## NCON-PGR\_2022\_149

Effect of Mesh Refinement on Vertical and Lateral Velocity Profiles of the Wake Flow behind a Spire based on CFD

*Muhammad Arifuddin Fitriady*<sup>1,3,a</sup>, *Nurizzatul Atikha Rahmat*<sup>1,b</sup>, *and Ahmad Faiz Mohammad*<sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup>Faculty of Technology Mechanical and Automotive Engineering, Universiti Malaysia Pahang (UMP), Pahang, Malaysia

<sup>2</sup>Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

<sup>3</sup>Research Center for Chemistry, Nasional Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), Jakarta, Indonesia

\*Corresponding author: aarifuddinK46@gmail.com, bizzatulatikha@ump.edu.my

## Abstract

The application of CFD to simulate the phenomenon based on a wind tunnel experiment has been widely studied. A large number of cells may produce accurate results but requires a high computational load. In this study, the effect of mesh refinement on the vertical and lateral velocity profiles of the wake flow behind a single spire is discussed. Three different mesh refinement levels, i.e. coarse, medium and fine, each with 9 million, 12.7 million, and 16.9 million cells, respectively, were applied to the computational domain. The standard k- $\varepsilon$  model was used for CFD simulations. The variable mesh was generated by using *blockMesh* and *snappyHexMesh* features in the OpenFoam® software. The result shows no significant difference between the various mesh refinement levels for the velocity profiles. However, there is a significant difference in the time needed to complete the iteration for each case whereby the shortest duration was taken for the coarse mesh.

Keywords: Computational fluid dynamics; Mesh refinement; Spire; Wind tunnel; Velocity profiles.