

Electrospun SnO₂-CuO semiconductor composite nanofibers and its electrochemical properties

Jinkiong, Ling; Jose, Rajan

^a Faculty of Industrial Sciences and Technology, University Malaysia Pahang, Malaysia

ABSTRACT

Composite metal oxide had attracted attention across numerous fields of application due to their synergic combination of properties from their single constituents. Further modification of composite metal oxide into nanostructure, especially 1-dimensional structure was proven to further improve active surface area, carrier transport properties, etc. In this study, a n-type p-type SnO₂-CuO composite nanofibers was synthesized through multi-needle electrospinning techniques. The FESEM confirmed the 1-dimensional nanostructures with diameter >100nm whereas XRD showed the coexistence of both SnO₂ and CuO crystallite phases within the SnO₂-CuO composite. The electrochemical properties of the synthesized samples were subsequently analyzed, concluding that SnO₂-CuO composite improved the voltage range of SnO₂ as well as the conductivity of the CuO nanofibers. However, from the perspective of the overall performance, the advantages of SnO₂ was balanced out by the deficient of CuO, with specific capacity of 249.1F/g for SnO₂-CuO, greater than CuO (104.4F/g) but lower than SnO₂ (350.4F/g). Altering the ratio of Sn:Cu would be favorable to further improve the performance of the SnO₂-CuO material system.

KEYWORDS

Binary metal oxide; Composite; Energy storage; N-type; P-type; Renewable technology

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This project is funded under FRGS/1/2019/STG07/UMP/01/1 of Universiti Malaysia Pahang (<http://ump.edu.my>).