit in PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	142
Figure 4.36	ERI of PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system compared to conventional system	143
Figure 4.37	Breakdown of system C_{cap} of the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	144
Figure 4.38	Breakdown of system C_M of the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	145
Figure 4.39	Breakdown of system C_{rep} of the PV-MGT(TGS) hybrid system	146
Figure 4.40	Net Profit against the electricity tariff	147

LIST OF SYMBOLS

A_{CWS}	Surface Area of Chilled Water Storage [m ²]
A_{HWS}	Surface Area of Hot Water Storage [m ²]
C_{Bat}	The Capacity of Battery [AH]
A_{HW}	Surface Area of Hot Water Storage Tank [m ²]
A_{PV}	Effective Surface Area of a Single Photovoltaic Module [m ²]
$C_{AB.C}$	Capital Cost of Absorption Chiller [US\$]
C_{Batt}	Capital Cost of Battery [US\$]
C_{Boil}	Capital Cost of Boiler [US\$]
C_c	Heat Capacity Rate of Cold Fluid in Heat Exchanger [kW/°C]
C_{Cap}	Total Capital Cost [US\$]
C_{CT}	Capital Cost of Cooling Tower [US\$]
C_E	Cost of Energy Consumed [US\$]
C_{Ele}	Cost of Electricity per unit of kWh usage [US\$/ kWh]
C_{FCU}	Capital Cost of Fan Coil Unit [US\$]
C_h	Heat Capacity Rate of Hot Fluid in Heat Exchanger [kW/°C]
C_{Inv}	Capital Cost of Inverter [US\$]
C_{Mar}	Market Cost of Equipment [US\$]
$C_{MGT(CGS)}$	Capital Cost of Micro Gas Turbine with Cogeneration System [US\$]
C_{min}	Minimum Heat Capacity Rate in Heat Exchanger [kW/°C]
C_{NG}	The Price of Natural Gas Per Unit Volume [\$/m ³]
$C_{O\&M}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.AB.C}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost of Absorption Chiller [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.Bat}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost of Battery [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.Boil}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost of Boiler [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.CT}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost of Cooling Tower [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.MGT(CGS)}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost MGT- Cogeneration System [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.PV}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost of Photovoltaic [US\$]
$C_{O\&M.Storage}$	Operation and Maintenance Cost of Water Storage [US\$]
COP	Coefficient of Performance [-]
$COP_{AB.C}$	Coefficient of Performance of Absorption Chiller [-]
$C_{p.Ex}$	Specific Heat Capacity of Exhaust Gases [kJ/kg.°C]

$C_{p.W}$	Specific Heat Capacity of Water [kJ/kg.°C]
C_{Pipe}	Capital Cost of Piping [US\$]
C_{PV}	Capital Cost of Photovoltaic [US\$]
C_{Rep}	Replacement Cost [US\$]
C_{Sal}	Salvage Cost [US\$]
$C_{Storage}$	Capital Cost of Water Storage [US\$]
$E_{Cha}(t)$	Electric Consumption of a Single Chalet at Hour t [kWh]
E_{Avoid}	Total Annual Amount of Electricity Avoided from Grid [kWh]
E_B	Amount of Energy Available in Battery[kWh]
$E_{B.Chrg}$	Amount of Energy Charged into Battery [kWh]
$E_{B.Dchrg}$	Amount of Energy Discharged from Battery [kWh]
$E_{B.Max}$	Maximum Amount of Energy Stored/Charged in Battery [kWh]
$E_{B.Min}$	Minimum Amount of Energy Discharged from Battery [kWh]
E_{CT}	Electrical Energy Consumption of Cooling Tower [kWh]
$E_{D.demand}$	Average Daily Electrical Energy Demand [kWh/day]
E_{demand}	Electrical Energy Demand [kWh]
$E_{demand.Cha}(t)$	Electrical Energy Demand of Chalets at hour t [kWh]
$E_{demand.Res}(t)$	Electrical Energy Demand of Restaurant at hour t [kWh]
E_{Dump}	Excess Electrical Energy - Dump[kWh]
E_{MGT}	Energy Output of Micro Gas Turbine [kWh]
$E_{MGT.FL}$	Energy Output of Micro Gas Turbine at Full Load [kWh]
$E_{n.Conv}$	Total Amount of Emission by Conventional Energy System [kg]
$E_{n.Hybrid}$	Total Amount of Emission by PV-MGT (TGS) hybrid system [kg]
E_P	Parasitic Energy Consumption [kWh]
$E_{P.AB.C}$	Parasitic Energy Consumption by Absorption Chiller [kWh]
$E_{P.C}$	Parasitic Energy Consumption by Fuel Compressor [kWh]
$E_{P.HX}$	Parasitic Energy Consumption by Heat Exchanger [kWh]
$E_{penalty}$	Amount of Electrical Energy Penalized due to Insufficiency [kWh]
E_{pump}	Parasitic Energy Consumption by Pumps [kWh]
E_{PV}	Energy Output of Photovoltaic Modules [kWh]
E_{rCT}	Rated Electric Consumption of Cooling Tower [kWh]
E_{Supply}	Electrical Energy Supplied to Meet Demand [kWh]
ε	Effectiveness of Heat Exchanger [-]

g	Gravitational Force [kg/ms ²]
H	Dynamic Head of Pump [m]
h_1	Convection Heat Transfer Coefficient of Pipe [W/m.°C]
h_2	Convection Heat Transfer Coefficient of Surrounding [W/M.°c]
i	Interest Rate [%]
\bar{I}_B	Direct Normal Solar Irradiation [kWh/m ²]
IC	Internal Combustion Engine
\bar{I}_D	Diffuse Solar Irradiation [kWh/m ²]
\bar{I}_{EXT}	Extraterrestrial Irradiation [kWh/m ²]
I_G	Global Solar Irradiation [kWh/m ²]
$\bar{I}_{G.ave}$	Average Daily Global Solar Irradiation [kWh/m ² .day]
$\bar{I}_{G.STC}$	Global Solar Irradiation at Standard Testing Condition (STC) [kWh/m ²]
\bar{I}_o	Solar Constant [kWh/m ²]
K_{dirt}	Coefficient of Loses of Photovoltaic Module due to Dirt and Dust [-]
K_G	Coefficient of Solar Irradiation [-]
k_{Ins}	Thermal Conductivity of Insulation [W/m.°C]
k_{Jacket}	Thermal Conductivity of Jacket [W/m.°C]
$K_{mismatch}$	Coefficient of Loses of Photovoltaic Module due to Interconnection [-]
k_p	Thermal Conductivity of Pipe [W/m.°C]
k_{soil}	Thermal Conductivity of Soil [W/m.°C]
K_T	Clearness Index [-]
K_T	Coefficient of PV Module Temperature [-]
L	Length of Pipe [m]
\dot{m}	Mass Flow Rate of Pumps [kg/s]
$\dot{m}_{Ex.}$	Exhaust Mass Flow Rate of Micro Gas Turbine [kg/s]
$\dot{m}_{Ex.FL}$	Exhaust Mass Flow Rate of Micro Gas Turbine at Full Load [kg/s]
\dot{m}_W	Mass Flow Rate of Water [kg/s]
n	Number of Days
N	Life Cycle Period [year].
N_{Auto}	Number of Autonomy Days of Battery
NB	Nominal Bore of Pipe
N_{Chalet}	Number of Chalet Operating at Hour t

