Characterization of electrochemical double layer capacitor electrode using self-discharge measurements and modeling

Ria Kunwar ^{a b}, Bhupender Pal ^{a c}, Izan Izwan Misnon ^{a b}, Hamdan Daniyal ^d, Fatemeh Zabihi ^e, Shengyuan Yang ^e, Zděnek Sofer ^c, Chun-Chen Yang ^f, Rajan Jose ^{a b} ^a Center for Advanced Intelligent Materials, Universiti Malaysia Pahang, 26300 Kuantan, Malaysia ^b Faculty of Industrial Sciences & Technology, Universiti Malaysia Pahang, 26300 Kuantan, Malaysia

^c Department of Inorganic Chemistry, University of Chemistry and Technology Prague, Technicka 5, 166 28 Prague 6, Czech Republic

^d Faculty of Electrical and Electronic Engineering Technology, Universiti Malaysia Pahang, 25000 Pekan, Malaysia

^e Laboratory for Modification of Chemical Fibers and Polymer Materials, Shanghai Belt and Road Joint Laboratory of Advanced Fiber and Low-Dimension Materials, College of Materials Science and Engineering, Donghua University, Shanghai 201620, China

^f Battery Research Centre for Green Energy, Ming Chi University of Technology, New Taipei City, Taiwan

ABSTRACT

A simple protocol to characterize the electrochemical double layer capacitors (EDLCs) using selfdischarge (open circuit discharge) data and a three-branch electrical model is presented. The method relies on recording the self-discharge data of EDLCs and using it to estimate the parametric values of the variables in the model (time constants, maximum voltage, resistances, and capacitances). Porous carbon and metal oxide electrodes in three choice electrolytes are used for the experiments and the simulations are performed using MATLAB Simulink platform. The simulated and experimental self-discharge data are in close agreement for the EDLC storage mode but not for the battery type storage. The results are further validated by simulating the galvanostatic charge discharge (GCD) cycling data and fitting them to the experimental GCD of the assembled devices with high accuracies. The model presented here thus enables determination of charge storage parameters as well as whether a device is capacitive from a single self-discharge data, thereby providing an excellent tool to characterize EDLCs for both academia and industry.

KEYWORDS

Charge redistribution; Electrical energy storage systems (EESS); Electrical modeling; Supercapacitor modeling; Supercapacitors

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