Work pressure in higher education: a state of the art bibliometric analysis on academic work-life balance

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Abstract

Purpose – The purpose of this study is to review the work–life balance (WLB) among academics. Academics are the pillars of higher education institutions' (HEIs) mission to provide quality education to students and the community, supporting socioeconomic development. Most academics today are overworked and overburdened with duties, forcing them to work longer hours on weekends and at odd hours. This eventually affects their work–life balance and causes boundary conflicts between work and personal life.

Design/methodology/approach – This study proposes a bibliometric analysis to investigate the underlying knowledge structure of this phenomenon by uncovering the past and present themes and predicting future trends of WLB in academia. This review adopts two analyses (bibliographic coupling and co-word analysis), presenting the knowledge structure network. A total of 307 journal publications were retrieved from the Web of Science (WoS) database, revealing significant clusters and themes.

Findings – Findings identified central themes, including the issue of women in academia, predictors and the impact of WLB in academia.

Research limitations/implications – Implications towards research and practice relevant to scholars and practitioners are discussed, particularly in balancing academics, professional work and personal life.

Originality/value – This study presents a state-of-the-art bibliometric analysis by uncovering the knowledge structure of academics' work–life balance in HEIs.

Keywords Work-life balance, Higher education institutions, Women academics, Bibliometric analysis, Web of science

Paper type Research paper

1. Introduction

Today, working around the clock from any place without regard to time or place is typical. Such is due to the increase in digital and communication technologies (i.e. smartphones and online teleconferencing) that have enabled this phenomenon (Johnston *et al.*, 2022). This blurring of "flexible working" and remote work has led to the issue of work–life balance (WLB) due to the inability to disengage between work and non-work domains (Prakash, 2018). WLB is one ability to balance work and non-work domains with family and personal



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