NH_3	Ammonia Solution
N_M	Number of Photovoltaic Module
NO_x	Oxide of Nitrogen
OD_{Ins}	Outside Diameter of Insulation [m]
OD_{Jacket}	Outside Diameter of Jacket [m]
OD_{Pipe}	Outside Diameter of Pipe [m]
PWF_{AUP}	Present Worth Factor for Annual Uniform Payment
PWF_S	Present Worth Factor for Single Payment
$Q_{AB.C}$	Amount Of Cooling Energy from Absorption Chiller [kWh]
Q_{AC}	Thermal Energy Demand for Air Conditioning [kWh]
$Q_{AC.th}$	Thermal Energy Required by Absorption Chill [kWh]
Q_{boiler}	Thermal Energy Required from Boiler [kWh]
Q_{Chrg}	Thermal Energy Charged into Hot Water Storage [kWh]
Q_{CL}	Cooling Load for Air Conditioning [kWh]
$Q_{CW.PG}$	Piping Heat Gain due to Surrounding Temperature [kWh]
$Q_{CWS.Max}$	Maximum Cooling Capacity of Chilled Water Storage [kWh]
Q_{Dchrg}	Thermal Energy Discharged from Hot Water Storage [kWh]
Q_{demand}	Total Thermal Energy Demand [kWh]
Q_{DHW}	Thermal Energy Demand for Domestic Hot Water [kWh]
$Q_{DHW.PL}$	Piping Heat Loss due to Surrounding Temperature [kWh]
Q_{dump}	Excess Thermal Energy – Dump [kWh]
Q_e	Thermal Energy Rejected to Cooling Tower [kWh]
Q_{ehr}	Thermal Energy from Exhaust Heat Recovery [kWh]
Q_{Ex}	Thermal Energy from Exhaust of Micro Gas Turbine [kWh]
$Q_{Ex.FL}$	Thermal Energy from Exhaust of Micro Gas Turbine at Full Load [kWh]
$Q_{f.Boil}$	Fuel Energy Consumption of Boiler - LHV [kWh]
$Q_{f.MGT}$	Fuel Energy Consumption of Micro Gas Turbine - LHV [kWh]
$Q_{f.MGT.FL}$	Fuel Energy Consumption of Micro Gas Turbine at Full Load - LHV [kWh]
Q_g	Thermal Energy Input Required by Absorption Chiller [kWh]
Q_{HWS}	Thermal Storage Capacity of Hot Water Storage [kWh]
$Q_{HWS.Max}$	Maximum Thermal Storage Capacity of Hot Water Storage [kWh]

$Q_{L.CWS}$	Cooling Energy Loss of Chilled Water Storage [kWh]
$Q_{L.HWS}$	Thermal Energy Loss of Hot Water Storage [kWh]
Q_{Max}	Maximum Thermal Energy Transfer of Heat Exchanger [kWh]
$Q_{rAB.C}$	Rated Cooling Capacity of Absorption Chiller [kWh]
Q_{rg}	Rated Thermal Energy Input of Absorption Chiller [kWh]
Q_{Tank}	Thermal Energy Available in Hot Water Storage [kWh]
R_{Conv-1}	Convection at Pipe Inner Surface [W/m.°C]
R_{Ins}	Conduction at Insulation Surface [W/m.°C]
R_{Jacket}	Conduction at Jacket Surface [W/m.°C]
R_{Pipe}	Conduction at Pipe Surface [W/m.°C]
$R_{Total.AG}$	Overall Thermal Resistance of Aboveground Piping [W/m.°C]
$R_{Total.UG}$	Overall Thermal Resistance of Underground Piping [W/m.°C]
T_{amb}	Ambient Temperature [°C]
T_C	Photovoltaic Module Cell Temperature [°C]
T_{CW}	Design Chilled Water Temperature [°C]
T_{CWS}	Temperature of Chilled Water in Cold Water Storage [°C]
T_{DHW}	Design Hot Water Temperature [°C]
T_{Ex}	Exhaust Temperature of Micro Gas Turbine [°C]
T_{Ex-FL}	Exhaust Temperature of Micro Gas Turbine at Full Load [°C]
$T_{Ex.out}$	Exhaust Outlet Temperature in Heat Exchanger [°C],
TGS	Trigeneration System
T_{HWS}	Temperature of Chilled Water in Hot Water Storage [°C]
$T_{r.CW}$	Temperature of Return Water in Cold Water Storage [°C]
T_{Soil}	Temperature of Grund Soil [°C]
T_{STC}	PV module cell temperature at STC [°C].
T_W	Initial Water Temperature of Storage [°C],
$T_{W.i}$	Inlet Water Temperature of Domestic Pipe [°C]
$T_{W.in}$	Exhaust Inlet Temperature in Heat Exchanger [°C],
$T_{W.out}$	Water Outlet Temperature in Heat Exchanger [°C]
U_{CWS}	Coefficient of Heat Loss of Chilled Water Storage [W/m ² °C]
U_{HWS}	Coefficient of Heat Loss of Hot Water Storage [W/m ² °C]
V_{Bat}	Nominal Voltage of Battery[v]
V_{CT}	Volume Flow Rate of Water Pumped into Cooling Tower [m ³ /hr]

V_{CWS}	Volume of Chilled Water Storage [m ³]
$V_{demand-HW}$	Volume of Hot Water Demand of Chalet [m ³]
V_{HW}	Volume of Hot Water Consumption in a Single Chalet [m ³]
V_{HWS}	Volume of Hot Water Storage [m ³]
$V_{NG,fuel}$	Natural Gas Calorific Value
V_{rCT}	Rated Volume Flow Rate of Water Pumped into Cooling Tower [m ³ /hr]
z	Depth of Pipe in Ground Soil [m]
β	Temperature Coefficient of Photovoltaic Module [%/°C],
η_{Bat}	Efficiency of Battery [-]
η_{cc}	Efficiency of Charge Controller [-]
η_{CWS}	Thermal Efficiency of Chilled Water Storage [-]
η_{el}	Electric Efficiency of Micro Gas Turbine [-]
η_{FCU}	Efficiency of Fan Coil Unit [-]
η_{inv}	Efficiency of Inverter [-]
η_{MGT}	Overall Efficiency of Micro Gas Turbine [-]
η_{MGT-FL}	Electric Efficiency of Micro Gas Turbine at Full Load [-]
η_{mixed}	Storage Efficiency of Fully Mixed Hot and Chilled Water Storage [-]
η_{PV} ,	Efficiency of Photovoltaic Module [-]
η_V	Volumetric Efficiency of Hot and Chilled Water Storage [-]
ρ_w	Density of Water [kg/m ³]

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

a-Si	Amorphous Silicon
CCF	Cooling Capacity Factor of Absorption Chiller [-]
Cd-Te	Cadmium Telluride
CGS	Cogeneration System
CiGS	Copper Indium Gallium Selenide
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CT	Cooling Tower
CWS	Chilled Water Storage
<i>d</i>	Depreciation Rate
DBFC	Direct Borohyde Fuel Cell
DG	Distributed Generation
DMFC	Direct Methanol Fuel Cell
DOD	Depth of Discharge of Battery
EF	Emission Factor
EHX	Heat Exchanger
ERI	Emission Reduction Index
FC	Fuel Cell
<i>HIF</i>	Heat Input Factor
<i>HMFCF</i>	Heat Medium Flow Correction Factor
HRSG	Heat Recovery Steam Generator
HWS	Hot Water Storage
IEA	International Energy Agency
LCC	Life Cycle Cost Analysis
<i>LF</i>	Load Factor of Micro gas Turbine [-]
LHV	Lower Heating Value of Fuel
LiBr	Lithium-Bromide Solution
LiBr-H ₂ O	Lithium-Bromide and Water Solution
<i>LT</i>	Lifetime of Equipment
MGT	Micro Gas Turbine
Mono-PV	Monocrystalline Photovoltaic Module
<i>NOCT</i>	Nominal Operating Cell Temperature of Photovoltaic Module [°C]

