

# Green information technology and green information systems: science mapping of present and future trends

GIT and GIS

Mohd Nazim Mat Nawi, Muhammad Ashraf Fauzi and  
Irene Wei Kiong Ting

*Faculty of Industrial Management, Universiti Malaysia Pahang Al-Sultan Abdullah,  
Gambang, Malaysia*

Walton Wider

*Faculty of Business and Communications, INTI International University,  
Nilai, Malaysia, and*

Gabari Barry Amaka

*Faculty of Industrial Management, Universiti Malaysia Pahang Al-Sultan Abdullah,  
Gambang, Malaysia*

Received 23 October 2023  
Revised 25 December 2023  
Accepted 18 January 2024

## Abstract

**Purpose** – This study provide an in-depth review on the knowledge structure of green information technology (GIT) adoption and behavior. Environmental degradation has escalated even further with information and digital technology development. Researchers have come up with a new concept of GIT to dampen the carbon emission due to the excessive use of IT in today's everyday usage. A similar terminology, green information system (GIS), is a rather broad understanding of GIT, which relates to the environmental management system to improve operations in the organization and will be included in the scope of the study.

**Design/methodology/approach** – This study presents a science mapping analysis through a bibliometric review to explore emerging trends and predict future trends based on 293 publications in the Web of Science.

**Findings** – The bibliographic coupling analysis discovered five themes related to the theoretical foundation of GIT and the determinants of their adoption. The five themes are (1) theoretical foundation in GIT, (2) determinants of green IT and IS adoption, (3) fundamental of GIT and information science, (4) green technologies and green computing and (5) determinants of managers green IT adoption behavior. While co-word analysis presents the impact of GIT, driving performance and energy efficiency through the adoption of GIT producing four themes, (1) GIT acceptance through the theory of planned behavior, (2) impact of GIT's: strategies for sustainable implementation, (3) driving sustainable performance through green innovation in information systems and technology and (4) energy efficiency and sustainability in green computing and cloud computing.

**Research limitations/implications** – The finding is relevant to managers, researchers and stakeholders bounded by environmental responsibilities to mitigate its impact on the socioeconomic and environment through GIT adoption.

**Originality/value** – The contribution of this study is presenting an in-depth analysis of the knowledge structure through bibliometric analysis by providing network visualization on one of the crucial pro-environmental behavior.

**Keywords** Green information technology, Green information systems, Science mapping, Bibliometric review, Web of Science

**Paper type** Literature review

This research was supported by Universiti Malaysia Pahang Al-Sultan Abdullah Flagship Grant: Made in UMPA. UMPA Grant no. PDU213001-3 and Ministry of Higher Education Malaysia under the Fundamental Research Grant Scheme FRGS/1/2022/SS01/UMP/02/2 (UMPA Grant no. RDU220137).

*Consent to publish:* All authors reviewed the results and approved the final version of the manuscript.

*Competing interests:* Authors declare no competing interest.

*Availability of data and materials:* Data will be provided upon request.

