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Mesoporous alumina: A comprehensive review on synthesis strategies, structure, and applications as support for enhanced H₂ generation via CO₂-CH₄ reforming



Mahadi B. Bahari ^a, Che Rozid Mamat ^{a,*}, Aishah Abdul Jalil ^{b,c}, Nurul Sahida Hassan ^b, Walid Nabgan ^b, Herma Dina Setiabudi ^d, Dai-Viet N. Vo ^e, Bui Thi Phuong Thuy ^f

^a Faculty of Science, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310, UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

^b School of Chemical and Energy Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310, UTM, Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

^c Centre of Hydrogen Energy, Institute of Future Energy, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310, UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

^d Faculty of Chemical and Process Engineering Technology, College of Engineering Technology, Universiti Malaysia Pahang, Lebuhraya Tun Razak, 26300, Gambang, Kuantan, Pahang, Malaysia

^e Center of Excellence for Green Energy and Environmental Nanomaterials (CE@GrEEN), Nguyen Tat Thanh

SYNTHESIS ROUTES

Sol-gel

Hydrolysi

Hydrotherma

Evaporation-sel induced assembl

ABSTRACT

University, 300A Nguyen Tat Thanh, District 4, Ho Chi Minh City, 755414, Viet Nam

^f Faculty of Basic Sciences, Van Lang University, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

HIGHLIGHTS

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT

MESOPOROUS ALUMINA

CH

- The synthesis strategy for generating mesoporous alumina (MA) was reviewed.
- Discussion related to the vital factors impacting the structure of MA.
- This review focuses on MA applications and performances in CO₂-CH₄ reforming.
- Summary of future perspectives of MA employment in CO₂-CH₄ reforming.

ARTICLE INFO

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Abbreviation: CTAB, Cetyltrimethylammonium bromide; EISA, Evaporation self-induced assembly; SAHA, Self-assembly hydrothermal-assisted; SIWI, Sequential incipient wetness impregnation.

* Corresponding author.

E-mail address: cherozid@utm.my (C.R. Mamat).

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Lately, the generation of hydrogen out from carbon dioxide (CO_2) - methane (CH_4) reforming has been touted as a feasible option for reducing two of the most harmful greenhouse gases $(CO_2 \text{ and } CH_4)$ in the atmosphere. However, this technology typically suffered from catalyst deactivation triggered by sintering and coke deposition. Therefore,