<i>NTU</i>	Number of Transfer Units of Heat Exchanger
PCFC	Protonic Fuel Cells
PEC	Primary Energy Consumption
<i>PEC_{conv}</i>	Primary Energy Consumption of Conventional Energy System
PER	Primary Energy Rate
PES	Primary Energy Saving
Poly-PV	Polycrystalline Photovoltaic Module
PV	Photovoltaic System/Module
PV-CGS	Photovoltaic Based Cogeneration System
PV-MGT(TGS)	Micro Gas Turbine Trigenation and Photovoltaic Hybrid System
PV-TGS	Photovoltaic Based Trigenation System
RTSM	Radiant Time Series Method
SE	Sterling Engine
<i>SOC</i>	State of Charge of Battery
SOFC	Solid oxide fuel cell
TCF	Photovoltaic Module Temperature Correction Factor
TNB	Tenaga National Berhad
WHRB	Waste Heat Recovery Boiler

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A1	Simulink Model of Micro Gas Turbine	169
Appendix A2	Simulink Model of Heat Exchanger	170
Appendix A3	Simulink Model of Hot Water Storage	171
Appendix A4	Simulink Model of Chilled Water Storage	172
Appendix A5	Simulink Model of Absorption Chiller	173
Appendix A6	Simulink Model of Photovoltaic	174
Appendix A7	Simulink Model of Battery	175
Appendix A8	Simulink Model of Boiler	176
Appendix B1	Dispatch Strategy of PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System For Electrical Energy Demand	177
Appendix B2	Dispatch Strategy of PV-MGT(TGS) Hybrid System For Thermal Energy Demand	178
Appendix C1	Chilled Water Storage and Absorption Chiller Sizing	179
Appendix C1	Hot Water Storage and Boiler Sizing	181
Appendix D	Daily Chalets Occupant Data	183
Appendix E	Summary of Survey Data For Hot Water Consumption	195

REFERENCES

- Abanda, F. H., Manjia, M. B., Enongene, K. E., Tah, J. H. M., & Pettang, C. (2016). A feasibility study of a residential photovoltaic system in Cameroon. *Sustainable Energy Technologies and Assessments*, 17, 38-49. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.seta.2016.08.002
- Abusoglu, A., & Kanoglu, M. (2008). First and second law analysis of diesel engine powered cogeneration systems. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 49(8), 2026-2031. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2008.02.012
- ACS. (2016). FG Series Fiberglass Cooling Tower In A. Group (Ed.).
- Adaramola, M. S., Paul, S. S., & Oyewola, O. M. (2014). Assessment of decentralized hybrid PV solar-diesel power system for applications in Northern part of Nigeria. *Energy for Sustainable Development*, 19, 72-82. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.esd.2013.12.007
- Ahmad, G. E. (2002). Photovoltaic-powered rural zone family house in Egypt. *Renewable Energy*, 26(3), 379-390. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0960-1481(01)00131-8
- Ahmad, S., Ab Kadir, M. Z. A., & Shafie, S. (2011). Current perspective of the renewable energy development in Malaysia. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 15(2), 897-904.
- Al Moussawi, H., Fardoun, F., & Louahlia-Gualous, H. (2016). Review of tri-generation technologies: Design evaluation, optimization, decision-making, and selection approach. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 120, 157-196. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2016.04.085
- Alanne, K., & Saari, A. (2004). Sustainable small-scale CHP technologies for buildings: the basis for multi-perspective decision-making. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 8(5), 401-431. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2003.12.005
- Alanne, K., & Saari, A. (2006). Distributed energy generation and sustainable development. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 10(6), 539-558. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2004.11.004
- Aliabadi, A. A., Thomson, M. J., Wallace, J. S., Tzanetakakis, T., Lamont, W., & Di Carlo, J. (2009). Efficiency and emissions measurement of a Stirling-engine-based residential microcogeneration system run on diesel and biodiesel. *Energy & Fuels*, 23(2), 1032-1039.
- Aliane, A., Abboudi, S., Seladji, C., & Guendouz, B. (2016). An illustrated review on solar absorption cooling experimental studies. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 65, 443-458. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2016.07.012
- Allied, & Group. (2014). Super Power Pre -Insulated Piping System.

- Ameri, M., Behbahaninia, A., & Tanha, A. A. (2010). Thermodynamic analysis of a tri-generation system based on micro-gas turbine with a steam ejector refrigeration system. *Energy*, 35(5), 2203-2209. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2010.02.006
- Angrisani, G., Roselli, C., & Sasso, M. (2012). Distributed microtrigeneration systems. *Progress in Energy and Combustion Science*, 38(4), 502-521. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.pecs.2012.02.001
- Anne Hampson, Rick Tidball, Michael Fucci, & Weston, R. (2016). *Combined Heat and Power (CHP) Technical Potential in the United States*. Retrieved from
- Anyi, M., Kirke, B., & Ali, S. (2010). Remote community electrification in Sarawak, Malaysia. *Renewable Energy*, 35(7), 1609-1613. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2010.01.005
- Arteconi, A., Brandoni, C., & Polonara, F. (2009). Distributed generation and trigeneration: Energy saving opportunities in Italian supermarket sector. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 29(8-9), 1735-1743. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2008.08.005
- Ashok, S. (2007). Optimised model for community-based hybrid energy system. *Renewable Energy*, 32(7), 1155-1164. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2006.04.008
- ASHRAE. (2009). *American society of heating, refrigerating and air-conditioning engineers*.
- Azhari, A., Alghoul, M., Zaidi, S., Ibrahim, A., Abdulateef, J., Zaharim, A., & Sopian, K. (2012). Development of Diffused Solar Radiation Maps using GIS Software for Malaysia. *Models and Methods in Applied Sciences*, 124-128.
- Badescu, V. (2008). Optimal control of flow in solar collector systems with fully mixed water storage tanks. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 49(2), 169-184. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2007.06.022
- Bala, B., & Siddique, S. A. (2009). Optimal design of a PV-diesel hybrid system for electrification of an isolated island—Sandwip in Bangladesh using genetic algorithm. *Energy for sustainable Development*, 13(3), 137-142.
- Banerjee, R. (2006). Comparison of options for distributed generation in India. *Energy Policy*, 34(1), 101-111. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2004.06.006
- Barbieri, E. S., Melino, F., & Morini, M. (2012). Influence of the thermal energy storage on the profitability of micro-CHP systems for residential building applications. *Applied Energy*, 97, 714-722. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2012.01.001

- Basrawi, Yamada, T., Nakanishi, K., & Katsumata, H. (2012). Analysis of the performances of biogas-fuelled micro gas turbine cogeneration systems (MGT-CGSs) in middle- and small-scale sewage treatment plants: Comparison of performances and optimization of MGTs with various electrical power outputs. *Energy*, 38(1), 291-304. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2011.12.001
- Basrawi, F., Chand, M., Koo, K., & Ibrahim, T. K. (2016). *Theoretical Analysis on the Economic Performance of Micro Gas Turbine-Trigeneration System with Different Operation Strategies for Residential Building in a Tropical Region*. Paper presented at the MATEC Web of Conferences.
- Basrawi, F., Ibrahim, H., Chand, M., & Yamada, T. (2014). *Effect of Operation Strategies on the Economic Performance of a Hybrid Photovoltaic-Micro Gas Turbine Trigeneration System*. Paper presented at the MATEC Web of Conferences.
- Basrawi, F., Yamada, T., Nakanishi, K., & Naing, S. (2011). Effect of ambient temperature on the performance of micro gas turbine with cogeneration system in cold region. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 31(6), 1058-1067.
- Basrawi, F., Yamada, T., & Obara, S. y. (2013). Theoretical analysis of performance of a micro gas turbine co/trigeneration system for residential buildings in a tropical region. *Energy and Buildings*, 67, 108-117. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2013.08.017
- Basrawi, F., Yamada, T., & Obara, S. y. (2014). Economic and environmental based operation strategies of a hybrid photovoltaic–microgas turbine trigeneration system. *Applied Energy*, 121, 174-183. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2014.02.011
- Bazmi, A. A., Zahedi, G., & Hashim, H. (2011). Progress and challenges in utilization of palm oil biomass as fuel for decentralized electricity generation. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 15(1), 574-583. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2010.09.031
- Belessiotis, V., Mathioulakis, E., & Papanicolaou, E. (2010). Theoretical formulation and experimental validation of the input–output modeling approach for large solar thermal systems. *Solar Energy*, 84(2), 245-255. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solener.2009.10.024
- Belfkira, R., Zhang, L., & Barakat, G. (2011). Optimal sizing study of hybrid wind/PV/diesel power generation unit. *Solar Energy*, 85(1), 100-110. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solener.2010.10.018
- Berhad, G. M. (2016). Tariff & Rates. <https://www.gasmalaysia.com/index.php/our-services/at-your-service/bills-payments/tariff-rates>
- Bhuiyan, M. A. H., Siwar, C., Ismail, S. M., & Islam, R. (2011). The role of government for ecotourism development: Focusing on east coast economic region. *Journal of Social Sciences*, 7(4), 557.

- Bianchi, M., De Pascale, A., & Spina, P. R. (2012). Guidelines for residential micro-CHP systems design. *Applied Energy*, 97, 673-685. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2011.11.023>
- Birajdar, P., Bammani, S., Shete, A., Bhandari, R., & Metan, S. (2013). Assessing the technical and economic feasibility of a stand-alone PV system for rural electrification: a case study. *lamp*, 22, 7.
- Boudghene Stambouli, A., & Traversa, E. (2002). Fuel cells, an alternative to standard sources of energy. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 6(3), 295-304. doi:[http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1364-0321\(01\)00015-6](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1364-0321(01)00015-6)
- Bracco, S., Dentici, G., & Siri, S. (2013). Economic and environmental optimization model for the design and the operation of a combined heat and power distributed generation system in an urban area. *Energy*, 55, 1014-1024. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2013.04.004>
- Bruno, J., & Coronas, A. (2004). *Distributed generation of energy using micro gas turbines: polygeneration systems and fuel flexibility*. Paper presented at the Proceedings of the international conference on renewable energy and power quality (ICREPQ'04).
- Bruno, J. C., Valero, A., & Coronas, A. (2005). Performance analysis of combined microgas turbines and gas fired water/LiBr absorption chillers with post-combustion. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 25(1), 87-99.
- BSC, I. (2008). *Waste Heat Recovery : Tecnology and Oppurtunities in U.S Industry* Retrieved from http://www1.eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/intensiveprocesses/pdfs/waste_heat_recovery.pdf
- Capstone. (2006). Technical Reference Capstone Model C30 Performance. In C. T. Corporation (Ed.).
- Capstone. (2016). Product Catalog Applications and Features. In C. T. Corporation (Ed.).
- Capuder, T., & Mancarella, P. (2014). Techno-economic and environmental modelling and optimization of flexible distributed multi-generation options. *Energy*, 71, 516-533. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2014.04.097>
- Cardona, E., & Piacentino, A. (2005). Cogeneration: a regulatory framework toward growth. *Energy Policy*, 33(16), 2100-2111. doi:<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2004.04.007>
- Caresana, F., Pelagalli, L., Comodi, G., & Renzi, M. (2014). Microturbogas cogeneration systems for distributed generation: Effects of ambient temperature on global performance and components' behavior. *Applied Energy*, 124, 17-27. doi:<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2014.02.075>
- Carmeli, M., Castelli-Dezza, F., Marchegiani, G., Mauri, M., Piegari, L., & Rosati, D. (2009). *Hybrid PV-CHP distributed system: Design aspects and realization*. Paper presented at the Clean Electrical Power, 2009 International Conference on.

- Carvalho, M., Lozano, M. A., Serra, L. M., & Wohlgemuth, V. (2012). Modeling simple trigeneration systems for the distribution of environmental loads. *Environmental Modelling & Software*, 30, 71-80. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.envsoft.2011.11.005
- Castañeda, M., Cano, A., Jurado, F., Sánchez, H., & Fernández, L. M. (2013). Sizing optimization, dynamic modeling and energy management strategies of a stand-alone PV/hydrogen/battery-based hybrid system. *International Journal of Hydrogen Energy*, 38(10), 3830-3845. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijhydene.2013.01.080
- Celador, A. C., Odriozola, M., & Sala, J. (2011). Implications of the modelling of stratified hot water storage tanks in the simulation of CHP plants. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 52(8), 3018-3026.
- Cengel, Y. A. (2007). Heat transfer *Encyclopedia of Energy Engineering and Technology-3 Volume Set (Print Version)* (pp. 822-829): CRC Press.
- Chand, M., Ibrahim, H., Azran, Z., Arshad, A., & Basrawi, F. (2016). Review on Recent Development Micro Gas Turbine -Trigeneration System and Photovoltaic Based Hybrid Energy System. *MATEC Web Conf.*, 74, 00028.
- Cheng, L., Liu, C., Wu, Q., & Gao, S. (2016, 16-20 Oct. 2016). *A stochastic optimal model of micro energy internet contains rooftop PV and CCHP system*. Paper presented at the 2016 International Conference on Probabilistic Methods Applied to Power Systems (PMAPS).
- Chicco, G., & Mancarella, P. (2007). Trigeneration primary energy saving evaluation for energy planning and policy development. *Energy Policy*, 35(12), 6132-6144. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2007.07.016
- Chicco, G., & Mancarella, P. (2009). Distributed multi-generation: a comprehensive view. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 13(3), 535-551.
- Daghigh, R., Ruslan, M. H., & Sopian, K. (2015). Parametric studies of an active solar water heating system with various types of PVT collectors. *Sadhana*, 40(7), 2177-2196.
- Dalimin, M. N. (1995). Renewable energy update: Malaysia. *Renewable Energy*, 6(4), 435-439. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0960-1481(94)00070-M
- Darrow, K., Tidball, R., Wang, J., & Hampson, A. (2015). Catalog of CHP technologies. *ICF Int., funding: US Environmental Protection Agency, Combined Heat and Power Partnership, US Dept. of Energy*.
- Das, H. S., Yatim, A. H. M., Tan, C. W., & Lau, K. Y. (2016). Proposition of a PV/tidal powered micro-hydro and diesel hybrid system: A southern Bangladesh focus. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 53, 1137-1148. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2015.09.038

- Deng, J., Wang, R. Z., & Han, G. Y. (2011). A review of thermally activated cooling technologies for combined cooling, heating and power systems. *Progress in Energy and Combustion Science*, 37(2), 172-203. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.pecs.2010.05.003
- Derewonko, P., & Pearce, J. M. (2009, 7-12 June 2009). *Optimizing design of household scale hybrid solar photovoltaic + combined heat and power systems for Ontario*. Paper presented at the 2009 34th IEEE Photovoltaic Specialists Conference (PVSC).
- Deshmukh, M. K., & Deshmukh, S. S. (2008). Modeling of hybrid renewable energy systems. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 12(1), 235-249. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2006.07.011
- Dincer, I., Zamfirescu, Calin. (2011). *Sustainable energy systems and applications*: Springer Science & Business Media.
- Duffie, J. A., & Beckman, W. A. (2013). *Solar engineering of thermal processes*: John Wiley & Sons.
- Dufo-López, R., Lujano-Rojas, J. M., & Bernal-Agustín, J. L. (2014). Comparison of different lead–acid battery lifetime prediction models for use in simulation of stand-alone photovoltaic systems. *Applied Energy*, 115, 242-253. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2013.11.021
- Ehyaiei, M. A., Mozafari, A., Ahmadi, A., Esmaili, P., Shayesteh, M., Sarkhosh, M., & Dincer, I. (2010). Potential use of cold thermal energy storage systems for better efficiency and cost effectiveness. *Energy and Buildings*, 42(12), 2296-2303. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2010.07.013
- El Chaar, L., lamont, L. A., & El Zein, N. (2011). Review of photovoltaic technologies. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 15(5), 2165-2175. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2011.01.004
- Eltawil, M. A., & Samuel, D. (2007). Performance and economic evaluation of solar photovoltaic powered cooling system for potato storage.
- Fani, M., & Sadreddin, A. (2017). Solar assisted CCHP system, energetic, economic and environmental analysis, case study: Educational office buildings. *Energy and Buildings*, 136, 100-109. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2016.11.052
- Fatih Birol. (2015). *Energy Climate and Change. IEA, Report*.
- Femia, N., Lisi, G., Petrone, G., Spagnuolo, G., & Vitelli, M. (2008). Distributed maximum power point tracking of photovoltaic arrays: Novel approach and system analysis. *IEEE Transactions on Industrial Electronics*, 55(7), 2610-2621.
- Firdaus, B., Yamada, T., & Nakanishi, K. (2010). Performance evaluation of micro gas turbine cogeneration system at sewage treatment plant (Performance analysis under various regions with different annual average temperature). *Transactions of the Japan society of mechanical engineers*, 76, 1661-1670.

- Friedrich, M., Armstrong, P. R., & Smith, D. L. (2004). New Technology Demonstration of Microturbine with Heat Recovery at Fort Drum, New York. *PNNL-14417, Rev. 1*.
- Fu, L., Zhao, X. L., Zhang, S. G., Jiang, Y., Li, H., & Yang, W. W. (2009). Laboratory research on combined cooling, heating and power (CCHP) systems. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 50(4), 977-982. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2008.12.013
- Fuller, S. K., & Petersen, S. R. (1995). Life cycle costing manual. *NIST Handbook*, 135.
- Gowrishankar, V., Angelides, C., & Druckemiller, H. (2013). Combined heat and power systems: improving the energy efficiency of our manufacturing plants, buildings, and other facilities. *NRDC (Natural Resources Defense Council) Energy issue*, 1-33.
- Greene, N., & Hammerschlag, R. (2000). Small and Clean Is Beautiful. *The Electricity Journal*, 13(5), 50-60. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1040-6190(00)00118-4
- Gu, W., Wu, Z., Bo, R., Liu, W., Zhou, G., Chen, W., & Wu, Z. (2014). Modeling, planning and optimal energy management of combined cooling, heating and power microgrid: A review. *International Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems*, 54, 26-37.
- Han, G., You, S., Ye, T., Sun, P., & Zhang, H. (2014). Analysis of combined cooling, heating, and power systems under a compromised electric–thermal load strategy. *Energy and Buildings*, 84, 586-594. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2014.09.006
- Handbook, A. (2001). Fundamentals. *American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers, Atlanta*, 111.
- Hassan, H. Z., & Mohamad, A. A. (2012). A review on solar cold production through absorption technology. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 16(7), 5331-5348. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2012.04.049
- Heat, B. C. (2007). Power Catalog of Technologies. *US Environmental Protection Agency, Combined Heat and Power Partnership*.
- Hernández, J. C., Medina, A., & Jurado, F. (2008). Impact comparison of PV system integration into rural and urban feeders. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 49(6), 1747-1765. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2007.10.020
- Ho, J. C., Chua, K. J., & Chou, S. K. (2004). Performance study of a microturbine system for cogeneration application. *Renewable Energy*, 29(7), 1121-1133. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2003.12.005
- Honorio, L. (2003). Efficiency in electricity generation. *Eurelectric: Union of the Electric Industry. VGB Powertech, Brussels, Belgium*.

- Hossain, M., Mekhilef, S., & Olatomiwa, L. (2017). Performance evaluation of a stand-alone PV-wind-diesel-battery hybrid system feasible for a large resort center in South China Sea, Malaysia. *Sustainable Cities and Society*, 28, 358-366. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.scs.2016.10.008
- Howard, G., & Bartram, J. (2003). *Domestic water quantity, service level, and health*: World Health Organization Geneva.
- Ibáñez, A. S., Linares, J. I., Cledera, M. M., & Moratilla, B. Y. (2014). Sizing of thermal energy storage devices for micro-cogeneration systems for the supply of domestic hot water. *Sustainable Energy Technologies and Assessments*, 5, 37-43. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.seta.2013.11.002
- Immovilli, F., Bellini, A., Bianchini, C., & Franceschini, G. (2008, 5-9 Oct. 2008). *Solar Trigeneration for Residential Applications, a Feasible Alternative to Traditional Micro-Cogeneration and Trigeneration Plants*. Paper presented at the Industry Applications Society Annual Meeting, 2008. IAS '08. IEEE.
- Instruments, T. (2015). LM35 Precision Centigrade Temperature Sensors. *Texas Instruments, Octubre*.
- Ismail, M. S., Moghavvemi, M., & Mahlia, T. M. I. (2013). Current utilization of microturbines as a part of a hybrid system in distributed generation technology. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 21(0), 142-152. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2012.12.006
- Iu, I. S. (2002). *Experimental validation of the radiant time series method for cooling load calculations*. Oklahoma State University.
- Järventausta, P., Repo, S., Rautiainen, A., & Partanen, J. (2010). Smart grid power system control in distributed generation environment. *Annual Reviews in Control*, 34(2), 277-286. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.arcontrol.2010.08.005
- Johar, D. K., Sharma, D., Soni, S. L., Goyal, R., & Gupta, P. K. (2017). Experimental investigation of thermal storage integrated micro trigeneration system. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 146, 87-95. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2017.04.106
- Jradi, M., & Riffat, S. (2014). Tri-generation systems: Energy policies, prime movers, cooling technologies, configurations and operation strategies. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 32, 396-415. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2014.01.039
- Kamali, S. (2016). Feasibility analysis of standalone photovoltaic electrification system in a residential building in Cyprus. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 65, 1279-1284. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2016.07.018
- Kanase-Patil, A., Saini, R., & Sharma, M. (2010). Integrated renewable energy systems for off grid rural electrification of remote area. *Renewable Energy*, 35(6), 1342-1349.

- Kaushik, S. C., & Arora, A. (2009). Energy and exergy analysis of single effect and series flow double effect water–lithium bromide absorption refrigeration systems. *International Journal of Refrigeration*, 32(6), 1247-1258. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijrefrig.2009.01.017>
- Keith Burnard , S. H., Noor Miza Muhamad Razali, Paul Baruya, Nguyen Ngoc Hung, Nguyen Chi Phuc. (2016). *Reducing emissions from fossil-fired generation Indonesia, Malaysia and Vietnam*. Retrieved from <https://www.iea.org/publications/insights/insightpublications/ReducingEmissionfromFossilFiredGeneration.pdf>
- Kejun, Q., Chengke, Z., Yue, Y., Xiaodan, S., & Allan, M. (2008, 20-24 July 2008). *Analysis of the environmental benefits of Distributed Generation*. Paper presented at the 2008 IEEE Power and Energy Society General Meeting - Conversion and Delivery of Electrical Energy in the 21st Century.
- Khalid, F., Dincer, I., & Rosen, M. A. (2015). Energy and exergy analyses of a solar-biomass integrated cycle for multigeneration. *Solar Energy*, 112, 290-299. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solener.2014.11.027>
- Khatib, T., & Elmenreich, W. (2014). Novel simplified hourly energy flow models for photovoltaic power systems. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 79, 441-448.
- Khatib, T., Mohamed, A., Sopian, K., & Mahmoud, M. (2011). *Modeling of solar energy for Malaysia using artificial neural networks*. Paper presented at the The 11th WSEAS/IASME International Conference on Electric Power Systems, High Voltages, Electric Machines.
- Khatri, K. K., Sharma, D., Soni, S. L., & Tanwar, D. (2010). Experimental investigation of CI engine operated Micro-Trigeneration system. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 30(11), 1505-1509. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2010.02.013>
- Kirubakaran, A., Jain, S., & Nema, R. K. (2009). A review on fuel cell technologies and power electronic interface. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 13(9), 2430-2440. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2009.04.004>
- Kobayashi, Y., Ando, Y., Kabata, T., Nishiura, M., Tomida, K., & Matake, N. (2011). Extremely high-efficiency thermal power system-solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC) triple combined-cycle system. *Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Technical Review*, 48(3), 9-15.
- Kong, X. Q., Wang, R. Z., & Huang, X. H. (2004). Energy efficiency and economic feasibility of CCHP driven by stirling engine. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 45(9–10), 1433-1442. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2003.09.009>
- Kong, X. Q., Wang, R. Z., Li, Y., & Huang, X. H. (2009). Optimal operation of a micro-combined cooling, heating and power system driven by a gas engine. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 50(3), 530-538. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2008.10.020>

- Kottek, M., Grieser, J., Beck, C., Rudolf, B., & Rubel, F. (2006). World map of the Köppen-Geiger climate classification updated. *Meteorologische Zeitschrift*, *15*(3), 259-263.
- Kousksou, T., Bruel, P., Jamil, A., El Rhafiki, T., & Zeraouli, Y. (2014). Energy storage: Applications and challenges. *Solar Energy Materials and Solar Cells*, *120*, Part A, 59-80. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solmat.2013.08.015
- Kroposki, B., Lasseter, R., Ise, T., Morozumi, S., Papatlianassiou, S., & Hatziargyriou, N. (2008). Making microgrids work. *IEEE power and energy magazine*, *6*(3).
- Kubota, T., Chyee, D. T. H., & Ahmad, S. (2009). The effects of night ventilation technique on indoor thermal environment for residential buildings in hot-humid climate of Malaysia. *Energy and Buildings*, *41*(8), 829-839. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2009.03.008
- Lau, K., Muhamad, N., Arief, Y., Tan, C., & Yatim, A. (2016). Grid-connected photovoltaic systems for Malaysian residential sector: Effects of component costs, feed-in tariffs, and carbon taxes. *Energy*, *102*, 65-82.
- Li, T., Tang, D., Li, Z., Du, J., Zhou, T., & Jia, Y. (2012). Development and test of a Stirling engine driven by waste gases for the micro-CHP system. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, *33-34*, 119-123. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2011.09.020
- Ltd, d. l. H. E. (2016). AKVA - Standard Accumulator Tank
- Lv, L., Huang, C., Li, L., & Chen, J. (2015). Experimental study on calculation method of the radiant time factors. *Renewable Energy*, *73*, 28-35.
- Ma, T., Yang, H., Lu, L., & Peng, J. (2015). Pumped storage-based standalone photovoltaic power generation system: Modeling and techno-economic optimization. *Applied Energy*, *137*, 649-659. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2014.06.005
- Mago, P. J., & Chamra, L. M. (2009). Analysis and optimization of CCHP systems based on energy, economical, and environmental considerations. *Energy and Buildings*, *41*(10), 1099-1106. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2009.05.014
- Mago, P. J., Hueffed, A., & Chamra, L. M. (2010). Analysis and optimization of the use of CHP-ORC systems for small commercial buildings. *Energy and Buildings*, *42*(9), 1491-1498. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2010.03.019
- Maheri, A. (2014). Multi-objective design optimisation of standalone hybrid wind-PV-diesel systems under uncertainties. *Renewable Energy*, *66*, 650-661. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2014.01.009
- Mahlia, T., & Chan, P. (2011). Life cycle cost analysis of fuel cell based cogeneration system for residential application in Malaysia. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, *15*(1), 416-426.

- Maidment, G., & Tozer, R. (2002). Combined cooling heat and power in supermarkets. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 22(6), 653-665.
- Mancarella, P., & Chicco, G. (2009). Global and local emission impact assessment of distributed cogeneration systems with partial-load models. *Applied Energy*, 86(10), 2096-2106. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2008.12.026
- Manfren, M., Caputo, P., & Costa, G. (2011). Paradigm shift in urban energy systems through distributed generation: Methods and models. *Applied Energy*, 88(4), 1032-1048. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2010.10.018
- Maraver, D., Sin, A., Sebastián, F., & Royo, J. (2013). Environmental assessment of CCHP (combined cooling heating and power) systems based on biomass combustion in comparison to conventional generation. *Energy*, 57, 17-23. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2013.02.014
- Mehleri, E. D., Sarimveis, H., Markatos, N. C., & Papageorgiou, L. G. (2013). Optimal design and operation of distributed energy systems: Application to Greek residential sector. *Renewable Energy*, 51, 331-342. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2012.09.009
- Mekhilef, S., Saidur, R., & Safari, A. (2012). Comparative study of different fuel cell technologies. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 16(1), 981-989. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2011.09.020
- Meral, M. E., & Dinçer, F. (2011). A review of the factors affecting operation and efficiency of photovoltaic based electricity generation systems. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 15(5), 2176-2184. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2011.01.010
- Metro. (2014). Upgrading RM 9.7 Million Worth Electric Facility in Tioman Island. *Harian Metro* p. 27.
- MicoGen. (2012). Heat Recovery System for Micro Turbine. In U. International (Ed.).
- Moya, M., Bruno, J. C., Eguia, P., Torres, E., Zamora, I., & Coronas, A. (2011). Performance analysis of a trigeneration system based on a micro gas turbine and an air-cooled, indirect fired, ammonia–water absorption chiller. *Applied Energy*, 88(12), 4424-4440. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2011.05.021
- MSR. (2016). Malaysian Solar Resources Products. Retrieved from <http://www.malaysiansolar.com/content.php?id=6&lang=1>
- Mutch, J. J. (1974). *Residential Water Heating: Fuel Conservation, Economics, and Public Policy*: Rand.
- Nacer, T., Hamidat, A., Nadjemi, O., & Bey, M. (2016). Feasibility study of grid connected photovoltaic system in family farms for electricity generation in rural areas. *Renewable Energy*, 96, 305-318. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2016.04.093

- Nascimento, M. R., Oliveira Rodrigues, L., Santos, E. C., Gomes, E. B., Dias, F. G., Velásques, E. G., & Carrillo, R. M. (2013). Micro gas turbine engine: a review. *DOI, 10*, 54444.
- Nazir, R., Laksono, H. D., Waldi, E. P., Ekaputra, E., & Coveria, P. (2014). Renewable energy sources optimization: A micro-grid model design. *Energy Procedia, 52*, 316-327.
- Necka, K., & Trojanowska, M. (2014). Comparative analysis of the variability of daily electric power loads. *Teka Komisji Motoryzacji i Energetyki Rolnictwa, 14*(4).
- Niu, S., Zhang, X., Zhao, C., & Niu, Y. (2012). Variations in energy consumption and survival status between rural and urban households: A case study of the Western Loess Plateau, China. *Energy Policy, 49*, 515-527. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2012.06.046
- Nosrat, A., & Pearce, J. M. (2011). Dispatch strategy and model for hybrid photovoltaic and trigeneration power systems. *Applied Energy, 88*(9), 3270-3276. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2011.02.044
- Nosrat, A. H., Swan, L. G., & Pearce, J. M. (2013). Improved performance of hybrid photovoltaic-trigeneration systems over photovoltaic-cogen systems including effects of battery storage. *Energy, 49*, 366-374. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2012.11.005
- Nosrat, A. H., Swan, L. G., & Pearce, J. M. (2014). Simulations of greenhouse gas emission reductions from low-cost hybrid solar photovoltaic and cogeneration systems for new communities. *Sustainable Energy Technologies and Assessments, 8*, 34-41. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.seta.2014.06.008
- Organization, T. D. (2015). *Annual Report* Retrieved from <http://www.tioman.gov.my/>
- P.A.Pilavachi. (2000). Power Generation with Gas Turbine System and Combined Heat and Power *Applied Thermal Engineering*.
- Pandiyarajan, V., Chinna Pandian, M., Malan, E., Velraj, R., & Seeniraj, R. V. (2011). Experimental investigation on heat recovery from diesel engine exhaust using finned shell and tube heat exchanger and thermal storage system. *Applied Energy, 88*(1), 77-87. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2010.07.023
- Parida, B., Iniyani, S., & Goic, R. (2011). A review of solar photovoltaic technologies. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 15*(3), 1625-1636. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2010.11.032
- Pearce, J. M. (2009). Expanding photovoltaic penetration with residential distributed generation from hybrid solar photovoltaic and combined heat and power systems. *Energy, 34*(11), 1947-1954. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2009.08.012
- Peerapong, P., & Limmeechokchai, B. (2017). Optimal electricity development by increasing solar resources in diesel-based micro grid of island society in Thailand. *Energy Reports, 3*, 1-13. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.egy.2016.11.001

- Phuangpornpitak, N., & Kumar, S. (2007). PV hybrid systems for rural electrification in Thailand. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, *11*(7), 1530-1543.
- Pillai, R., Aaditya, G., Mani, M., & Ramamurthy, P. (2014). Cell (module) temperature regulated performance of a building integrated photovoltaic system in tropical conditions. *Renewable Energy*, *72*, 140-148.
- Prasartkaew, B. (2014). Performance Test of a Small Size LiBr-H₂O Absorption Chiller. *Energy Procedia*, *56*, 487-497. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.egypro.2014.07.183>
- Prinsloo, G., Dobson, R., & Mammoli, A. (2016). Model based design of a novel Stirling solar micro-cogeneration system with performance and fuel transition analysis for rural African village locations. *Solar Energy*, *133*, 315-330. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solener.2016.04.014>
- Pulkrabek, W. W. (2014). *Engineering fundamentals of the internal combustion engine*: Pearson Prentice Hall Upper Saddle River, NJ.
- Quinn Jr, R. S. (1972). Effect of increased capital expenditure as a method of reducing electricity demand for hot water generation in a new home.
- Ramli, M. A. M., Hiendro, A., & Twaha, S. (2015). Economic analysis of PV/diesel hybrid system with flywheel energy storage. *Renewable Energy*, *78*, 398-405. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2015.01.026>
- Region, E. C. E. (2014). *Annual Report* Retrieved from http://www.ecerdc.com.my/en/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/AR_14_Full.pdf
- Reno, M. J., Hansen, C. W., & Stein, J. S. (2012). Global horizontal irradiance clear sky models: implementation and analysis. *SANDIA report SAND2012-2389*.
- Roque Díaz, P., Benito, Y. R., & Parise, J. A. R. (2010). Thermo-economic assessment of a multi-engine, multi-heat-pump CCHP (combined cooling, heating and power generation) system – A case study. *Energy*, *35*(9), 3540-3550. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2010.04.002>
- Saber, E. M., Lee, S. E., Manthapuri, S., Yi, W., & Deb, C. (2014). PV (photovoltaics) performance evaluation and simulation-based energy yield prediction for tropical buildings. *Energy*, *71*, 588-595.
- Sabo, M. L., Mariun, N., Hizam, H., Mohd Radzi, M. A., & Zakaria, A. (2017). Spatial matching of large-scale grid-connected photovoltaic power generation with utility demand in Peninsular Malaysia. *Applied Energy*, *191*, 663-688. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2017.01.087>
- Sadek, S. M., Fahmy, F. H., Nafeh, A. E.-S. A., & Yousef, H. K. (2014). Design, Sizing and Modeling of a Stand-Alone PV System For DC& AC Loads. *International Journal*, *5*(3).

- Saheb-Koussa, D., Haddadi, M., & Belhamel, M. (2009). Economic and technical study of a hybrid system (wind–photovoltaic–diesel) for rural electrification in Algeria. *Applied Energy*, 86(7–8), 1024-1030. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2008.10.015>
- Sameti, M., Kasaeian, A., Mohammadi, S. S., & Sharifi, N. (2014). Thermal Performance Analysis of a Fully Mixed Solar Storage Tank in a ZEB Hot Water System. *Sustainable Energy*, 2(2), 52-56.
- Savola, T., & Keppo, I. (2005). Off-design simulation and mathematical modeling of small-scale CHP plants at part loads. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 25(8–9), 1219-1232. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2004.08.009>
- Scarpete, D., Uzuneanu, K., & Badea, N. (2010). Stirling engine in residential systems based on renewable energy. *Advances In Energy Planning, Environmental Education And Renewable Energy Sources*, 124-129.
- SEDA. (2014). *National Survey Report of PV Power Applications in MALAYSIA 2014*. Retrieved from http://www.iea-pvps.org/index.php?id=3&eID=dam_frontend_push&docID=2677
- Shariah, A., Al-Akhras, M. A., & Al-Omari, I. A. (2002). Optimizing the tilt angle of solar collectors. *Renewable Energy*, 26(4), 587-598. doi:[http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0960-1481\(01\)00106-9](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0960-1481(01)00106-9)
- Sharma, R., & Tiwari, G. (2012). Technical performance evaluation of stand-alone photovoltaic array for outdoor field conditions of New Delhi. *Applied Energy*, 92, 644-652.
- Shen, B., Han, Y., Price, L., Lu, H., & Liu, M. (2017). Techno-economic evaluation of strategies for addressing energy and environmental challenges of industrial boilers in China. *Energy*, 118, 526-533. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2016.10.083>
- Shen, W. X. (2009). Optimally sizing of solar array and battery in a standalone photovoltaic system in Malaysia. *Renewable Energy*, 34(1), 348-352. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2008.03.015>
- Shipley, A., Hampson, A., Hedman, B., Garland, P., & Bautista, P. (2008). Combined Heat and Power: Effective Energy Solutions for a Sustainable Future”(Oak Ridge, TN: Oak Ridge National Laboratory). *ORNL/TM-2008/224*.
- Simon, J. B. (2015). *El Nino : Current Progress, Possibility & Severity of Occurrence in 2015*. Retrieved from <http://www.mpoc.org.my/upload/Paper-1-Jailan-Simon.pdf>
- Skoplaki, E., & Palyvos, J. (2009). On the temperature dependence of photovoltaic module electrical performance: A review of efficiency/power correlations. *Solar Energy*, 83(5), 614-624.
- Spitler, J. D., & Fisher, D. E. (1999). Development of periodic response factors for use with the radiant time series method. *ASHRAE Transactions*, 105(2), 491-509.

- Srikhirin, P., Aphornratana, S., & Chungpaibulpatana, S. (2001). A review of absorption refrigeration technologies. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 5(4), 343-372. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1364-0321(01)00003-X
- Staffell, I., & Green, R. (2013). The cost of domestic fuel cell micro-CHP systems. *International Journal of Hydrogen Energy*, 38(2), 1088-1102. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijhydene.2012.10.090
- Stanciu, C., Stanciu, D., & Gheorghian, A.-T. (2017). Thermal Analysis of a Solar Powered Absorption Cooling System with Fully Mixed Thermal Storage at Startup. *Energies*, 10(1), 72.
- Steven Brown, J., & Domanski, P. A. (2014). Review of alternative cooling technologies. *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 64(1-2), 252-262. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2013.12.014
- Strachan, N., & Farrell, A. (2006). Emissions from distributed vs. centralized generation: The importance of system performance. *Energy Policy*, 34(17), 2677-2689. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2005.03.015
- Sun, Y., Wang, S., Xiao, F., & Gao, D. (2013). Peak load shifting control using different cold thermal energy storage facilities in commercial buildings: A review. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 71, 101-114. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2013.03.026
- Šúri, M., Cebecauer, T., & Skoczek, A. (2011). *SolarGIS: Solar data and online applications for PV planning and performance assessment*. Paper presented at the 26th European photovoltaics solar energy conference.
- Sycom, O. (1999). Review of CHP technologies. *US Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy*.
- Thulukkanam, K. (2013). *Heat exchanger design handbook*: CRC Press.
- Torchio, M. F. (2015). Comparison of district heating CHP and distributed generation CHP with energy, environmental and economic criteria for Northern Italy. *Energy Conversion and Management*, 92, 114-128. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enconman.2014.12.052
- Triboix, A. (2009). Exact and approximate formulas for cross flow heat exchangers with unmixed fluids. *International Communications in Heat and Mass Transfer*, 36(2), 121-124. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.icheatmasstransfer.2008.10.012
- Tsoutsos, T., Aloumpi, E., Gkouskos, Z., & Karagiorgas, M. (2010). Design of a solar absorption cooling system in a Greek hospital. *Energy and Buildings*, 42(2), 265-272. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2009.09.002
- Ujii, T. (2007). Status of national project for SOFC development in Japan. *ECS Transactions*, 7(1), 3-9.

- Vaghefi, A., Jafari, M. A., Bisse, E., Lu, Y., & Brouwer, J. (2014). Modeling and forecasting of cooling and electricity load demand. *Applied Energy*, *136*, 186-196. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2014.09.004
- Valer, L. R., Manito, A. R. A., Ribeiro, T. B. S., Zilles, R., & Pinho, J. T. (2017). Issues in PV systems applied to rural electrification in Brazil. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, *78*, 1033-1043. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2017.05.016
- Verda, V., & Colella, F. (2011). Primary energy savings through thermal storage in district heating networks. *Energy*, *36*(7), 4278-4286. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2011.04.015
- Vidal, A., Carles Bruno, J., Best, R., & Coronas, A. (2007). Performance characteristics and modelling of a micro gas turbine for their integration with thermally activated cooling technologies. *International journal of energy research*, *31*(2), 119-134.
- Viral, R., & Khatod, D. K. (2012). Optimal planning of distributed generation systems in distribution system: A review. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, *16*(7), 5146-5165. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2012.05.020
- Wang, J.-J., Jing, Y.-Y., Bai, H., & Zhang, J.-L. (2012). *Economic analysis and optimization design of a solar combined cooling heating and power system in different operation strategies*. Paper presented at the Industrial Electronics and Applications (ICIEA), 2012 7th IEEE Conference on.
- Wang, J., Lu, Y., Yang, Y., & Mao, T. (2016). Thermodynamic performance analysis and optimization of a solar-assisted combined cooling, heating and power system. *Energy*, *115*, Part 1, 49-59. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2016.08.102
- Wang, J., Yang, Y., Mao, T., Sui, J., & Jin, H. (2015). Life cycle assessment (LCA) optimization of solar-assisted hybrid CCHP system. *Applied Energy*, *146*, 38-52. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2015.02.056
- Wang, J. L., Wu, J. Y., & Zheng, C. Y. (2013). Design and Operation of a Hybrid CCHP System Including PV-Wind Devices. (56284), V06AT07A033. doi:10.1115/IMECE2013-64513
- Wang, L., Lu, J., Wang, W., & Ding, J. (2016). Energy, environmental and economic evaluation of the CCHP systems for a remote island in south of China. *Applied Energy*, *183*, 874-883. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2016.09.023
- Wang, W., Beausoleil-Morrison, I., Thomas, M., & Ferguson, A. (2007). *Validation of a fully mixed model for simulating gas fired water storage tanks*. Paper presented at the Proc. Building Simulation.
- Weber, B., Cerro, E., Martínez, I. G., Rincón, E., & Duran, M. D. (2014). Efficient Heat Generation for Resorts. *Energy Procedia*, *57*, 2666-2675.
- Wong, S., Ngadi, N., Abdullah, T. A. T., & Inuwa, I. (2015). Recent advances of feed-in tariff in Malaysia. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, *41*, 42-52.

- Wongchanapai, S., Iwai, H., Saito, M., & Yoshida, H. (2013). Performance evaluation of a direct-biogas solid oxide fuel cell-micro gas turbine (SOFC-MGT) hybrid combined heat and power (CHP) system. *Journal of Power Sources*, 223, 9-17. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2012.09.037>
- Wu, D. W., & Wang, R. Z. (2006). Combined cooling, heating and power: A review. *Progress in Energy and Combustion Science*, 32(5-6), 459-495. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.pecs.2006.02.001>
- Xu, J., Wang, R. Z., & Li, Y. (2014). A review of available technologies for seasonal thermal energy storage. *Solar Energy*, 103, 610-638. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solener.2013.06.006>
- Yang, Y., Pei, W., & Qi, Z. (2012). *Optimal sizing of renewable energy and CHP hybrid energy microgrid system*. Paper presented at the Innovative Smart Grid Technologies-Asia (ISGT Asia), 2012 IEEE.
- Yanhong, Y., Wei, P., & Zhiping, Q. (2012, 21-24 May 2012). *Optimal sizing of renewable energy and CHP hybrid energy microgrid system*. Paper presented at the IEEE PES Innovative Smart Grid Technologies.
- Yao, R., & Steemers, K. (2005). A method of formulating energy load profile for domestic buildings in the UK. *Energy and Buildings*, 37(6), 663-671.
- Yazaki. (2016). Water-Fired Chiller/Chiller - Heater In I. Yazaki Energy Systems (Ed.).
- Yu, X., Jiang, Z., & Abbasi, A. (2009). *Dynamic modeling and control design of microturbine distributed generation systems*. Paper presented at the Electric Machines and Drives Conference, 2009. IEMDC'09. IEEE International.
- Zahedi, H., Adam, N., Sapuan, S., & Ahmad, M. (2007). Effect of storage tank geometry on performance of solar water heater. *Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research*, 66(2), 146.
- Zerriffi, H. (2010). *Rural electrification: strategies for distributed generation*: Springer Science & Business Media.
- Zimmerman, B. (2011). *Capstone MicroTurbine for the Oil and Gas Industry*. Retrieved from <http://www.gaselectricpartnership.com/FCapstone.pdf>
- Zonen, K. (2016). Instruction Manual : CMP and CMA Series Kipp & Zonen.